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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXII.—NO. 276. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1903—SIXTEEN PAGES. ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

CHICAGO CAN GET BIG CONVENTION.

Presentation of Substantial Evidence of $100,000 for Fund Will Carry Day with Committee.

NEEDS NO OTHER REASON.

Nation Confronted by Serious Problem in Matter of Millions to Pay for the Panama Canal.

NATIONAL CONVENTION.—Chicago assured of prize if committee is satisfied with city's guarantee of $100,000 toward campaign fund. Page 1.

PANAMA CANAL FUNDS.—Treasury department wrestling with problem of best way to supply needed millions. Page 1.

ILLINOIS GOVERNORSHIP.—Representative Fuller outspoken in his support of Col. Warner as best man for the place. Page 1.

[BY RAYMOND.]

Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Chicago can have the next republican national convention if it will agree to pay the price fixed upon by the national committee, which will approximate $100,000. This pledge must be made so as to be binding and must be in effect "good commercial paper."

It has been ascertained beyond a doubt that considerably more than a majority of the republican national committee is favorable to Chicago. This refers only to the question of facility, convenience, and general availability. On all these points Chicago has the case already won. The arguments before the national committee in regard to the claims of the different cities will be largely formal, and if the Chicago political associations expect to win they must get their financial pledges in such unassailable shape that the committee will be forced to look upon them as the next thing to actual cash.

Certified Checks Will Be Good.

Certified checks or notes of hand by responsible persons who have a mercantile rating and similar devices will be accepted, of course, in place of cartwheel dollars, but subscription lists and indefinite or conditional promises to pay will not be accepted.

With the majority in its favor on the question of availability the issue has been narrowed down to a financial one. It is said here that New York people will come into the meeting of the national committee with an overpowering array of financial assurances, and these are expected to be of a kind which will be good in any enterprising trust company. Eastern members of the committee admit the superior advantages of Chicago, but they propose to make their campaign hot on the supposed political advantage of holding a convention in New York city, and secondly they will endeavor to create in the minds of the national committee the impression that the Chicago delegation cannot "make good" in its offer of financial backing.

Two-Thirds of Committee Favorable.

In a preliminary canvass of the national committee, now completed, it is indicated that nearly two-thirds of the committee is favorable to Chicago. Practically all the western men, including Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, and the northwest, are lined up for Chicago. Several southern states have declared a similar preference. Pennsylvania will nominally be for Pittsburg and then for Chicago so far as general principles are concerned. Many members of the committee, however, have qualified their support by admitting that if there seems to be a political advantage in holding the convention in New York City they might vote for that place in preference to Chicago. All of them say they will insist upon a financial guarantee, and the figure quoted almost invariably is given at $100,000.

In 1900 the convention went to St. Louis because one or two members of the Chicago delegation were unwilling to put their names to a personal pledge guaranteeing the payment of the money. The same thing is likely to happen again unless the Chicago committee brings with it in a gripsack either the cold cash or its equivalent.

Canal Funds Are a Problem.

Much attention is being given by the treasury department to the problem of providing funds for the payment of the bonus to the Panama Canal company, to the republic of Panama, and to the republic of Colombia. The ultimate ratification of the treaty by the senate never has been much in doubt. There has been no time when there were not a number of democrats who would vote for such a treaty now exactly as they did last year. The only problem is the length of time required and the amount of talking Mr. Morgan and his friends will indulge in. There is a sentiment that the country will be satisfied if the treaty is ratified some time this spring so that the administration may go before the country and show that it is in earnest in declaring to build the canal.

The treasury has an abundance of money to pay the $40,000,000 to the canal company, $10,000,000 to the republic of Panama for a right of way, and as much more to Colombia for the loss of the republic of Panama itself. The only difficulty will be the possible bad effect upon the money market of withdrawing fifty or sixty millions from the national banks.

It would be a simple matter to issue bonds for this purpose, and that plan may be resorted to. Many of the republican leaders, however, are afraid the people might misunderstand this, and the democrats might assail the administration because it had issued bonds while at the same time it had plenty of money on deposit in the national banks.

The condition of the treasury is such now that this money either must be taken away from the banks or a bond issue authorized. It is said that while the democrats are divided over the actual canal treaty, they will be united against a bond issue and will seek to make this a political question.

New Pure Food Law Likely.

There are excellent prospects for the enactment by congress of a pure food law prohibiting the adulteration and misbranding of foods, drugs, and wines, as those interested in this legislation have practically harmonized their differences and expect to reach an agreement this week which will be satisfactory to all and remove the obstacles to action by congress.

Graeme Stewart and Frank H. Madden of Chicago, representing the commercial association, arrived in Washington tonight for the purpose of conferring with the executive committee of the state food commissioners with a view to drafting a bill which will meet the approval of all factions. Mr. Stewart has drafted one satisfactory to those he represents and the state food commissioners also have bills which represent their views.

(Continued on page 4, column 4.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1903.

THE WEATHER—
Fair and continued cold Wednesday and Thursday, brisk northwest winds.
Temperature, max., 26; min., 17.
Wind, N. E., max. 28.
Sunrise, 6:44; sunset, 4:28. Moonrise, 5:53 a. m.

CHICAGO STREET CAR STRIKE:—
End of walkout brought within sight by employés offer to abandon demand for "closed shop" if no discrimination against union is guaranteed; mayor and aldermanic committee conducting negotiations. Page 1.

Tieup of all transportation lines threatened at conference of carmen's union officials unless some demands are granted strikers; 6,870 members assessed. Page 2.

No law discovered by Corporation Counsel Tolman forbidding police escorts for street cars in preserving peace; Mayor Harrison's action justified. Page 2.

Eight cable trains operated in Cottage Grove and twenty-five trolley cars in Wentworth avenue without serious trouble; police reduced; passengers increased. Page 2.

WASHINGTON:—
Chicago can secure next national republican convention by paying $100 000 demanded by national committee; majority of latter favorable because of city's location; canal payments may cramp banks. Page 1.

Gen. Wood's administration in Cuba attacked in house by Mayor-elect McClellan of New York, who declared President Palma's rule costs $7,000,000 less yearly. Page 4.

Senator Dietrich, indicted at Omaha, Neb., on charge of accepting cash for appointments, will go there voluntarily for trial; persecution and politics charged by him. Page 4.

FOREIGN:—
San Domingo bombarded by insurgents and surrounded by 4,000 soldiers, under Pichards; general assault expected in few days; American ship fired upon. Page 5.

Leading London newspapers taking dubious view of American financial conditions; financiers accused of supporting market until they dispose of bonds. Page 5.

King Victor and Queen Helena of Italy dined at Windsor castle with King Edward and Queen Alexandra of England, after reaching Portsmouth at 10:40 a. m. Page 5.

Colombian commission's peace offer rejected by Panama; threat to coerce seceders made by commission on departing; conference held on U. S. ship Mayflower. Page 5.

Siberian revolt checked at Kramoyarski by arrest of forty persons by Russian officials; arrests made at Port Arthur. Page 5.

King Leopold of Belgium decided to visit St. Louis exposition. Page 5.

DOMESTIC:—
New York police asked by society dames at horse show to protect them from dressmakers, who follow them and make sketches of their Paris gowns. Page 1.

Secretary Shaw, in address at New York chamber of commerce banquet, declared merchant marine is sole unprotected industry and condition should be remedied. Page 8.

Senator Reed Smoot of Utah declared by national W. C. T. U. convention at Cincinnati, O., not to be loyal citizen; his exclusion from senate will be asked. Page 16.

Navigation between lakes Erie and Huron blocked by sinking of steel freighters W. L. Brown and S. S. Curry together on the Lime Kiln crossing channel. Page 7.

LOCAL:—
Abandonment of unfinished work in Chicago river and taking up of Calumet basin improvements will be proposed before drainage trustees today; opposition likely. Page 1.

Andrew Young, head of city health department's sanitary bureau for eleven years, removed by Commissioner Reynolds because of grafting among inspectors. Page 8.

Cold wave from northwest growing more severe and affecting entire country; mercury at midnight only seventeen degrees above zero, with five above predicted. Page 1.

Sea lion that escaped from Lincoln park seen off South Chicago; steel works employé who discovered it fell into river; Michigan towns also sighted it. Page 1.

County Treasurer Hanberg accused by board of education with holding back school funds to secure 3 per cent interest for himself; salary of attorney cut $1,000. Page 16.

POLITICAL:—
Letters from David Ross, secretary of Illinois labor bureau, published by John Felker to prove he was discharged for refusal to pay campaign assessment. Page 3.

Chicago republican precinct club elections last night broke large attendance records. Harry F. Johnson defeated for president in Fourteenth precinct of Seventh. Page 3.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—
United States Shipbuilding scandal will not be suppressed in spite of rumors; New York exchange committee considering inquiry into listing of its securities. Page 7.

Galleries cleared by President Samuel Gompers because of hisses when socialistic resolutions were reported unfavorably to Federation of Labor convention, Boston. Page 8.

Pennsylvania Trust company, Reading, subjected to run by depositors, who were paid on demand; Ireton (Ia.) private bank closed; Egan (S. D.) State bank closed. Page 8.

Charter of Chicago Railway Expressmen's union revoked by national organization because of disruption following former's strike; central body also in straits. Page 2.

Fifty-seven national banks organized in October; $971,000,000 added to capitalization of American railroads in 1901-2; $7,885,000 decrease in steel earnings predicted. Page 14.

December and May wheat closed 1½ and 1 cent higher, at 77⅝-⅞ on 40 per cent decrease in receipts under last Tuesday; December corn closed ¼ cent higher. Page 14.

Great Western railroad's Omaha-Chicago grain rate cut will be met by Northwestern and Burlington; New York Central's October earnings broke all records. Page 15.

Four parcels of land bought by United States government for turning basin in south branch of Chicago river. Page 16.

New York stock prices higher, with chief gains in Kansas City Southern, St. Louis Southwestern, and Sugar; $1,000,000 gold engaged for import. Page 15.

County Treasurer Hanberg enjoined by Judge Holdom, Chicago, from collecting taxes levied on National Insurance company of Hartford for 1902. Page 15.

Chicago cattle receipts yesterday, 10,000 head, with prices lowest in five years; hogs, 33,000, 10 cents lower; sheep, 20,000, 60 cents under Saturday. Page 14.

SPORTING:—
John A. Drake, Chicago turfman, in New York interview declared he is tired of notoriety and will not bet next year. Page 6.

Joe Grim and Hugo Kelly matched for Cook County Democracy windup Nov. 27. Page 6.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Finland	
AUCKLAND	Sierra	
LIVERPOOL		Sylvania.
LIZARD		Menominee.
MOVILLE	Ethiopia	
NEW YORK	Statendam	Syria.
NEW YORK	Oscar II	Sardegna.
NEW YORK	Hesperia	K. W. H.
NEW YORK	W. der Grosse	Armenian.
QUEENSTOWN	England	
QUEENSTOWN	Majestic	
SOUTHAMPTON		Deutschland.
YOKOHAMA	Emp. of Japan.	

MAY STOP WORK IN CHICAGO RIVER

Resolution to Be Pressed in Drainage Board Today to Attend First to Calumet District.

WILL BE HARD FOUGHT.

Conservative Trustees See Blunder in Rushing New Canal Before Finishing the Present Plans.

A resolution will be pressed before the sanitary district board today for the abandonment of the incompleted work in the Chicago river, in favor of taking up new work in the Calumet basin.

Twice already has the plan been broached at meetings of the engineering committee, and as often has it been halted by those trustees who declare that the board's first duty is to complete the Chicago river work, now in progress, before taking up any work in the Calumet or the Evanston district, which were annexed to the sanitary district by act of the legislature last spring. A few of those who originally stood with the conservatives are said to have shown signs of defection, and it was understood yesterday that the advocates of the immediate commencement of work in the Calumet basin expected to force the issue today.

Plan to Be Opposed.

Any such attempt will precipitate a fight. Those who oppose this transfer of the board's activities, if they cannot defeat the resolution at once, will seek a postponement of action, that more information of the needs of the Calumet district may be had. Given time, the conservatives believe they can convince a majority of the members of the board that to divert any portion of the funds of the district from the river improvement until that is completed would be folly.

The issue now before the engineering committee starts from a resolution introduced by Trustee A. J. Jones in July, in which the engineer was instructed to make surveys and furnish the board information as to the best means of improving the newly annexed Evanston and Calumet districts.

Report of Engineer Randolph.

For some reason Engineer Randolph has made no report on the Evanston district but has placed before the committee a letter in which he recommends the improvement of the Calumet district by a canal opening from the Calumet river west of Blue Island and connecting with the canal at the Sag, a distance of thirteen miles. He says this canal should have a maximum capacity of 238,000 cubic feet of water a minute and a minimum capacity of about 200,000, or sufficient drainage for a population of 1,250,000. The estimate of cost is placed by Mr. Randolph at approximately $11,500,000. The items in this estimate are: Bridges, $2,000,000; land purchases, $500,000; construction, $8,000,000 or $9,000,000.

Other information before the engineering committee and the board itself is the report of the expert commission made in July, 1900, in which a plan to use the old Illinois and Michigan canal feeder leading from the Calumet at a cost of about $4,000,000 was suggested as being sufficient for the sewerage needs of the Calumet district for eight years or more.

First Attempt Fails.

Shortly after the engineer's letter was received, those who are said to be attempting to "rush" the Calumet work, tried to have passed a resolution adopting the plan outlined by Mr. Randolph, and instructing the legal department to draft an ordinance covering that plan. The opposition to committing the board to any such policy developed so strongly that the resolution was not pressed. It was revived again before the engineering committee on Monday, and after a heated controversy was postponed until today.

The opposition is based on two grounds. One is that the board has not before it sufficient information to warrant it in committing itself to any one policy, and the other is that the board's first duty is to complete the Chicago river improvement before taking up new work. To take up this new work, it is argued, will necessitate the abandonment of the Chicago river work, and will also result in the abandonment of the Calumet improvements, for lack of money, before they are half done.

"Precipitate Haste," Says Wenter.

Trustee Frank Wenter, leader in the opposition to what he terms "precipitate haste" in undertaking the "greatest piece of work outside of the main canal," admitted during the day that unless the conservative trustees made a hard fight against it, the board would find itself in a position from which it would take years to recover. According to his statements, the board will have at its disposal for construction purposes, between now and the end of the fiscal year of 1905, between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000. Of this amount $4,000,000 can be derived from the sale of bonds before the board reaches its maximum of $20,000,000 fixed by the legislature in 1901, and the remainder is an estimate of the surplus of the money raised by taxation over the fixed expenses of the district.

"If the board concentrates its activities and its funds upon the work now under way in the Chicago river, the work will be completed and paid for in three years," said Mr. Wenter. "In that time the board will have at its disposal for this work between $5,000,000 and $8,000,000, and this will just about complete the Chicago river improvements, including the widening of the river to a 200 foot channel, and the construction of many of the bridges. Were it not for the fact that bridge construction is slow work, we could have all the bridges completed and paid for in that period.

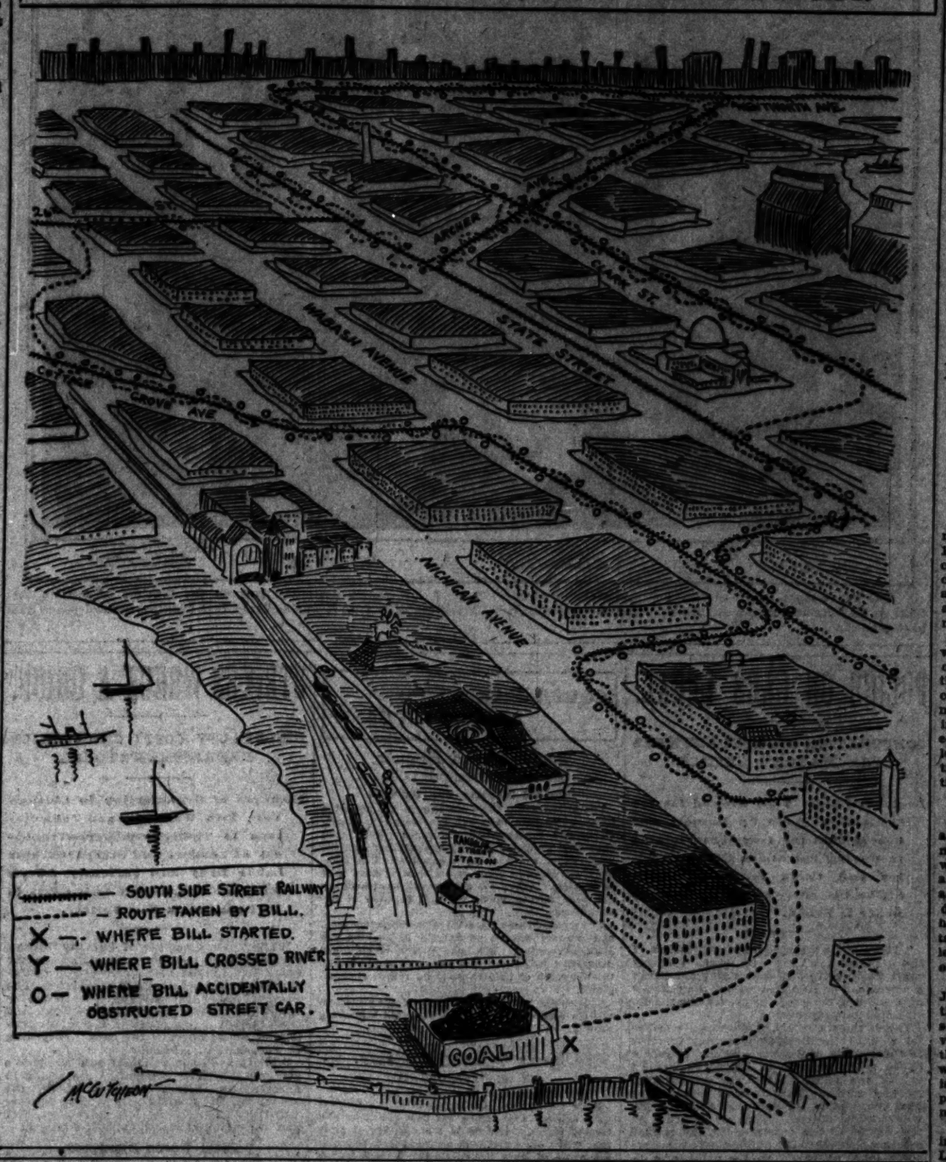
Would Nullify Work Now Done.

"To abandon the Chicago river work now, which would be necessary if we commence the Calumet work, will be to lose the results of much of the work already done. Roughly speaking, the work of widening the river channel is practically completed south of Eighteenth street, and between Madison and Lake streets. But the effect of this work will be lost if the channel is allowed to remain as it is between Madison and Eighteenth streets."

Must Wait, Says Carter.

"We cannot act on any plan for the Calumet improvement now," said Trustee Zina R. Carter. "That matter must wait until Engineer Randolph has had an opportunity to make a careful investigation of the needs of the district and can meet with the board and give it the benefit of such investigations."

HOW BILL TOCK A LOAD OF COAL TO THE NORTH SIDE.



BITTER COLD TODAY.

Record Breaking Temperature of 5 Above Zero Predicted.

HIGH WIND IS PROMISED, TOO

No Warmer Weather Is in Store for Chicago at Present.

Colder weather, with a temperature only five degrees above zero, and a high northwest wind that will make ulsters a luxury, is the weather man's pleasant forecast for Chicago today. The weather man has bought his winter overcoat, so he remarked quite nonchalantly that no warmer weather was in sight.

The cold wave in the northwest is increasing in intensity and is making its presence felt in all parts of the country. Snow flurries are probable in the lake region, but it is not likely that any snow will fall in Chicago or vicinity in the next forty-eight hours. It will be too cold.

Growing Colder All Day.

The cold wave struck Chicago shortly after midnight yesterday morning. The mercury kept dropping all day until at 7 o'clock in the evening it reached the minimum of 17 degrees above zero.

This was 15 degrees below normal, and, with a drop to 5 degrees above this morning, all records of temperature readings at this season will have been broken.

The wind rose slightly during the day, a maximum velocity of twenty-nine miles an hour being reported at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Boats Are Coated with Ice.

With ice incrusting their sails and covering their sides and decks the last big fleet of lumber schooners due at Chicago this year reached port during the day. Seldom have ships of the lumber fleet so felt the effects of wind and weather as yesterday's arrivals. A number of them flew canvas so covered with frozen spray that several hours were spent by the crew in stowing sail. Half a dozen steamers came in with free use of steam hose on the way up stream to clear their decks of ice.

Only the most hardy schooner captains will order their vessels out of Chicago again until spring. There is general belief among masters of lake craft that the weather will hold steadily cold, and the risks of navigation incident to the late season threaten to be multiplied on that account.

West and North Feel Wave.

Dispatches from the north and west indicate a widespread cold wave in those sections of the country. At Bloomington, Ill., the thermometer registered a drop of 40° in twenty-four hours.

The cold wave is general over the northwest, and at St. Paul the thermometer registered 6° above zero. The prediction is made for zero weather there today.

At Calumet, Mich., fully a foot of snow has fallen in the last eighteen hours.

At Omaha, Neb., it was 5 degrees above zero at 7 o'clock yesterday, and low temperature is general over Nebraska and western Iowa.

The wave swept over part of Missouri, Kansas, and the territories, the thermometer averaging 14 degrees above zero. Snow is reported in western Kansas.

At Des Moines, Ia., the mercury dropped 35 degrees in twenty-four hours, the weather bureau reporting 10 above zero.

COPY STYLE, RISK JAIL

New York Horse Show Invaded by Modistes from Harlem.

STEAL HINTS FROM PARIS.

Police Finally Ordered to Arrest Enterprising Offenders.

New York, Nov. 17.—[Special.]—The grand dames of the horse show are setting the styles for Harlem and other sections of New York wherein the Paris styles are always just a little behind the procession.

The members of the 400 who are noting as walking fashion plates are not doing it of their own free will. In fact, they are so annoyed by their popularity as mirrors of style that the police have been called upon to protect them from the horde of modistes and dressmakers who are making hay while the electric light shines.

Monday night each and every dress of distinction attracted a train of critical but sincere admirers. Each admirer had a sketch block and a pencil or a notebook and pencil. Those artistically inclined trailed along sketching as rapidly as possible the Parisian creations in front of them. Those who could not draw made notes. All of them made comments.

Dressmakers in Swarm.

No less than 100 dressmakers, male and female, were busy on Monday night "getting the latest fashions from Paris, the creations of Worth, Paquin, Doucet." Not only did they execute processional and recessional figures, but they hung around and over boxes until the women under scrutiny were forced to appeal to the management for protection. The style "copyists" were given a gentle hint to withdraw, and as by this time they had spotted everything they did it without much show of resistance.

Tonight, however, they were back in full force. When any well known social woman alighted at the Madison street entrance to the garden the seekers after information immediately formed in line, and as she promenaded down the amphitheater they played the game of "follow the leader."

Police Are Called In.

The police then interfered and instructions were issued to arrest any man or woman annoying visitors in this way, and prefer a charge of assault against them.

"These dressmakers," explained a well known tailor, "are from the east and west sides and from Harlem. They cannot get a line on the styles promoted by the swell Fifth avenue dressmakers except at the horse show, so they come here looking for points. It is safe to say they reproduce them later for the benefit of their patrons, and that they will be well paid for their trouble."

TAKES AMERICA AS MODEL.

French Senator Uses United States as Argument Against Government Monopoly of Schools.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—The senate today continued the debate on legislation concerning education by the congregations. M. Clemenceau insisted that a state monopoly of educational institutions was absolutely inconsistent with the principles of liberty. The maintenance of the rights won by the revolution was only possible through the exercise of liberty, said the senator, who added: "When you have turned automatons upon the nation, free countries like the United States, full of initiative, where free schools flourish so admirably, will conquer the world."

'BIG BEN" KEPT BUSY

Escaped Sea Lion Appears and Vanishes Like Airship.

SIGHTED IN EIGHT PLACES

South Chicago, Waukegan, and St. Joe Hear of Wanderer.

"Big Ben," the sea lion which escaped on Monday from the Lincoln Park zoo, spent the greater part of its second day of freedom in swimming off the lake shore near South Chicago. Its joyous bark was heard near the lighthouse and the plant of the Illinois Steel company. Just before dark the animal was seen near the mouth of the Calumet river, and an attempt to catch him resulted in disaster.

"As long as the fugitive stays in the water there's no chance of capturing it," said Animal Keeper Cy De Vry. "It's too slippery. If 'Big Ben' made for the land it might be possible to lasso it, but the animal is not fool enough for that. If I got within ten feet of the lion I'm sure it would follow me. That sea lion can pick me out from among a thousand people."

Tries to Board a Tug.

The sea lion in the evening attempted to board the dredge tug Mentor, two miles off South Chicago. Charles Kimball, fireman on the tug, was standing in the door of the fireroom when the lion came into view over the rail. He jumped back and fell seven feet into the hold, suffering bruises on the head and shoulder. The sea lion stuck its flippers over the tug rail and hung on for a few seconds. Then Capt. McGregor seized a rope to lasso the animal, but he frightened it away.

"Big Ben's" break for liberty is attributed to the migratory instincts of the species, as sea lions travel at this season. For several days the animal's restlessness had been noticed by the keepers at the zoo. It finally climbed a three foot fence and made its way for 200 yards to the lake. Another sea lion escaped from winter quarters at the park twelve years ago, and was shot near Milwaukee. "Big Ben" came from California, weighs 600 pounds, and is valued at $200.

Scared Away from St. Joe.

St. Joseph, Mich., Nov. 17.—A large sea lion swam into St. Joseph river this morning, but went rapidly back into the lake again when it found what town it was approaching and when it saw the county clerk on the bridge offering a cut rate marriage license.

Has Battle in South Haven.

South Haven, Mich., Nov. 17.—Great excitement ensued when the escaped sea lion appeared in our midst. It arrived early this morning and the town first heard of it when it became engaged in a fearful fight with a blind pig. The druggist who owns the pig came to its rescue and beat the sea monster off with a social club.

In Harbor at Holland.

Holland, Mich., Nov. 17.—What first was thought to be a sea serpent appeared at the harbor mouth at noon, but its familiar yells soon discovered it to be nothing less than Benjamin, the escaped sea lion from Lincoln Park. It had come here seeking an engagement at a summer hotel, and had got its dates mixed.

Clears Port at Wrukegan.

Waukegan, Ill., Nov. 17.—Big Ben, drawing two feet six inches of water, entered the harbor at 6:15 a. m. He cleared at 10:30 p. m. and passed up the lake in ballast, bound for Manitowoc, where he will dock for repairs. His port light is in mourning.

SIGNS OF PEACE, THEN THREAT OF GENERAL STRIKE

Mayor Calls Conferences and Street Car Unions Conditionally Yield "Closed Shop" Demand.

LATER SEEM TO FEAR.

Leaders Meet in Evening and Pass on Work of Day by Step Toward Sympathetic Walkout.

Peace in the City railway struggle seemed nearer at hand yesterday afternoon and until 10 o'clock at night. The striking employés conditionally abandoned their demand for a closed shop, and Mayor Harrison and the aldermanic mediation committee nourished a hope that cars without police might be running within two days.

Then, late at night, came new sounds of war. President Mahon met the head officers of the various Chicago car men's unions and the sentiment prevailed that if peace should come out of the city hall conference it would mean practically a labor surrender. Accordingly, it was given out at midnight, as reported elsewhere in this paper, that rather than lose the strike completely the unions "will tie up the transportation facilities of the entire city."

Work of Mayor's Committee.

Yet the three hours of the session of the aldermanic committee, during which the mayor and the council members conferred with both employer and employés' representatives, were productive of peace signs. It is admitted that these hopes are based on foundations which are not firm, and a slight hitch in the negotiations which are to be taken up again at 10 o'clock this morning may leave the situation unchanged or changed only for the worse.

After the conference was ended ex-Judge William Prentiss, attorney for the strikers, declared the "closed shop" contention would not be pressed provided the union men received a guarantee that no discrimination would be shown toward their organization or its members. It is this concession that offers promise of peace and suggests a chance that the claims may yet be submitted to arbitration.

The company's officials were not so yielding. Their position was to "stand pat." Leaving out the "closed" or "open" shop matter, they declared the wage question had already been submitted to arbitration. The mayor and aldermen hope they will yet be brought to arbitration.

Plan to Open Three More Lines.

The company last night effected plans for opening up three more of its trunk lines before the close of the week. The general plan of procedure drawn up by the police and the management provides for the starting of the Indiana avenue electric cars today, the Halsted street tomorrow, and the State street cable trains on Friday.

Passengers have begun to take the Wentworth avenue cars in such large numbers that the police no longer fear riots along this right of way. Within a few days a similar condition is expected in Cottage Grove avenue, which was opened up yesterday. Little or no trouble is looked for in Indiana avenue, but the management of the company dreads the effect of sending out cars in Halsted and State streets.

Mayor Tells of Progress.

The chief development of the afternoon was the double conference in the city hall. Its results were summarized as follows by Mayor Harrison:

"Some progress has been made. It has not gone far enough to determine whether or not it will be successful. A hitch may throw everything back. I was agreeably disappointed in the attitude of both sides and feel that they are nearer a termination of the strike than I had any reason to think they could be."

"The company and the men are 80 per cent nearer a settlement than they were this morning," said one of the aldermen. "They are 40 per cent nearer than we thought they could be possibly."

"It depends on the company," said Attorney Prentiss. "The men have shown the mayor and the company that they want a settlement and will do everything reasonable to secure one. Cars may be running tomorrow afternoon if the company will meet them fairly."

Council Committee Named.

In the morning Mayor Harrison took immediate action under the resolution passed by the city council on Monday night instructing him to use his best efforts to bring the company and its men to submit their disputes to arbitration. He appointed a committee consisting of Ald. Palmer, Jackson, Finn, Eidmann, Scully, Ruxton, Maypole, and Bradley, notifying them to be at his office at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

A letter was sent then to President Hamilton of the company, setting forth the resolution of the council and naming the aldermen who had been appointed.

"These gentlemen will be in my office this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock," wrote the mayor, "at which hour I would request your presence, together with such representatives of your company as you may desire to have accompany you."

Call for Conference Issued.

President Hamilton's reply was sent back immediately, and he announced that he would meet the mayor and aldermen. The committee met at 3 o'clock, and the company's representatives came at 3:30. Aside from President Hamilton there were present Vice President Joseph Leiter and General Counsel E. Raymond Bliss for the company.

Statement by Attorney Bliss.

Mr. Bliss submitted a statement of facts which covered the situation from the origin of the union among the company's men until the present strike. It was not an argument, but was presented merely as a statement of facts.

The aldermen asked questions of the street car men in order to acquaint themselves with the phases of the strike and its issues and then approach the subject of concessions.

It was then stated definitely by the street railway men that the "closed shop" question would not be submitted to arbitration, and that the wage question had been already arbitrated. It was intimated rather strongly that no concession would be made on these two questions. As to the question of schedules the company seemed more yielding.

Immediately after the company's officials

had retired, Attorneys Prentiss and C. S. Darrow and National President W. D. Mahon of the street railway employés, who had been waiting in an ante room, were admitted into the presence of the mayor and aldermen.

The committee was told that the men belonging to the union had been discriminated against, and that they had been persecuted by General Manager McCulloch. It was denied that the wage scale had been arbitrated—or it was insisted that the agreement reached at the last arbitration had expired.

The hardships caused to the men by what were called "inefficient and awkward operating schedules" were explained.

The concession which the men were willing to make was also explained. It was announced that they would not insist on a "closed shop" if they could be secured against discrimination. This, it was said, they wanted in the form of a cast iron contract.

Decide on Conference Today.

At the conclusion of this second conference the aldermen held a short session and decided to lay these propositions of the men before the company representatives again this morning.

"It has been explained to the committee," said Mr. Prentiss, "that the only reason the men have demanded the closed shop is to prevent the discrimination against union employés. General Manager McCulloch has persecuted the union in every way possible, and it was to stop this as much as anything that the strike was called.

"If the men can be assured of no discrimination against them because they belong to the union, and if this can be made in the form of a contract, the demand for a closed shop will be waived.

"The wage question should be submitted to arbitration. The contract which was based on the finding of the former arbitration board expired on Sept. 30. The men are not under any agreement at present and the wages question should be submitted.

"The other point submitted to the committee was that of schedules. It was shown that the men on the south side work under time tables which subject them to hardships not encountered by men on the north and west sides. These hardships are unnecessary and could be be removed by a revision of the schedules. The men feel that this hardship should be removed and that the company should be willing to submit the question to arbitration.

"It is now in the hands of the company. If it will meet these requests fairly cars can be running on the south side lines this afternoon."

Mahon Awaiting Meeting Today.

President Mahon, speaking of the conference, said:

"We assured the committee that we are ready to submit our case to arbitration or are willing to meet the company in connection with the committee, letting the mayor and committee act as mediators. We expect to be called again by the committee tomorrow and have called our local executive board to meet at the Briggs house at 10 o'clock in the morning to take up negotiations whenever the mayor and committee are ready for us.

"Unionization of the plant has not been a question in the controversy. What the men are seeking is to protect the union from discrimination and persecution."

Quiet a Surprise to Strikers.

The ease with which the police guarded the cars that went out yesterday on Wentworth and Cottage Grove avenues was a surprise to the strikers. They were disappointed at the apparent lack of enthusiasm in the crowds that gathered at the storm centers along the lines. Those who congregated at the union headquarters hourly expected to hear of a demonstration, and, when it did not come, openly expressed their disappointment.

This change of attitude among the street sympathizers forced the pickets to centralize their efforts on the various power houses and barns where nonunion men are housed.

Try to Shut Off Supplies.

Wagons that approached, laden with food and bedding for the workers, were either turned back or tipped over. When they carried employés they were made the objects of attacks and several serious assaults resulted.

Treasurer Charles Pennington of the company, now head of its commissary, tried hard to head off the attack of the teamsters. He had breadstuffs and meat rushed into the barns as fast as possible. A large number of cooks were set to work preparing food that will last for several days. He made preparations for a continued fight.

Two Hundred Watchmen Employed.

The company employed 200 watchmen to guard its electric and trolley wires. These men will be distributed at various points along the Wentworth and Indiana avenue lines to prevent the strikers from tampering with the power.

The men were hired through an advertisement asking for 600 watchmen at least 5 feet 9 inches tall. The first 200 that appeared were employed. All were informed of the work expected and none refused to accept the positions. Others will be taken on as necessity demands until the entire system is closely watched. The company fears the cutting of wires, the spiking of switches, and the loosening of rails, and all such cases the watchmen are expected to report to the repair department.

Licenses of New Engineers.

The stationary engineers who walked out last week appeared before the board of examining engineers and protested against the importation of men by the company. City Inspector J. J. Delaney was sent out to investigate. After a trip about the four power plants he visited General Manager McCulloch.

"I find a few technical violations of the law," he said to the manager, "but they are of minor importance."

"I will remedy them as soon as you notify me of what they are," came the reply.

Delaney found that at Twentieth and Dearborn streets and at Fifty-fifth street and Cottage Grove avenue the engineers did not strike. At Fifty-second and State streets he found that the engineer who went on duty at 8:30 a. m. held a license that was canceled in March. The man proved to be competent and was told he would have to have his permit renewed. The engineer who was to report at 3 p. m. holds a license, but not to work at that plant.

An investigation at Forty-ninth street and Oakley avenue developed the fact that the two engineers there hold city licenses, but not for that power house. They were told to get transfers and all promised to do so. The lack of a transfer does not violate the law, but does break a rule of the board which has been in force since its inception.

State Board Makes an Effort.

The state board of arbitration made another attempt to intercede. Early in the day Attorney Bliss of the company replied to its request of last week that the railway accept the services as mediator. The letter read as follows:

"I have been endeavoring for the last day or two to prepare for your information a history of the dealings of the Chicago City railway company with its men for the last year, so that you might be fully informed as to the present position of the company; but on account of a rush of detail work it has been impossible for me to get together all the data required, which I will do at my earliest convenience.

"As to the matter of a submission of the demands made upon this company to your board, I gave you, in a general way, the reasons why this could not be done. I am perfectly willing at any time to repeat them before your board if you so desire."

Mayor Replies to Federation.

On Monday the Chicago Federation of Labor executive board requested Mayor Harrison to insist that the company submit the differences with its employés to arbitration. In reply the mayor said he had no power, but quoted from his message of 1901 to the council, in part as follows:

"'The public has so vital and absorbing an interest in the character of service given by a traction company, as well as in the guaranty of an uninterrupted service, that in the consideration of an extension ordinance careful attention should be given to the relationship of the corporation to its employés.

"'Whether the municipality should go so far as to establish a uniform scale of wages and a maximum time for the working day are points urged by union labor, but still open to doubt. They should certainly be discussed in all their bearings before the final decision is reached. Some safeguards should be thrown around the employé. In protecting the employé, in fact, we are protecting the public."

MEDIATION COMMITTEE WHICH HELD A CONFERENCE YESTERDAY AND MADE SOME PROGRESS TOWARD SETTLING THE CAR STRIKE.

[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

The above eight members of the city council, in conjunction with the mayor, yesterday took up the problem of settling the Chicago City railway street car strike. After a conference held during the afternoon it was declared that progress toward peace had been made.

POLICE ON CARS LEGAL.

CORPORATION COUNSEL ANSWERS THE MAYOR'S CRITICS.

Declares There Is No Ground for the Contention Made by Darrow and Others That the Law Was Violated in Having Patrolmen Ride on Trolley and Cable Trains to Check Strike Disorder—Authority to Keep Order Is Broad.

"There is no statute, nor any principle of the common law, nor any decision of any court holding that the police may not escort a street car or ride thereon for the purpose of preserving the peace or preventing the destruction of property."

This is the statement of Corporation Counsel E. B. Tolman, made yesterday in reply to the request of the city council. It is held to be a justification of Mayor Harrison's use of the police force in the present City railway strike. Maj. Tolman would have held the opinion for delivery to the council, which asked it, but the mayor judged from the words of the aldermen at the council meeting that there is a public desire to secure some legal authority on the point, and directed that the opinion be given out.

Law Is Plain, Tolman Declares.

In the course of the opinion Maj. Tolman says:

"The mere reading of quotations from the statutes of this state suffices without further argument to demonstrate that the mayor not only has the power but that it is his duty to use all reasonable means for the preservation of the peace, and to prevent the destruction of property, and for this purpose to make any lawful use of the police force in the preservation of the peace and the protection of property which will conduce to the accomplishment of that end.

"If, for the discharge of the mayor's duty to preserve the peace and protect property, he deems it necessary to put the police force on street cars operating upon the public streets, the existence of the necessity affords him a power as broad as the need."

What the Mayor's Powers Are.

The opinion cites chapter 24, article 11, of the Illinois statutes, from which he quotes:

"The mayor may exercise, within the city limits, the powers conferred upon sheriffs to suppress disorder and keep the peace.

"He shall have the power, when necessary, to call on every male inhabitant of the city, over the age of 18 years, to aid in enforcing the laws and ordinances, and to call out the militia to aid in suppressing riots and other disorderly conduct or carrying into effect any law or ordinance, subject to the authority of the governor as commander-in-chief of the militia."

Quotes the Law on Riots.

The opinion then goes on to quote from the statutes regarding the powers of sheriffs and other public officials, and also the oath prescribed for municipal officers. Then it quotes chapter 38 of the revised statutes as follows:

"When twelve or more persons, any of them armed with clubs or dangerous weapons, or thirty or more armed or unarmed, are unlawfully, riotously, or tumultuously assembled in any city, village, or town, it shall be the duty of the each municipal officers . . . . to go among the persons so assembled or as near to them as they can safely go, and in the name of the state command them immediately and peaceably to disperse, and if they do not obey such officers shall command the assistance of all persons present in arresting and securing the persons so unlawfully assembled, and every person refusing to disperse or assist as aforesaid shall be deemed one of such unlawful assembly and shall be fined in not exceeding $500 and confined in the county jail not exceeding one year, and each such officer having notice of such unlawful assembly and refusing or neglecting to do his duty in relation thereto, as aforesaid shall be fined not exceeding $200.

City Liable for Mob Damages.

"That whenever any building or other real or personal property, except property in transit, shall be destroyed or injured in consequence of any mob or riot composed of twelve or more persons, the city . . . shall be liable by or in behalf of the party whose property was thus destroyed or injured for three-fourths of the damages sustained by reason thereof.

"It shall be the duty of every sheriff, . . . policeman, or other officer of any incorporate city . . . having power of a sheriff or constable . . . to suppress all riots and unlawful assemblies, and to keep the peace.

"The constitutionality of next to the last section quoted," Maj. Tolman adds, "was sustained by the Supreme court of Illinois in the case of the city of Chicago vs. Manhattan Cement company."

CABLE AND TROLLEY CARS RUN.

Little Hindrance in Cottage Grove or Wentworth Avenue—A Few Missiles Thrown.

Five cable trains, each consisting of a grip car and a trailer, were operated on the Cottage Grove avenue line yesterday and with less trouble than usually is experienced when there is no strike in progress.

In Wentworth avenue also, though the guard of policemen was reduced to 300, twenty-five trolley cars were operated without any difficulty.

The first cable train started north from the barns at Thirty-eighth street and Cottage Grove avenue at 9:45 in the morning. Joseph Vitatoe, who for twenty-four years has been an employé of the company, was the conductor and J. A. Weatherwax, brother of the foreman of the Wentworth avenue barns, was the gripman. From Thirty-ninth street to Madison 400 policemen formed a line on either side of the street.

Near Congress street a horseshoe was thrown from an upper window, but it did not strike the car, and the police regarded it more as an omen of good luck than otherwise. This was the only sign of a demonstration during the trip uptown. No unusual incident marked the run from Madison street to Jackson park, and back to the barn.

Eight Trains in Afternoon.

The cars arrived at the barns before noon, and at 1:15 o'clock a string of eight cable trains was started downtown. They started together, but during the afternoon it became apparent that no trouble was likely to occur, and they were allowed to run five minutes apart. The first arrest was not made until nearly 3 o'clock, when a man was locked up for jeering. Several other arrests were made of teamsters who blocked the tracks and men who shouted abusive epithets.

While the trains were running north in the afternoon a piece of paving stone weighing over twenty pounds was thrown from the top of the building at 5014 Cottage Grove avenue and crashed through the roof of a grip car. No one was injured, and, although the police made a search for the person who threw the stone, he escaped. The cars were run in to the barn at 4:30 p. m.

Peace in Wentworth Avenue.

Frank Curry's car, with Capt. Shippy and five patrolmen on board, left the Seventy-seventh street barns at 8:40 and proceeded north, followed at intervals of five minutes by the twenty-four other Wentworth avenue trolley cars. The first car made the entire trip without event, except that Curry was often obliged to leave his car and set switches which had been spiked during the night. At Harrison street a negro teamster, while attempting to turn his coal wagon, wrenched the vehicle so that the axle broke and dumped six tons of coal on the track. All the cars were delayed for some minutes. The police at first thought the blockade was intentional, but when they saw the teamster, aided by a few union men, toil at reloading the six tons they thought he had been punished enough for his carelessness.

The only other long delay was caused by the accidental breakdown of a Manhattan brewery wagon at Sixteenth street.

A torpedo exploding under a car passing Forty-sixth street at 9 a. m. gave rise to the report that a shot had been fired at the car. Similarly it was reported that the third car was struck by a bullet fired from an alley south of Twenty-third street. Though the police hastened to the spot from which the explosion was heard they found no trace of any person who might have done the shooting. Capt. Shippy thought the noise was caused by the explosion of a firecracker thrown from a near by house.

More Passengers in Cars.

All through the day an average of some twenty fares was rung up on each trip, being an increase over the day before. Women and children rode without fear, and so satisfactory was the day to the company that in addition to the three trips originally planned five cars made an extra round trip.

Many men rode to the barns seeking work. Eleven arriving on the first car were "broken in" during the day. Curry and others of the more experienced had new men beside them all day. A number of men who had weathered the St. Louis car strike reported for work and were promised positions, and also a few of the trolley men from Brooklyn got work under Supt. Weatherwax.

COMPANY HOPEFUL; MEN STATE CASE.

Satisfied With Progress.

BY ROBERT M'CULLOCH,
General Manager City Railway.

There has been little change in the situation today. The cars were run successfully in Wentworth and Cottage Grove avenues. They have been well protected, and we are satisfied with the way events are shaping themselves. The company will move as many cars and on as many lines as possible. When other lines will be opened has not been agreed upon, for that depends on circumstances.

The power houses are filled with competent men, and we are having no trouble in keeping the engines running. We have plenty of trainmen ready to take out our cars and run them properly. On the score of help there is no reason for complaint.

The public is taking our view of the situation, and the feeling that we are in the right is growing rapidly.

Objects to Long Workday.

BY M. C. BUCKLEY,
President of the local car men.

It is stated that the employés of the Chicago City railway are among the best paid and best treated railway workers in the country. I reply that when our conditions are compared, so far as the hours of labor are concerned, I think we are among the worst treated railway employés in the country.

In the great majority of cities the street car employés have only a nine and ten hour work day and that day's work is completed inside of twelve consecutive hours. It takes our men working on "common trippers" from fifteen to nineteen hours to put in a day's work of ten hours. Almost one-third of the other 50 per cent of runs are "day trippers," and to put in a day's work of ten hours takes from thirteen to sixteen hours. That leaves one-sixth of the runs as day runs. In other cities the trips are divided into day and night runs.

We have asked, and been refused, a change of that condition. We have asked the company to make one-fourth of the runs straight day runs, to be completed in as near eleven hours as possible. We have asked that another one-fourth of the runs be "day trippers," to be completed inside of twelve hours, instead of taking from thirteen to sixteen hours. We have offered the company fifteen hours for "common trippers."

In presenting our demands on the question of hours, we knew from experience that they could be made to conform to our requests.

Eight Hours Is Enough.

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Eight Hours Is Enough.

STRIKES WRECK A UNION.

DISLOYALTY COSTS CHARTER OF EXPRESSMEN'S LOCAL.

Members of Organization in Chicago Vote Two Walkouts and Then Return to Their Employers—Treachery of Leaders and Others Disrupts Labor Body and Seriously Affects National Board—Men Still Loyal to Be Included in New Society.

While union employés of the City railway company have been on their strike another union has almost been destroyed in consequence of strikes called and threatened. The Brotherhood of Railway Expressmen has revoked the charter of its Chicago local, and the national organization is in straits. Disloyalty of members is the cause, according to President F. E. Modle.

"These are days of trial," said Mr. Modle yesterday. "The companies are acting in harmony in their struggle to destroy the union, and the members are proving traitors when any battle is on. Still, I trust we shall pull through and regain our lost strength.

Local Union Disrupted.

"I revoked the charter of the Chicago local because it was disrupted. After the demands had been made on the United States company, the corporation on which the test was to be made, the leaders of the union went over to the company. These men have been expelled. The loyal expressmen have been given cards, which will entitle them to membership in the new local when it shall be formed.

"The conditions by which we lost the strike against the Pacific Express company were even worse. For a few days the men held firm. Then some of the strikers became too friendly to the officials of the company, and soon they deserted and went back to work. Others followed, and we had to declare the strike off."

Drops from 10,000 Members.

The Brotherhood of Expressmen had a membership a few months ago of nearly 10,000, scattered through sixteen of the central states. The members are clerks and railroad messengers in the employ of the express companies. In Chicago the local had more than 500 men so recently as the middle of the summer.

As soon as the negotiations with the companies failed there were large withdrawals here, and the same results followed the strike on the Pacific company and the extended efforts made for wage increases and recognition from many companies. The union is said to have been conducted conservatively and without suspicion of maladministration, but the class of men in it have not proved good material for a labor organization.

PUPILS CALL A STRIKE WHEN TEACHER TAKES CAR.

Score of Youths at Hendricks School Declare They Will Not Return Until Miss Stodder Stops Riding.

"We will not come back to school until our teacher stops riding on 'nonunion cars.'"

This declaration was made yesterday afternoon by several boys attending eighth grade classes in the Hendricks school, Forty-third street and Shields avenue. Some later qualified their words by adding:

"We will not come until our fathers whip us all the way to school."

The trouble started when Mrs. Ida M. Stodder began riding to school on the Wentworth avenue cars. This brought an indignation meeting after school, and these boys announced the beginning of a sympathetic strike:

John Breen, 14 years old, 4162 Fifth avenue.
Victor MacVeagh, 15 years old, 324 Forty-third street.
Thomas Mahoney, 13 years old, 352 Forty-third street.
Frank Londigan, 4246 Princeton avenue.
John McCaffery, 14 years old, 350 Forty-third street.

"Miss Stodder came to school in a Wentworth avenue car this morning," said Mahoney, "while the other teachers used a bus. I circulated a paper among the other boys in the room, and they signed their names to it, agreeing to strike until she promises to quit riding on the cars. If she does not make the promise I know the boys will stay away."

HORTON ASSAILS LABOR TRUST.

Former Judge Arraigns Unions Which Will Not Allow Man to Work for Family.

"It is hard to think of a stronger trust than the labor trust—one which will not allow a faithful, honest man to work that his family may have bread, and fuel, and clothing. Any trust that denies this is un-American, un-Christian, and undemocratic."

Former Judge Oliver H. Horton thus arraigned radical trades unions last evening at a banquet given by the Chicago Methodist Social union at the Auditorium. Applause showed the sentiment met approval. Mr. Horton spoke on "The Relation of the Church to Trusts," and found an object lesson in the strike on the lines of the Chicago City railway company.

"I have not gone into the merits of this strike," he said. "If there are wrongs they should be righted, but to force honest workingmen and girls to walk is not the way to right them.

"A trust is a monopoly. Labor may be just as strong a trust as money. It has as much right to combine as money, but right must prevail or the country will fall."

LEADERS DISCUSS GENERAL STRIKE.

Resolve to Try It Rather than Yield All Points to the City Railway.

MAKE DEMAND ON MAYOR.

Call on Him to Force the Company to Arbitrate Differences at Once.

The officials of all the carmen's unions in Chicago met last night to discuss the strike situation. They expressed hopes of results from the city hall mediation, but were fearful they would have to give in on all the points to the City railway in order to effect peace.

They declared they would not make all the concessions, and said that rather than lose the strike entirely they would try to tie up the transportation facilities of the entire city in the hope of arousing public sentiment to demand arbitration.

Before any such drastic action is undertaken, they intend to appeal to Mayor Harrison "to force" the City railway to agree to leave the points at issue in the strike to a board of disinterested parties. Should he refuse, a massmeeting will be called to start a general strike.

Assessment to Aid Strikers.

The presidents and financial secretaries of the various divisions gathered in the headquarters of President W. D. Mahon of the international association at the Briggs House. They took up the situation on the south side and agreed to support the strikers as far as possible. The first step taken was to assess each member in Chicago—and there are 6,870 outside of the strikers—$1.25 a week so long as the struggle lasts. The assessment resolution reads as follows:

We, the representatives of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employés of America, of Chicago and the vicinity, take this means of informing you that we have indorsed your strike and will recommend to our divisions at special meetings to be called immediately that each and every member be assessed $1.25 a week to financially assist you as long as your strike continues.

Division 241—Union Traction.
Division 308—Elevated.
Division 268—South Chicago City.
Division 273—Chicago Electric Tractice
Division 318—Shop and and shed men.
Division 296—Calumet Electric.
Division 270—Chicago General.
Division 316—Suburban.

The resolution dealing with the possibilities of a general strike is guarded in its terms. It follows:

"Be it resolved, That a committee of five be appointed from this joint meeting of the division of the Amalgamated association to wait upon the mayor and urge him to use his good offices either to bring about a settlement or to force the Chicago City railway company to submit to arbitration, and, in the event of this being successful, there shall immediately be called a meeting of each and every division of the association to consider what action shall be taken to protect the interests of our entire movement."

Small consideration was given at the meeting to the three hours' work the mayor had been doing in the afternoon toward arbitration, but it was admitted that some hope lay in that quarter.

Other Systems Unionized.

The union leaders claim that Chicago is now the best organized street railway city in the world. All the traction systems, save the South Side elevated, are practically unionized.

The sentiment in favor of a general strike was voiced in the daily paper that is issued in the interests of the strikers, known as the Union Leader. In it G. H. Shoaf, the organizer of the striking division, has this to say:

"What is the labor movement going to do to help this regiment of railway men fight the cohorts of capitalism? Pass a few resolutions of indorsement? Appropriate a few cents per capita a week? If that is all, then the strikers may as well abandon their union now and return to their former days of wage slavery.

"What, then, should Chicago trade unionism do at once to help division 260 win the present strike? Every trade union organization in this city should immediately declare a sympathetic strike!"

POLICE STOP STRIKE PARADE.

Break Up Demonstration in Wentworth Avenue and Make 12 Arrests—Violence Reported.

Street car strikers and their sympathizers organized a parade in Wentworth avenue late yesterday afternoon that came in conflict with the police before a block had been traversed. When the smoke of battle cleared away twelve of the marchers were prisoners and their banners were in the dust.

"We'll walk" was the motto displayed on the banners carried by the hundreds of men who formed in line. Led by a striker who beat time with a tin wash boiler, the crowd marched past the car barn. In the line were flags and other banners suggestive of union sentiment, as follows:

WE WERE REFUSED OUR RIGHTS.
LET US ALL WALK.
WE WILL STICK.
WE WANT JUSTICE.

With constantly growing forces the line swept on until Capt. Shippy was in Wentworth avenue when encountered. He ordered the crowd to disperse. The men kept on, however, until a score of patrolmen and detectives closed in upon the procession.

When the order to arrest them was given by Capt. Shippy the members of the procession threw down their banners and fled. Twelve were caught.

Late in the afternoon a crowd of 400 strike sympathizers surrounded a wagon containing provisions for nonunion employés stationed at the Archer avenue car barns. After hurling sticks and stones at the teamsters the crowd overturned the wagon. The harness was cut and the horses liberated. Packages containing sugar, coffee, and potatoes were hurled at the two teamsters, who fled.

When the police arrived the crowd had gathered about the wrecked wagon in Pitney court, cheering loudly. It was reported that a man had been shot, but this proved incorrect.

TRACTION CASE AT STANDSTILL

Judge Grosscup's Absence Delays Action on Permits—Harding Asks Receiver for City Railway.

Judge Grosscup's absence from Chicago prevented any action yesterday in the Union Traction permit cases. The receivers will await his return before making their next move. Meanwhile the council committee on transportation, meeting tomorrow, expects to consider John S. Miller's suggestion that permits be granted pending a decision as to the rights of the company.

It is not known how long Judge Grosscup will be gone. He was called to St. Paul on account of the illness of a nephew.

George F. Harding Jr. broke into the traction situation yesterday by filing a supplemental bill asking that a receiver be appointed for the Chicago City railway company on account of the strike, and asking that the Union Traction company be compelled to give and accept transfers to and from the south side lines. He also wants the Union Traction company to lower the tunnels and prays that the city be enjoined from renewing any existing franchises except upon suitable money compensation.

VERY LOW HOMESEEKERS' RATES Via the Wabash.

Nov. 24 the Wabash will sell excursion tickets from Chicago to many points in Texas, Ark., La., and the Southwest, at $20 the round trip. Write for details. City ticket office, 97 Adams street.

THE HUB
HENRY C. LYTTON Pres.

Cold Weather Comforts.

A FEW PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS OF COLD weather necessities .... Special bargains are offered in each department and everyone knows that THE HUB'S prices are always much lower than elsewhere.

An extensive variety of heavy winter ulsters and great coats from
$10 to $35

Complete lines of long, medium length and belt Overcoats, from
$10 to $60

Fur Overcoats of China Dog, Coonskin, Galloway, Wildcat, Wombat, Otter, Mink and Muskrat, from
$12 to $300

Fine Fur Gloves in Beaver, Muskrat and Sealskin, from
$2.50 to $20

Men's Fur Caps in Baltic and Alaska Seal, Electric Seal and Muskrat,
$2.50 to $25

Men's heavy merino, wool, cashmere and worsted Hose,
12c to $1 pair.

Men's Chamois Vests, to be worn under full dress suits,
$3

Men's Chamois Undershirts and Drawers for people constantly exposed to the cold,
$4.50 a garment.

MANY ARRESTS ARE MADE: RIOTERS FINED IN COURT.

Teamsters Who Block Cars Are Promptly Locked Up—Those Made Prisoners on Monday Pay for Lawbreaking.

The operation of two car lines yesterday gave teamsters and other strike sympathizers more opportunities to cause trouble. As a result many arrests were made, the following being booked at the various police stations:

Clemens, George, teamster; arrested at Twenty-sixth street and Cottage Grove avenue for blocking tracks; held at Hyde Park station.

Cronin, George, striking conductor; arrested at night at Wentworth avenue and Sixty-ninth street; charge, inciting a riot.

Cronin, John, obstructing the street; at Fiftieth street station.

Crowe, G. R.; arrested at Thirty-ninth street and Cottage Grove avenue by Patrolman Baits, charged with disorderly conduct and carrying concealed weapons; at Hyde Park station.

Danckert, John, teamster; arrested at Clark and Madison streets for disorderly conduct; taken to Harrison street station.

Davis, Fred, teamster, disorderly conduct; at Fiftieth street station.

Davis, Fred, teamster; arrested at Thirty-fifth street and Cottage Grove avenue for blocking tracks; held at Hyde Park.

De Ford, Fred, laborer; arrested for disorderly conduct at Wabash avenue and Nineteenth street; Harrison street station.

Hall, Claude, 218 Fifty-fifth street; arrested at Fifty-fifth street and Washington avenue for blocking tracks; held at Hyde Park station.

Hanley, Luke, 143 Forty-third street; employed at Oakenwald livery barns; arrested at Cottage Grove avenue and Forty-fourth street for abusing street car men; held at Hyde Park.

Hargroden, Michael, teamster; arrested in Clark street for disorderly conduct; at Harrison street station.

Hatten, George C.; arrested at Cottage Grove avenue and Thirty-ninth street; charged with assault on car man, disorderly conduct, and carrying concealed weapons; at Hyde Park station.

Haushalter, Allen, 2729 Princeton avenue, teamster for American Spring Water and Supply company; arrested for using insulting language to policemen and street car employés at Thirty-fifth street and Cottage Grove avenue; held at Hyde Park station.

Jenkins, Jacob, teamster; arrested for disorderly conduct in Wabash avenue; Harrison street station.

Madeen, Samuel, 4432 Evans avenue; arrested at Fifty-fifth and Kimbark for abusing gripman.

Malone, John, striking motorman; arrested last night at Sixty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue; charge, inciting a riot.

Malone, John, striking motorman; arrested at Sixty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue; charge, inciting a riot.

Milk, Henry, a conductor for the Northwestern Elevated railroad company; arrested at Clark and Madison streets, charged with disorderly conduct.

Muston, Samuel, laborer; disorderly conduct; at Hyde Park station.

Oliver, Edward, 62 East Twenty-ninth street, teamster; called gripman insulting names and blocked street; arrested after a chase and held at Hyde Park.

O'Malley, Michael, 22 Sebor street, teamster for A. M. Forbes Teaming company; arrested at Wabash avenue and Twenty-second street for shouting at police and street car men; held at Cottage Grove avenue station.

Pearson, W. F., striking conductor; arrested at Sixty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue; charge, inciting a riot.

Sullivan, John, striking motorman; arrested at Sixty-ninth street and Wentworth avenue; charge, inciting a riot.

Rockwell, Julien, teamster, 4909 Armour avenue; disorderly conduct; at Fiftieth street station.

Roderick, David, porter; arrested for disorderly conduct at Wabash avenue and Nineteenth street; Harrison street station.

Smith, Jerry, 321 Johnson street, teamster; arrested for using abusive language and blocking track at Wabash avenue and Twentieth street; held at Twenty-second street station.

Wallace, Fred, teamster; disorderly conduct; at Hyde Park station.

Strike offenders who appeared in the police courts yesterday found excuses of little use. Among those fined were the following:

Adams, Harry, teamster, blockaded Wentworth avenue car; fined $5; Justice Prindiville.

Carpenter, Edward, teamster, blocking cars; fined $10; Justice Caverly.

Churchill, Charles, machinist, disorderly conduct; fined $1; Justice Prindiville.

Dwyer, Jacob, machinist, disorderly conduct; fined $5; Justice Caverly.

Hart, James, seaman; made street speech denouncing City railway company; fined $10; Justice Callahan.

Murphy, W., laborer, disorderly conduct; fined $1; Justice Prindiville.

Snyder, Frank, ironworker, disorderly conduct; fined $1; Justice Prindiville.

Sullivan, Joseph, teamster, blocking cars; fined $5; Justice Prindiville.

White, Luke, engineer, disorderly conduct; fined $5; Justice Prindiville.

William Murphy, a teamster arrested at Clark and Taylor streets for using abusive language to a policeman, demanded a trial by jury when arraigned before Justice Prindiville. After Sergeant John McCann and several other policemen testified the jury retired and in a few minutes returned a verdict of not guilty. The prisoner was discharged.

Another teamster, Albert Henning, also demanded a jury trial. After twenty-two ballots the jurors stood two for conviction and four for acquittal. Henning was released.

It is said that the labor unions will in future demand that each prisoner be given a jury trial.

Cedar Brook's LITTLE GREEN STAMP TALKS

THE STAMP WILL TELL

The rosy sunshine of the morn,
The summer sunset with its gold,
The songs that whisper through the corn
In Cedar Brook, pure, rich and old.

WHISKEY *that is* bottled in bond is in the hands of the Government from the time distillation begins until the cork is pulled by the consumer.

W. H. McBrayer's

Cedar Brook

For half a century has been the most famous Whiskey made in old Kentucky

Distilled and aged in the old fashioned way which gives it that rich, mellow, fragrant flavor, so delicious to the man who knows.

Every bottle of Cedar Brook bears the little green stamp which is Uncle Sam's guarantee that it is absolutely pure, sufficiently aged and 100 proof and the exact contents of the bottle.

Which do you prefer—Uncle Sam's stamp or the individuals word?

Hannah & Hogg
Distributors
307 Wabash Avenue

By late importations, our stock of Wostenholms, Joseph Rodgers & Sons and Henckels Cutlery, is complete, and with other well known brands makes the largest and most varied stock in the city of Pocket Knives, Razors, Scissors, Carvers and Table Cutlery. In selecting the Carvers for the Thanksgiving Turkey, look over our line from $1.25 per pair to $37.50 per set of 7 pieces. Buy your Christmas cutlery gifts now and avoid the Holiday crush.

Orr & Lockett Hardware Co.
71 and 73 Randolph-st.

ALWAYS A GOOD STYLE TO THE BARNES HAT Wabash & Monroe

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OOD STYLE TO
AT Wabash & Monroe

SANITARY CHIEF LOSES HIS OFFICE

Andrew Young Discharged by Commissioner Reynolds for Lax Administration.

CAUSE OF GRAFT INQUIRY.

Council Committee Devotes Entire Day to Harry Carris' Pawnshop License.

Andrew Young, for eleven years head of the sanitary bureau of the health department, and the author of the city's plumbing ordinances, was removed from office yesterday by order of Commissioner of Health Reynolds.

The lax system prevailing in the bureau and the evidence of corruption among inspectors given to the grand jury and the civil service commission were responsible for the discharge, though Young has not himself been involved in dishonest transactions.

The action was determined upon, both Mayor Harrison and Dr. Reynolds admitted, at a conference held between the mayor and the health commissioner a month ago.

"At that time," said the mayor, "I recommended that inasmuch as the condition of the bureau was not satisfactory it would be well for Dr. Reynolds to make a change in its head. I have not talked over the matter since with Dr. Reynolds and did not know the removal was to be made today. I suppose that the commissioner, who had power to act, has decided that this was a good time to take the step, as Mr. Young was a holdover and could be removed any time."

Wants a More Active Man.

Dr. Reynolds said he had removed Mr. Young in order that an active man might be appointed.

"Mr. Young," he said, "has been in poor health for a considerable time and was no longer able to perform the duties of the position. Mayor Harrison and I talked the matter over some time ago, and I acted in accordance with the views he then expressed.

"The bureau has been reorganized since charges were made against some of the inspectors, and it is now necessary to provide a head for it. The matter of Mr. Young's successor is wholly in the hands of the civil service commission. No one is eligible, as far as I know, and I presume an original civil service examination will be held."

Mr. Young is in Albuquerque, N. M., where he went some time ago for his health. He organized the sanitary bureau, and it has had no other head. He is nearly 65 years old, and before entering the service of the city was engaged in the plumbing business. His practical knowledge enabled him to draft a set of plumbing ordinances which nearly every large city in the country has copied from Chicago.

In recent years, however, it appears that he allowed his subordinates liberty which many of them abused.

Bureau Torn to Pieces.

The sanitary bureau literally has been torn to pieces in the last three months. Of the inspectors on duty when the investigation began less than half now remain. Assistant Chief Inspector John S. Kelly is suspended and under indictment on the charge of bribery. Four inspectors, James E. Brudnell, W. B. Deming, William H. Dwyer, and E. Shirpinn also are under indictment and are suspended. Three inspectors, Edward Gannon, Otto Jurgens, and Joseph W. Plumstead, were discharged a few days ago by the civil service commission for neglect of duty. The prosecuting agency in all these cases has been the Citizens' association.

Start of Whole Graft Inquiry.

The whole "graft" investigation dates from the charges against three men. The beginning was a campaign of the Citizens' association against plumbers who violated the city ordinance. The records of the sanitary bureau were needed as evidence, but on examination they were found to be in such a state that they were useless. Then the investigators turned their attention to the bureau itself.

Ten tenement inspectors and eleven plumbing inspectors now are left, but of the latter half a dozen are men appointed recently.

William F. Dillon is the acting chief inspector, but he resigned last week and will keep the place only until a new head is selected.

All Dry on Carris Case.

The graft committee gave its entire attention during the day to a single case. Harry Carris, whose license as a pawnbroker at 402 State street was revoked in June on the complaint of Detectives Conick and Culhane, appeared before the committee with the charge that he was a victim of persecution by the two detectives. At the time his place was closed up the pawnbroker admitted that he was running without a license. May 1 was the date his license for the new fiscal year became due, but a month and a half later, when he got into trouble, he had not yet paid it. The delay in collection, he said, was customary—a remark that interested the committee.

His story was that a negro named George Smith, known on the levee as "Louisville," gave a diamond stud as security for a $7 revolver purchased of him. Later in the day, he said, "Louisville" paid the money and received back the stone. Articles pawned cannot be redeemed for twenty-four hours under the city ordinance, but he contended that this was not a case of pawning. Conick and Culhane, he said, saw "Louisville" come to the shop with the stone, and the next morning they returned with a man who claimed to have had such a stud stolen from him. Because the diamond was gone, he said, he was arrested, and, although Justice Caverly thought the case weak and dismissed him on the payment of costs, the city took away his license.

Detectives Tell Their Story.

The detectives told their side of the story in the afternoon.

"Conick and myself," said Culhane, "saw 'Louisville' come in and I recognized him as a man I once had caught in a burglary. So when we saw him pawn a diamond stud we went to the city hall to see if any complaint of the theft of a similar stone was in the 'squeal' book. We found one, hunted up the man who made the complaint, and took him into Carris' place the next morning. The diamond was gone. The ordinance that articles be kept at least twenty-four hours was made to help the police, and it looked to us as if Carris had tricked us.

"We got 'Louisville' and asked him to show the stud. He showed one larger than the one we saw him pawn. We believed he had made a shift. So we had Carris arrested. We thought the justice let him off altogether too easily. We made our report to Chief O'Neill and he recommended that Carris be refused a license. We simply were doing our duty."

Police records showing that Carris was fined $800 in February, 1902, by Judge Kavanagh for receiving stolen property were read. At that time Carris lost his license, but on promise of good behavior it was restored to him in April of the same year.

Several colored witnesses introduced by Carris testified incidentally to gambling in "Mushmouth" Johnson's place.

"They used to come into my place and pawn their coats, vests, hats, and shoes," said Carris, "in order to keep in the game."

Police and a Diamond Robbery.

Police action on a diamond robbery in the Masonic temple some months ago may be inquired into by the committee today. Attorney Hoyt King has affidavits which set forth that the case against Philip Bailey, an alleged sneak thief, arrested on the charge of stealing the diamonds, was dropped through the efforts of several detectives and policemen.

On the recommendation of Chief O'Neill the mayor revoked the saloon license of "Steve" Powers, 119 Halsted street. The report made to the mayor was that the saloon was a resort for thieves and dissolute characters.

FIRST COTTAGE GROVE AVENUE CABLE TRAIN STARTING FOR TRIP DOWNTOWN, WITH SCHUETTLER IN COMMAND, AND THE LOYAL CONDUCTOR WHO MADE THE RUN.

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

FIGHT DUEL IN STREET.

TWO YOUTHS BATTLE AND BOTH ARE BADLY HURT.

Weapons Are Pistol and Stiletto and Meeting Takes Place Before a Crowd—Frank Russo Shot and His Opponent, Ferdinand Viminento, Is Stabbed—Quarrel of Long Standing Revived at Sight—Young Woman Robbed of Purse.

A duel between men armed with pistol and stiletto was fought in the sight of a small crowd last evening in front of 2036 Archer avenue. When the battle ended both the participants had received wounds which were pronounced fatal.

Frank Russo, 18 years old, was taken to the People's hospital with a bullet in his side, and Ferdinand D. Viminento, 21 years old, had a deep gash below his heart.

The quarrel started when the two young men met in front of Russo's rooms in Archer avenue. They had long been enemies, it is said, and without a word of warning they rushed at each other.

Viminento fired as he ran and Russo stabbed him as he himself fell. Thirty people standing nearby saw the battle, and policemen who came had to beat their way through a larger crowd.

Anthony Russo was arrested for complicity in the crime.

Young Woman Is Robbed.

While on the way to visit in South Chicago in the evening, Ethel Van Horn, 10210 Avenue L, was attacked by a man and robbed of a purse containing $5 at Ninetieth street and Erie avenue. The 17 year old girl had nearly reached the door of her friend's house when a man seized her by the throat and took her purse from her pocket. James Hamilton, 9024 Erie avenue, pursued the robber for several blocks.

Four Men Rob Woman.

Four men with revolvers held up Miss Flora S. McCoshian in her dry goods store, 426 West Fifty-ninth street, at 10:30 o'clock in the morning, getting $30. Two of the men stod in the doorway of the store and watched the streets while the other two entered. Miss McCoshian was alone.

"Throw up your hands!" the men shouted.

"I won't do it," Miss McCoshian replied.

The robbers held their revolvers to Miss McCoshian's head until she complied. After robbing the till they ran west in Fifty-ninth street.

PENSION FUND READY AT LAST.

Nearly $50,000 to Be Given Policemen's Orphans and Widows After Three Months of Waiting.

Nearly $50,000 will be distributed on Friday among widows and orphans of policemen. This was decided by the pension board yesterday after Judge Dunne had rendered his construction of the new law. The pensions had been withheld for three months.

"Hereafter," said Commissioner A. J. Eddy, "the pensions will be paid regularly on or about the 20th of each month."

Gustav A. Walter, the patrolman who charged that gambling was common at the West Lake street station, was awarded a pension because he resigned after having completed twenty years of service before a hearing was held. Kittie Smith, the 10 year old daughter of the late Henry F. Smith, a patrolman, shot by his divorced wife in October, also was provided for with a pension of $41.66 a month.

WOMEN EXHIBIT KANSAS CORN.

Bring Grain to Chicago and Even Declare They Beat Boston in Baking Beans.

Corn from Kansas is being exhibited by Kansas women at the Great Northern hotel. Loads of other grains, too, are displayed in the booths and attract scores of Chicago women, who wish to aid the woman suffrage movement in the Sunflower state.

The daughters of Kansas also show bread and pies. Miss L. Adela Blackley, who is in charge of the culinary booth, declared yesterday:

"Why, our Boston baked beans beat anything Boston ever had."

Four farms in Kansas will be sold by Mrs. Sadie P. Gresham, who will add the proceeds to the campaign fund.

Alleged Mail Thief Arrested.

On the charge of rifling United States mail boxes and forging a United States money order, John Blair, 25 years old, was arrested late yesterday afternoon in his room in a hotel at 301 Clark street. In the evening he was taken to Buffalo, where he is said to have operated.

$16.00 Excursion to Mobile and New Orleans.

The Wabash will sell round trip tickets from Chicago as above Nov. 24. Limit, three weeks. Write for particulars. City Ticket Office, 97 Adams street.

STEAL $1,800 IN JEWELRY

RICHLY DRESSED YOUNG COUPLE IN DARING ROBBERY.

While Looking at Rooms in the Residence of Mrs. Katherine Smith, 22 Scott Street, During the Afternoon They Secure Diamond Sunburst, Rings, Watch, and Many Other Valuable Ornaments — Depart Before Crime Is Detected.

A fashionably dressed young couple, the woman wearing furs and jewelry, the man of refined appearance, stole jewelry and diamonds valued at $1,800 from the residence of Mrs. Katherine Smith, 22 Scott street, yesterday afternoon. A half hour after they had left the house the robbery was discovered. Mrs. Smith at once notified the police of the Larrabee street station and inserted an advertisement in the papers offering a reward of $200 for the return of her property.

The couple appeared at the house shortly after 4 o'clock and asked if they could rent apartments there for the winter. After some conversation, during which her callers showed evidences of refinement, Mrs. Smith took them to the second floor to show them some rooms.

The young woman did all the talking, with an occasional question whether "Charlie" liked this or that. The first rooms not proving satisfactory, Mrs. Smith led her callers to the rear of the house.

It was then, the police believe, that the man slipped away and entered Mrs. Smith's room. On the dresser were a gold watch valued at $100, a diamond sunburst, four solitaire diamond rings, and a number of other jewels.

Returning to the parlor, the rooms were soon engaged and the young couple departed, promising to return today. A few minutes later Mrs. Smith went to her room and discovered the loss of her jewels.

The man, she told the police, was about 24 years of age and well dressed in dark clothes. Detectives are working on the case, but have no clews.

LIGHT AND WATER PLANT BURNS

Villages of La Grange and Grossdale in Darkness as the Result of Fire.

The La Grange waterworks plant, which also houses the electric light works, and from which water and light are supplied to that village and to Grossdale, was destroyed by fire at midnight.

The villages are in darkness and after a small water supply in a storage plant is exhausted will also be without water.

The fire started at 11:30 last night from an overheated boiler. The whistles blew and citizens generally were aroused. The building, which is 100 feet square, was quickly in ruins, in spite of the work of the volunteer fire department. The plant was village property.

A small gas plant is operated in La Grange, but its product is mostly used for fuel. The street lighting has been done by electricity.

Three frame dwellings near Loomis and West Adams streets were in danger of being destroyed by fire yesterday, when the two story frame barn in the rear of 475 West Adams street caught fire. The blaze spread to the frame buildings on either side of the barn, but was soon checked. Two horses in the barn were burned to death. The total damage is put at $1,500.

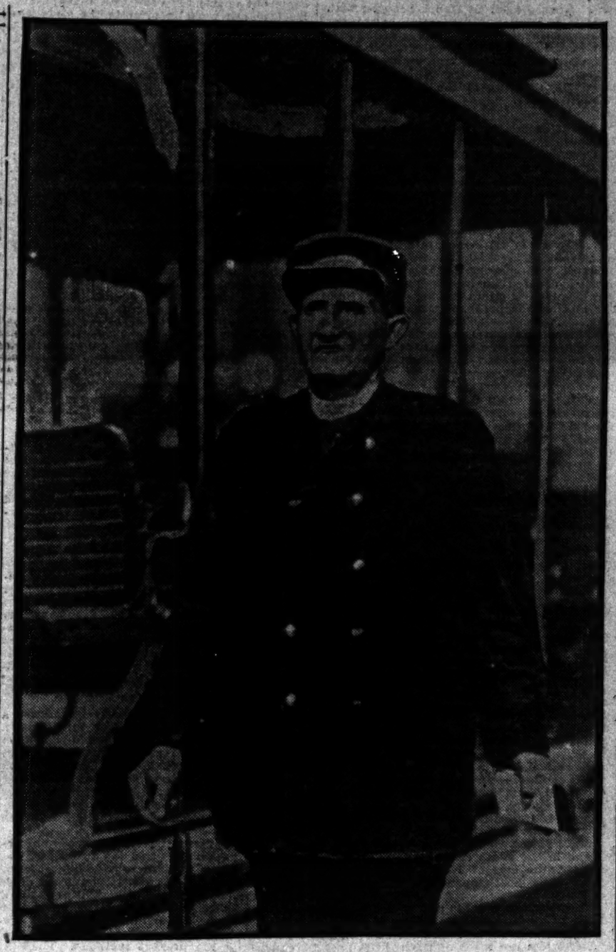
STOPS SERVICES TO MARRY.

South Chicago Minister Obliges Garrett, Ind., Couple While His Congregation Waits.

During the church services Sunday night the Rev. Charles V. La Fontaine left the pulpit of the First Methodist church of South Chicago and went to the church parlors to marry James H. Burns and Miss Jennie E. Christe, who, it is said, had eloped from Garrett, Ind. Burns and his sweetheart had intended to stop off at Indiana Harbor, Ind., where both had friends, and come to Illinois the next day. The train on which they rode, however, did not stop at the town, and they were forced to come through to South Chicago. Burns had already procured a Cook county license to wed, and he and Miss Christe at once started on a hunt for some one to perform the ceremony. No ministers could be found away from their churches, and, as a last resort, the Rev. Mr. La Fontaine was persuaded to stop his services long enough to read the marriage service. Burns and his wife went to Indiana Harbor a few minutes after the knot was tied.

Yale Has a Nobleman as Student.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Yale university has in Louis de Mores, as he has been known among his classmates of the freshman class in the Sheffield Scientific school, its first nobleman student. Through the visit of his mother, the marquise de Mores, it became known today that De Mores is in fact the duke de Vallombrosa and the marquis de Mores. He is a son of the marquis de Mores who in 1896 was murdered while leading a French expedition in the Soudan.



JOSEPH VITATOE,

Twenty-four Years a Conductor, Took Oath Years Ago to Remain in Service.

Of the conductors who nearly twenty-five years ago were required by the Chicago City railway to take an oath never to desert the company in case of strike, Joseph Vitatoe is the only one now working for the company. Although he is a member of the union he decided when the strike was called last week that the oath taken years ago still bound him, and he refused to desert his post. Besides, he believed the kind treatment he had received from his employers during his service placed him under a moral obligation to remain faithful. Yesterday the old conductor, who is over 60 years old, took out the first car on the Cottage Grove avenue cable line.

COEDS IN EVANSTON PLAN STRIKE FOR MORE RIGHTS.

Northwestern University Girls Living in Willard Hall Declare Rules Regarding Callers, Etc., Are Too Severe.

Northwestern university coeds living in Willard hall declare they will go on strike for more privileges. Just how the strike will be managed they do not say, but they are determined there shall be a strike.

"We feel that living in Willard hall is much like living in jail," said Miss Charlotte Thompson last evening. "There are certain things that we have a right to demand, and if we are not granted what we wish, why, we'll strike, that's all there is to it."

The rules prevent the young women from receiving callers except at certain hours and order that they shall not be permitted the use of the telephone, and must be chaperoned when going to the theater. These particularly are said to be uncalled for.

Students in the hall have requested Mrs. Martha Foote Crow, dean of women, to make changes in the rules. Mrs Crow has not revised them, and the janitor at the hall has been provided with a star and has assumed the rôle of watchman. His chief duty is to keep coeds from answering whistles of men students. This act was the last straw, and at a meeting yesterday the young women decided to adopt stringent measures for regaining their lost rights.

Fire in Ald. Palmer's Residence.

The fire department was called yesterday to the residence of Ald. Homer Palmer in Lincoln Park boulevard. When they arrived at Elm street the firemen were told the blaze had been extinguished. It was caused by an overheated flatiron used in the laundry. The loss was trifling.

SAYS POLICEMAN BEAT HIM, USING FISTS AND A CLUB.

Fritz Johnson, 17 Years Old, Testifies in Court Against Patrolman Charles J. Wagenknecht—Charge Is Denied.

With five teeth missing and his body and legs covered with bruises, 17 year old Fritz Johnson, 152 Townsend street, appeared before Justice Richardson yesterday and accused Patrolman Charles J. Wagenknecht of beating him. Johnson accused the policeman of striking him in the mouth several times with his hand. The boy alleged that the policeman afterward beat him on the legs with his club and then took him to the station. When the charge of disorderly conduct against the boy came up before Justice Mayer for hearing it was nonsuited by the policeman. A number of boys called Wagenknecht names and this provoked the attack, Johnson says.

Although the policeman denied using his club on the boy or striking him with his fist, his right hand was cut, and he admitted the marks might have come from contact with Johnson.

Annie Bolin, 120 Oak street, and Annie Olson, 118 Oak street, testified that they saw the policeman strike the boy in the face, saw him hit him with his club. Policeman O'Malley, who was with Wagenknecht, said he did not see Johnson struck.

Inspector A. F. Campbell, ex-Ald. Weisbrodt, and ex-Policeman Barney Nelson testified to Wagenknecht's good reputation as a policeman. Justice Richardson took the case under advisement.

Orangeine Immunity.

"While abroad Orangeine kept my party immune from headache and discomfort. For me it has accomplished a relief that I thought impossible."—J. D. Wilson, Williamsport, Pa.

SHOWS SLUSH FUND ORDER

FELKER MAKES PUBLIC TWO LETTERS ASKING MONEY.

Both from David Ross, Secretary of Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Written on Office Stationery — Pay Check $150, Contribution Wanted $90—Holds Gov. Yates Responsible for Dismissal When He Refused to Be "Shaken Down."

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—John Felker, formerly chief clerk of the bureau of labor statistics, today made public two letters received from David Ross, secretary of the bureau, as proof of his assertion that he was discharged for refusing to contribute to the Yates "slush fund."

Text of Letters.

The letters are written on paper bearing the letter head of the state bureau of labor statistics, and are signed by David Ross, secretary. The first one, dated Oct. 4, 1902, says:

I have your letter of the 1st instant, inclosing letter from Mr. Logan of Keokuk, Ia. I am forwarding as many reports as I can. I inclose you check for $150. Upon receipt of this please send me check for $90, which will balance accounts. The rest of the boys have made settlement upon this basis.

Under date of Nov. 7, 1902, Mr. Ross writes:

I inclose herewith check for $150 for last month's salary. My purpose in reminding you of the other matter was that it represented what the others had contributed, and all contributions of that kind should come through the head of the department and the department get proper credit for it. All the others have complied with this rule and I cannot understand why you should be an exception. Will expect you here for duty continuously, beginning Monday.

Blames Yates for Discharge.

Felker declares his summary dismissal from his position was at the behest of Gov. Yates, because in the present preliminary campaign he has not been active in the governor's interest.

What Felker objects to is the manner in which the assessment was levied against him. He was required to make the contribution through Ross, so that Ross could get all the credit of "shaking down" the department. He ridicules the idea that the board of labor statistics acted without instructions from the governor in the matter of his dismissal.

Moline Cordial to Deneen.

Moline, Ill., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Charles S. Deneen was given a cordial greeting by the voters of Moline this evening. He spoke briefly, emphasizing the need of a compulsory primary law. He also insisted that civil service laws should be enacted for public positions and especially for asylums. He held that criminals should have some trade while serving sentences.

Pays Visit to Fulton.

Fulton, Ill., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Charles S. Deneen paid a visit to Fulton today. He was the guest of W. H. Mitchell, a prominent republican politician, and called upon many leading republicans.

Lowden at Harvard.

Harvard, Ill., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Col. Frank O. Lowden, republican candidate for governor, was in this city a few hours this evening and held a reception during which several hundred people called on him. A feature of the reception here was the presence of a large delegation of women.

Sherman Headquarters Open.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Homer J. Tice of Menard county, one of the Sherman "thirty-nine" in the last legislature, opened headquarters here today for Lawrence Y. Sherman in his candidacy for the republican gubernatorial nomination. Mr. Sherman will remain here all the week.

gress to succeed T. M. Ball, resigned.

EARLY CHICAGO ON A SCREEN.

Two Hundred Views of Younger City Shewn Through Stereopticon of Frank W. Smith.

More than 200 pictures of early Chicago were displayed in Handel hall last evening by Frank W. Smith, cashier of the Corn Exchange National bank. The stereopticon entertainment was given for the Bankers' council of the National Union. Mr. Smith introduced many reminiscences of the old buildings which once occupied the principal streets of the city.

"Six years ago," he said, "I attended a reunion of Fernando Jones and some of the other old settlers. They 'sat around,' but I couldn't get them to talking. So I thought if I could get together a few views of 'Old Chicago' they might be interested. I secured a number from the Historical society and from friends, and the collection grew until now I have 400 pictures."

Mr. Smith has several thousand lantern slides, said to make the largest private collection in the United States.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

PRECINCT CLUBS CAST BIG VOTE.

More General Interest of Republicans in Elections than Ever Before.

SOME HARD CONTESTS.

Issues Generally Are Drawn Between Organization and the Antis.

The republican precinct club elections held last night were attended by many members of the party who hitherto had not allied themselves with the clubs.

The meetings, according to general report, were more generally attended, more votes were cast, and deeper interest was taken than ever before. There were spirited but for the most part friendly contests in a large number of the precincts. Probably the best test of factional strength was in the Hyde Park district, where the Jamieson and anti-Jamieson forces crossed swords. There more than anywhere else, too, the names of candidates for governor, Charles S. Deneen and Frank O. Lowden, were used as a means of arousing the voters and getting them to turn out.

This was done, however, without the knowledge or sanction of either the candidates or their campaign chiefs. In behalf of Mr. Deneen Roy C. West declared that the state's attorney had paid no attention to these club elections, was taking no part in them, and that the results could have no bearing on the gubernatorial battle. Mr. Lowden said he was taking no part and could not see wherein these elections would affect the situation.

One Hard Contest in Seventh.

In the Fourteenth precinct of the Seventh ward Harry F. Johnson made the fight for precinct president as a Deneen supporter. He sent out a deal of matter in which that factor was set forth, and this statement appeared:

"If elected it will be his duty to protect the Deneen interests inside the organization."

The contest became so lively and exciting that half the registered republican voters of the precinct attended the election at 3308 Indiana avenue. The voting began at 6:15 p. m. and continued until 9 o'clock. Two automobiles and several carriages were pressed into service, and when the polls closed 144 votes had been cast. Of this number the Johnson ticket received 55 and the opposition 89. Everything appeared to go along smoothly and good naturedly until the count had been completed.

Then W. M. Perree, teller for Mr. Johnson, discovered that the poll list had disappeared. Search was instituted, but it could not be found. Each side accused the other of crooked work. Finally Joel Stevens, the retiring president, announced that he would continue in office unless the certificate of his successor was signed. This ended the controversy and the election of the following officers was certified:

President—John F. Schwerth.
Vice president—Fred H. Knapp.
Secretary—James A. Lewis.
Treasurer—Charles Batchelder.

Johnson said he was satisfied; that he had started out to make the Jamieson-Lorimer machine do some lively stepping and had succeeded. A year ago only six votes were cast at this precinct election.

Says Organization Wins.

There were fights in twelve other precincts of the Seventh ward, and Secretary Small of the ward club reported that the organization won out in all of them. In the Twenty-fourth, the university precinct, J. O. Bloomingston, the football player, was defeated by James Rosenthall, the organization candidate, 52 to 20.

In the Sixth ward the returns showed that the organization, or Jamieson crowd, carried forty-three out of the fifty precincts. The meetings were well attended, but passed off without friction.

Little Excitement in Lake View.

There was less excitement and quarreling in the Lake View wards than had been expected. The closest contest was in the Thirty-fifth precinct of the Twenty-fifth ward, where Dan Campbell, a cousin of Senator Campbell, and Mathew Mills were the candidates for president. On the first ballot the vote was a tie. The second ballot threw the prize to Mills by a majority of one vote.

The election in the Thirty-fifth precinct of this ward developed a strong Deneen sentiment and the men chosen declared themselves in favor of the state's attorney for governor.

"I have just finished a canvass of the precinct and found 225 of the voters for Mr. Deneen out of a total registration of 306," said Secretary Koch. "We are for him to the last ditch."

The following officers were chosen:

President—Thomas H. Musham.
Vice president—Raymond von Oppen.
Secretary—Reinhard Koch.
Treasurer—Charles Hackendorf.

Herts Men Elect Ticket.

In a contest to decide whether the Herts or the Lorimer faction should dominate in the Fifteenth precinct of the Sixteenth ward, the Herts element elected as officers:

President—John Schug.
Vice president—William Schuneck.
Secretary—Frederick Busse.
Treasurer—Jacob Witkosky.

The meeting, during which the election was held, was called by the former vice president, Schug, as a substitute meeting for that called by the former president, Leon Novak, last week. It is asserted that Novak, in his haste, neglected to name the day of the meeting in his notices, so a quorum of the club could not be assembled. Schug then taking advantage of the temporary embarrassment of the president, called a meeting last night.

Deneen Men Carry Lake.

The returns show that every precinct in the four wards of the town of Lake, Mr. Deneen's home district, was carried by his friends. The attempts of a small faction to work up an opposition was not so much against Mr. Deneen as against the committeemen.

M'KENZIE REPLIES TO CRITICS.

Denies He Fought Local Option Bill in the Senate and Says Parker Misrepresented Him.

Senator John McKenzie will answer the attacks that are being made upon him by the Local Option league and by Senator Parker. He is charged with using his authority as president pro tem of the senate to suppress the local option bill.

Senator McKenzie said yesterday that the sentiment against him was due largely to misrepresentation on the part of Senator Parker and added: "The league has declared against me unjustly and seemingly on Parker's representation. I propose to be set right with the people. No man has authority to say that I was opposed to the bill. I always said that it was a good bill."

Maj. Dan Hogan assured the managers of Gov. Yates' campaign yesterday that he was taking no part in the campaign further than to protect his own interests as a candidate for secretary of state.

PRIESTS CLASH AT WHITING.

Greek Pastor Is Charged with Striking His Roman Catholic Coworker in the Village.

The race rivalries at Whiting took on a more threatening aspect yesterday when the priests of the Greek and Roman Catholic churches had a personal encounter. Father John Puskuls of the Greek church is said to have struck Father Benedict Ragenji of the Roman church, and to have knocked out several of his teeth. Father Ragenji went to the office of Charles M. Greenwald, city attorney, and said that he would have his assailant arrested. Until recently there was only the Greek church among the large Slavonic population. The success of the establishing of the Roman Catholic church in the community is supposed to have irritated the Greek following, and there has been bad blood between the factions.

DIETRICH ASKS TRIAL AT ONCE.

Nebraska's Indicted Senator Waives Protection Given by Constitution.

MAKES A PUBLIC DENIAL.

Enemies at Omaha Declare He Received $10,000 from Sale of Postoffices.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—United States Senator Dietrich, indicted by a federal grand jury at Omaha yesterday on the charge of accepting money for postoffice appointments, will waive the protection given a senator while congress is in session. He will return to Nebraska at once and demand an immediate trial.

The senator made a public statement today denying the charges and declaring that he has been made the object of persecution because while governor he refused to pardon J. S. Bartley, the defaulting state treasurer of Nebraska, who was then serving a term in the penitentiary.

Summers May Be Set Aside.

As a result of a conference today between Senator Dietrich, Edward Rosewater of the Omaha Bee, and Attorney General Knox, it is believed that United States District Attorney W. S. Summers of Nebraska will be relieved of further conduct of the case. Senator Dietrich declared that his interests would be prejudiced in his coming trial if the prosecution is in the hands of Summers, because of the political enmity between them. In view of this declaration some attorney from the department of justice may be detailed to take charge of the government's case.

The question of District Attorney Summers' retention in office also came up, but it cannot be learned that any promise was made by the attorney general in the matter.

Senator Dietrich's Statement.

Senator Dietrich's statement, made public tonight, is as follows:

"In view of what has transpired in Omaha, where a federal grand jury has found an indictment against me for the alleged acceptance of money for my influence in securing an appointment of a postmaster, I think it due to the people of Nebraska that I make a statement respecting the matter.

"The charge that I had accepted directly or indirectly, money or anything of value for my influence in securing the appointment of Jacob Fisher as postmaster at Hastings, Neb., is absolutely false.

"I shall waive the protection afforded a senator by the constitution while congress is in session and shall go to Nebraska and insist on an immediate trial with perfect confidence that my innocence will be established.

"At no time in my life has there been any desire to shield those who have been guilty of wrong doing.

"For twenty-five years I have been a resident of Nebraska. As private citizen, as governor and senator my aim has been to devote my best energies to the promotion of the welfare of the people and the maintenance of the good name of our state. Above all things, I have abhorred dishonesty in public office and the betrayal of public trust.

"During a residence of a quarter of a century in Adams county I have repeatedly been instrumental in keeping out of office and bringing to justice public officials who were shown to be dishonest and corrupt.

"The present attempt to attach a stigma to my name is because of my firm adherence to this course.

Bitter Factional Fights.

"Bitter factional fights have existed in my home county for many years, and as a result of these differences I have naturally incurred many enmities not only in politics but in business.

"My refusal while governor to pardon Joseph Bartley, a defaulter to the state for $900,000, incurred the displeasure of powerful interests, and I have since been antagonized by them.

"I incurred the inveterate enmity of the former postmaster of Hastings by the appointment of Mr. Fisher, my intimate friend for twenty years, and who has been a stockholder and director of the bank of which I am president for seventeen years.

"I have also incurred the active hostility of W. S. Summers, the United States district attorney for Nebraska, in my efforts to bring about his removal from office, not because I favored another, but because I believed for many reasons he should have been removed long ago, and the machinery of the federal court has been set in motion and cleverly directed to injure me and continue himself in office.

"In the privacy of a grand jury room it is easy to concoct and promote a scheme that will not stand the test of an investigation where both sides have a hearing."

Say He Made $10,000.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Political enemies of United States Senator Dietrich now assert that the Nebraska senator realized as much as $10,000 by the political transactions for which he was indicted. They base their assertions on evidence which they claim is in the hands of United States District Attorney W. S. Summers.

These same men assert that in addition to the $2,500 which, it is alleged, Senator Dietrich received from Jacob Fisher at Hastings, he received $1,000 each from the men who secured the postoffices at Orleans, Alma, Oxford, and Arapahoe. Three other similar cases are said to be known.

It is further declared that at a private banquet Mr. Dietrich remarked that he would make $25,000 out of the senatorship. Letters signed by prominent men are, it is claimed, in the hands of the United States district attorney.

Friends Prompt in Denial.

On the other hand, Senator Dietrich's friends deny all these allegations, and declare that the whole affair is a piece of political spite work.

District Attorney Summers has all along refused to give out any information whatever or to discuss the indictments. He took occasion today, however, to deny emphatically that his action in bringing the postmastership transactions before the grand jury was actuated by motives of personal hostility toward Senator Dietrich. He said:

"I never asked Senator Dietrich for an indorsement. As to the charge that I have brought this matter before the grand jury as a means to compel the president to reappoint me, there is absolutely nothing in it. This investigation is made because I believe it to be my duty as an officer, and is made for no other purpose whatever."

SUICIDE CLUB OF GIRLS SUSPECTED IN JANESVILLE.

Attempts of Two Young Women to Kill Themselves Believed to Be Part of an Understanding.

Janesville, Wis., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Have the girls of the fashionable Third ward of Janesville formed a suicide club? Working on the possibility of the existence of such an organization, the police are investigating the attempted suicide by poisoning of Miss Hattie Kinney, aged 17 years. It is alleged the attempt of Miss Hazel Miller, a companion of Miss Kinney, to end her life with poison a week ago was due to the same motive. It is pointed out by the police that Miss Miller and Miss Kinney went together to the drug store where Miss Kinney is said to have purchased strychnine. On their way home Miss Kinney is supposed to have taken the drug. Both are members of a clan of a dozen well known young people.

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NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

Marion Ivell as Carmen

It was a more than usually satisfactory performance of "Carmen" that Mr. Savage's forces gave last evening at the Studebaker. The audience was of only fair size, but it was appreciative, and both Bizet's charming work and the singers engaged in its presentation were received with hearty evidence of approval and pleasure. The production was new throughout, fresh costumes and scenery having been supplied. All proved attractive, fitting, and in good taste, and again served to demonstrate Mr. Savage's earnest desire to give his patrons the best that lies within his reach.

A new conductor, Mr. Schenck, was at the desk last evening, and, although his task was not always an easy one, owing to the tendency of one or two of the principals to take matters in their own hands as regards tempos and shadings, he generally succeeded in keeping his various forces in harmony with each other, and, barring an occasional roughness and unsteadiness, led his orchestra safely and satisfactorily through the Bizet score. The chorus was again agreeably in evidence, and again proved its exceptional worth, just as it did in "Othello" the evening before. It would require a long hunt in this country or in Europe to find a grand opera chorus fresher voiced, more spontaneously enthusiastic, or more exact and certain than is the one Mr. Savage has brought together this season. Listening is a pleasure when this chorus has anything to do.

Miss Ivell was the Carmen, and showed that she has not been standing still in her work since she last appeared here. Her singing has improved decidedly, and is now almost entirely free from the fault which formerly was annoyingly conspicuous in it—inability to remain true to the pitch. She sang purely and accurately last evening, and her delivery of much of the music was therefore enjoyable and effective. The voice itself is one of most peculiar timbre, and it would be interesting to know if this peculiarity is due partly to the method of tone production or is inherent in the voice itself. There has been a gain in smoothness and evenness since last season, and many of the tones are of much richness and sensuous beauty, but many others have a hollowness and veiled quality that make them seem impure. Miss Ivell is developing, however, in her abilities both vocal and histrionic, and, as she seems a young woman who thinks and thinks for herself, there is good reason for believing that she will yet accomplish something of no inconsiderable worth in the operatic field.

Her impersonation of Carmen is along essentially physical lines, but, as she skillfully avoids coarseness, no exception can be taken to her treatment of the rôle. She is slowly clarifying and refining it, and there are many things she does that command immediate and hearty recognition as good. Her handling of the scene with Don José in the tavern, for example, is admirable, intelligent, and reasonable. She suggests an almost mesmeric power that the gypsy was exerting over the soldier, and Mr. Riviere last evening caught the spirit of the scene and made his exclamations of "Carmen" dramatically significant, a thing which should be done, but which few tenors ever do, and fewer conductors ever make possible. Mr. Schenck last night gave the singers entire liberty in the phrases beginning "Over the Hills and Far Away," and the result was full of revealment of what was certainly the composer's intentions.

Mr. Riviere is a Frenchman. His name shows it, his appearance confirms it, and his singing proves it. He seemed intensely nervous last evening, and to this state was doubtless due many of the shortcomings discovered in his work. Appearance later in the engagement may be under better conditions, and at such time more exact estimate of his abilities will be possible.

Mr. Alberti, another newcomer, was a vocally satisfactory Escamillo, his singing of the Toreador song so pleasing that it had to be twice repeated. He acted with considerable ease and seems an addition of worth to the company.

Miss Brooks sang Michaela, and won the hearts and approval of all who heard. Her voice is a remarkably sweet, fresh soprano, not entirely matured nor sufficiently schooled as yet, but of natural beauty, and she sings with a taste and expressiveness that speak of musical temperament. She sang the crying aria in the third act in unusually satisfactory fashion, and awakened bright hopes for future achievements of merit.

Mr. Boyle was an excellent Zuniga. Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Jungman about as good smugglers as anybody could ask to see or hear, and much better than generally are seen or heard, and Miss Farm and Miss James sang the music of Frasquita and Mercedes in thoroughly commendable manner.

This afternoon "Othello" and tonight the début of Mme. Norelli in "Lucia" and of Miss Newman in "Cavalleria Rusticana."

The Club Français gave its second dramatic performance of the season last evening at Steinway hall and was applauded by an audience of larger proportions than was present the opening night. The program consisted of "Les Reves de Marguerite," a one act comedy by Vercousin, and the Scribe and Legouvé three act classic "Bataille de Dames."

In the curtain raiser Mme. Katherine Knowles Robbins and J. W. Robbins appeared as the two young people who, loving each other, have different ideals and views of the world, the young woman being a worshiper of poets and poetry, and the young man being a stockbroker and, consequently, in her estimation, too material to be attractive. They end by confessing their love, however, and their pretty little quarreling proves entertaining and pleasing, especially when presented, as it was last evening, with a neat appreciation of its humor and a skillful revealment of the same.

The Scribe comedy was admirably done, the performance in many respects being worthy of professional talent. In fact, many offerings of professional companies have not discovered such lightness and surety of touch, such animation, and such smoothness. Mlle. Valcourt, as the countess, not only delivered her lines with excellent understanding and delightful naturalness but she acted with grace and ease, and she also proved that she possesses the rare faculty of knowing how to listen well, an accomplishment many of our professionals cannot call their own. Leon Aubel, as Henri, brought both ease of bearing and distinction of manner to his portrayal, and his reading of the part was in many respects excellent. Miss Zoe Lassagne was a pretty and generally adequate Leonie, and Felix Wildenstein was genuinely amusing in the capitally comic rôle of Gustave.

This afternoon and evening at the Great Northern Miss Eugenia Blair will give special performances of "Magda." It is Miss Blair's manager who is causing Mr. Belasco unhappiness about the latter's "Zaza," in which Miss Blair is appearing. Mr. Belasco sold all rights to the play to Mr. Gressit, Miss Blair's manager, and it was only when the dramatist wished two weeks ago to present Mrs. Carter in an elaborate revival of the piece that he realized that he had virtually sold his own play out of his hands. Mr. Gressit secured an injunction preventing Mr. Belasco from producing "Zaza," but the matter was patched up temporarily and Mrs. Carter appeared in it in Philadelphia. Now it seems Mr. Gressit is inclined to press his claim, and it will be interesting to see whether Mr. Belasco still owns his own play or not.

At Steinway hall tonight and every evening during the rest of the week Benjamin Chapin will present a "four act character study" which consists of an impersonation of Abraham Lincoln. He is said to make up to resemble in a remarkable manner the martyr president, and assume his poses, tone of voice, and bearing to show him in various scenes in his life at the White house and at home. The entertainment has found hearty commendation in the east and comes here under the auspices of the Chrysolite club, which is endeavoring to establish a hospital for convalescent children.

W. L. HUBBARD.

Admirable Crichton Well Liked.

New York, Nov. 17.—[Special.]—William Gillette appeared tonight in the New Lyceum theater in J. M. Barrie's so-called "fantasy," "The Admirable Crichton," which had a long, successful run in London last season. The popular actor was supported by an excellent cast, including, among others, Henry Kemble, Miss Sybil Carlisle, and Miss Pattie Brown, who played the same rôles in London, and also Carter Pickford and Miss Kate Meek.

There had been a desire to see Gillette in a rôle so different from his usual ones as that of "The Admirable Crichton," for the part gives the piece its title. He is a clever, well educated English butler, with views on social equality and the leveling by nature of all ranks. The accident at shipwreck on a desert island in the south seas of the yacht of his master, the earl of Loam, enables him to carry out a most amusing and original game of topsy turvey.

The play is original in plot and clever in its keen satire on class distinction in England and British snobbery. Indeed, so keen and stiletto like are some of the thrusts that it is a little doubtful whether they will be thoroughly understood by American audiences, and certainly not on first hearing. Viewed as a satire or, as it will appeal to the majority, as a whimsical farce, it will be equally acceptable.

Annie Russell Wins Favor.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—There is no question about the success which Annie Russell made at the Park theater tonight in the first production on any stage of "The Younger Mrs. Parling," a new play written especially for her by C. Haddon Chambers, the British dramatist. At the conclusion of the first act there were eight curtain calls, and after the second the demonstration was even more pronounced. Finally Mr. Chambers appeared and made a brief speech. Miss Russell's character is decidedly different from any that she has ever played, and her tender but dramatic characterization was thoroughly artistic, and in the stronger scenes she easily rose to the requirements. Her company is excellent, and John W. Mason, Oswall Yorke, E. A. Eberle, Joseph Glendinning, Mrs. Gilbert, and Olive Murray shared in the success of the evening.

Lady Rose's Daughter in New York.

New York, Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Miss Fay Davis and other members of Charles Frohman's Empire Theater company, appeared last evening at the Garrick theater in George Fleming's dramatisation of Mrs. Humphry Ward's novel, "Lady Rose's Daughter." Anticipations of the dramatization of so strong a story as that told by Mrs. Ward of the fiery, impulsive, brilliant Julie Lebreton, who as everybody knows had her real predecessor in unfortunate Julie Lespinasse, necessarily aroused lively expectations. A fair criticism of the piece as produced would be that it is a weak play from a strong book. It would seem that Mrs. Ward could with reason resent the liberties George Fleming has taken with her material.

Spiering Quartet Wins Friends.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—The Spiering quartet of Chicago made its first Boston appearance at Chickering hall last night. They opened with the Mozart quartet in C major, and before many of its measures were played the quartet had entirely won the approval of a not over demonstrative audience. It seems to be the unanimous verdict of Boston musical critics that Mr. Spiering's organization is composed of genuine artists, and there will be many music lovers in this city who will welcome them. The program included works of Mozart, Beethoven, and Schumann.

CHICAGO CAN GET BIG CONVENTION.

Presentation of Substantial Evidence of $100,000 for Fund Will Win.

NEEDS NO OTHER REASON.

Nation Confronted by Serious Problem of Millions to Pay for Panama Canal.

(Continued from first page.)

There have been a number of conferences during the last few months and all the factions are prepared to sacrifice some convictions. It is believed that some reasonable proposition will be agreed upon, and that the drastic features of the measures proposed last year will be eliminated.

Senator Teller of Colorado has agreed to retire from the finance committee to make room for Senator Gorman, the new democratic leader. Mr. Teller went on the committee because he had a lingering hope he could "do something for silver." His retirement from the committee more than any one thing marks the death in the senate of the free coinage idea. Mr. Gorman was long a member of the finance committee, and his success as the party leader in the senate depended on his return to his old seat, where he will have a hand in shaping any tariff legislation that may be proposed. It is likely that Dubois of Idaho and Joe Bailey of Texas also will be given seats around the long table of the finance committee.

Likes Hearst for President.

"In my opinion," said Representative Rainey of Illinois, "Congressman Hearst is the strongest candidate whose name is mentioned for the presidency. In my own district the country papers are unanimous for him, and if the question could be submitted to primaries he would receive a tremendous majority over all the other candidates combined."

Fuller Declares for Col. Warner.

Members of the delegation here seem to attach much importance to the position taken by Representative Charles E. Fuller of the Twelfth district regarding the race for governor of Illinois. Mr. Fuller has come out openly for Vespasian Warner, and his fourteen years' service in the state legislature, with six years as a circuit judge, is supposed to make his personal influence a powerful factor in the fight. Friends of both men intimate that this open advocacy by Mr. Fuller will be likely to influence Col. Warner to make a formal announcement of his candidacy. Today Congressman Fuller put himself on record by saying:

"Early in this campaign, before the candidates had announced themselves, I stated that in my judgment Col. Vespasian Warner would be an ideal candidate for governor, and would if elected be a great governor. I am still of the same opinion. We have had only three governors since the civil war who were not soldiers for the union—Cullom, Altgeld, and Yates. The others—Oglesby, Palmer, Beveridge, Hamilton, Fifer, and Tanner—were all union soldiers. Col. Warner is almost the last of the old guard. He is my personal friend and I would be glad indeed to see him governor of Illinois. I have no controversy with the other candidates and recognize fully their laudable ambitions, but personally I am for Col. Warner for governor, and I hope to see him nominated as Governor Oglesby was nominated at Peoria in 1888 in response to the universal demand of the people of the state. He represents no faction. He is a great, broad minded republican."

President Will Not Visit Chicago.

Representative Boutell called upon President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay today and invited them to speak at a banquet of the Marquette club in celebration of the birthday of Lincoln Feb. 12. The president informed Mr. Boutell that it would be almost impossible for him to get away from Washington at that time, but if he could do so he had already promised to speak before the Lincoln club in New York, and therefore he regretted he could not go to Chicago. The president promised to secure a good speaker for the Marquette club, and a member of the cabinet probably will attend. Secretary Hay said he could not accept the invitation. President Foell of the Marquette club and Graeme Stewart arrived here tonight with the formal invitation to the president to attend the banquet and will present it tomorrow.

Naval Officer for Chicago.

Representative Mann today introduced a bill providing a naval officer for Chicago. The duty of that official will be to pass upon the correctness of the amounts paid on imports. There is considerable dissatisfaction in Chicago because of the delay caused by sending these accounts to Washington to be approved, which greatly inconveniences importers. In discussing his bill Mr. Mann said:

"At the present time when goods are imported into Chicago and the duties paid the accounts must be sent to Washington to be audited after being passed upon in the office of the collector of customs. Chicago is now the fourth collection district in importance and the large importing houses there frequently have protested against the delay caused by the present methods. They insist they are entitled to a naval officer to expedite business. With a naval officer in Chicago it only will be necessary to send the account across the hall from the office of the collector of customs and have it audited without delay. This system would be entirely satisfactory to importers." Representative Mann expects the bill to pass at an early day.

Detroit Wants Convention.

"Detroit is the city in which the national republican convention should be held," said Representative William Alden Smith of Michigan. "It would be the proper thing to hold the next convention there, as next year will mark the fiftieth anniversary of the republican party which came to life in Michigan. Detroit will be able to take care of the convention. It is centrally located, has ample hotel accommodations, and the railroad facilities are all that can be desired. It will do everything for the comfort and convenience of the delegates and visitors, and the telegraph service will be equal to any other city. Detroit has wanted the convention for some time, and, to my judgment, our people will be glad to subscribe the funds necessary to secure the convention."

FEVER LIKE TYPHOID TAKES WILLIAMS COLLEGE BOYS.

Ten Students in Infirmary with Disease Which Has Not Yet Been Accurately Diagnosed.

Troy, N. Y., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—A disease which threatens to assume an epidemic form, and which resembles typhoid fever, has broken out at Williams college, in Williamstown, Mass., and today ten students are prostrated at the college infirmary. The disease first was diagnosed as a form of grip, but the physicians, it is said, now admit it may be a kind of fever, although they will not admit it is typhoid. The temperature of the patients averaged today from 103 to 104 degrees. It is believed the trouble may have arisen from the use of impure milk or water which the students rank at their boarding houses.

Among the students who have been stricken is Clarence J. Goodwillie of Chicago, Ill. The boys were taken ill on Sunday. Dr. F. W. Olds and Dr. F. E. Howard are in charge of the cases.

The college authorities will make an immediate investigation. Having in mind the trouble experienced at Cornell with typhoid, the news has aroused much apprehension.

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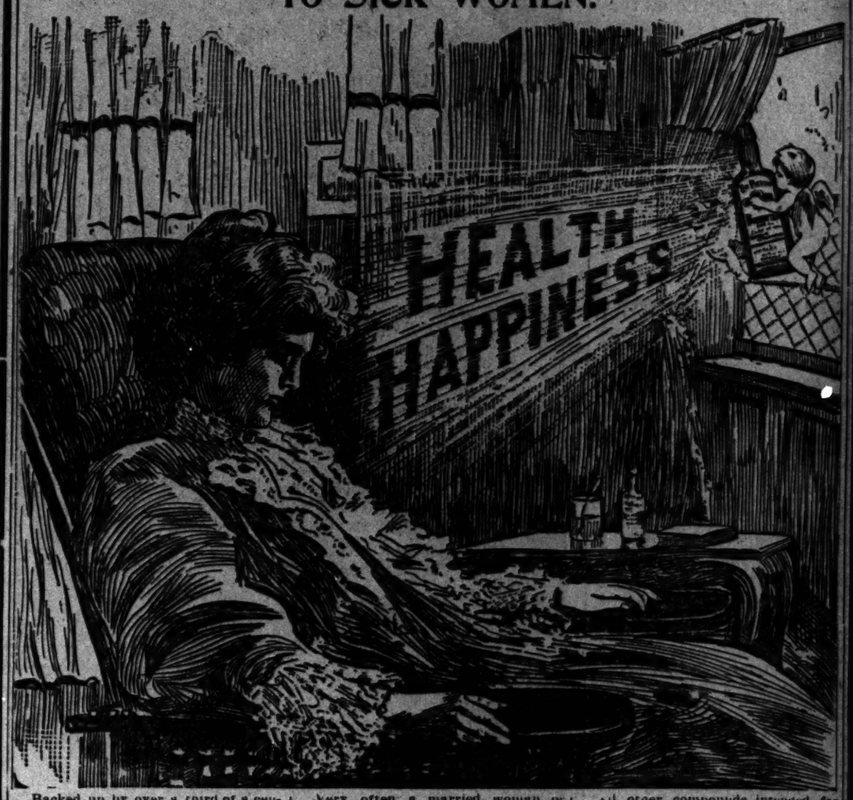


Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors and makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money for any case of Female Weakness or Prolapsus which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

Very often a married woman or young girl does not know who to turn to for advice in circumstances where she dislikes to talk with the family physician about delicate matters. At such times write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for free consultation and advice, and the same will be held as sacredly confidential. It is foolish to consult women friends or persons without medical training.

All other compounds intended for women only are made with alcohol, or alcohol is a large component—this alcohol injures the nerves. The little red corpuscles of the blood are shrunken by alcohol. All such compounds, therefore, do harm.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was the first exclusively woman's tonic on the market—it has sold more largely in the past third of a century than any other medicine for women.

GEN. WOOD IS ATTACKED.

M'CLELLAN OF NEW YORK MAKES FAREWELL SPEECH IN HOUSE.

In Discussion of Cuban Reciprocity the Mayor-Elect Declares American Administration of Island Almost Ruined It—Asserts the Relief Given Is Not of a Character to Offend Even the Most Sensitive Trust—Other Attacks on Party in Power.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—The house today resumed consideration of the Cuban bill. Mayor-elect McClellan of New York delivered his valedictory to the house. In the course of his remarks he said:

"Two years ago Cuba was on the verge of bankruptcy, and that she has escaped ruin is not due to any effort on our part. That she has been able to exist at all during the last two years is because of two reasons. First, the change in her government; second, the marketing of an increased amount of tobacco and sugar. In 1902 the spectacular and extravagant rule of Gen. Wood having saddled upon Havana for ten years the infamous gambling monopoly of the Sociedad Anonima Jai Alai, gave place to the conservative, economical, sensible, and business like administration of President Estrada Palma, who has proved himself an executive of the highest order."

Says Palma Repairs Wood's Waste.

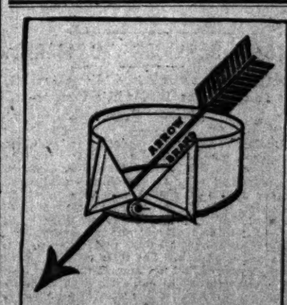
After quoting figures Mr. McClellan said: "In other words, under President Estrada Palma the cost of government is over $7,000,000 less per annum than it was under Gen. Wood." In conclusion, Mr. McClellan said:

"And now, at last, after years of waiting, after the spectacle of an insolent lobby practically dominating the congress, we propose partially to fulfill our pledge to Cuba by giving her this tuppenny measure of relief, that is warranted not to offend the susceptibilities of the most sensitive trust in existence. We have made a solemn promise to Cuba. If a republican majority in its might is only willing partially to keep that promise, the blame and the shame rest with the republican party. But the bill is unquestionably a breach in the wall of protection."

Tells Evolution of "Stand Pat."

Mr. Clark of Missouri prefaced his remarks by saying he believed it the first duty of a democrat to congratulate the republicans that light was breaking in on them. The republicans could not pass the bill without the democratic vote in the house, he said, and added: "And you know it."

Mr. Clark then quoted what he termed republican battle cries. "Your Uncle Mark invented 'Let well enough alone.' He afterward converted this into 'Stand pat,' and then the able chairman of the ways and means committee, Mr. Payne, added a little. 'Keep on letting well enough alone,' and then, when your Uncle Mark was being punched over the ropes out in Ohio by Theodore Roosevelt and Senator Foraker, he added: 'For God's sake, let's keep on letting well enough alone.'"



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CLUETT, PEABODY & CO. MAKERS

An ounce of underwear precaution is better than a pound of cough-cure.

We aim to have our underwear as thoroughly reliable as our outerwear,—whether it's all-wool or silk-and-wool in heavy winter-weight or medium;—linen-mesh—union suits or 2-piece suits—we guarantee the values and the service.

In buying clothes here you *can't* go wrong—every suit and overcoat we sell is guaranteed to satisfy the wearer; or your money back.

Most clothiers have some good clothing—more that's ordinary, more still that's doubtful.

Contrast 'twixt absolute safety and such great uncertainty.

$16 to $60—winter overcoats.
$15 to $38—winter business suits.
$5 to $10—perfect-fitting trousers.

One of the largest stocks of fine wearables west of N. Y. here for you to select from.

F. M. ATWOOD,
The Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing.
"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Clark and Madison Sts. We fill orders by mail.

B & K

Men's Overcoats
$12 to $45

Style, Comfort and Durability are special features of the garments shown by us. Meltons and Kerseys are the materials that have the call this season. There are no better cloths for service.

Belted Back Coats
At $15 to $22

Are popular with the "young fellows" and a good many of the "old fellows" too. Large assortment of fabrics including the refined, quiet dark grays as well as the "sporty" Scotch cheviots.

BROWNING KING & CO.
Wabash Ave. and Madison St.

Even a small amount of cotton will destroy the comfort and health-bringing qualities of linen mesh. Be sure to get

Kneipp Linen-Mesh Underwear

The makers stand behind every garment with an absolute guarantee that it is pure Irish Linen to the last thread. It pays to be sure of that fact.

SOLE AGENTS
Capper & Capper
45-47 JACKSON BLVD.

AUCTION—AUCTION
For the Trade—Manufacturers' Sale

We will sell at our salesrooms, 185 and 187 Wabash-av., THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Nov. 19th and 20th, at 10 a. m.:

150 Three and Five Piece Parlor Sets.
200 Couches in Leather, etc.
100 Odd Chairs, Settees, etc., etc.

Three complete sample lines and surplus stock of three of the largest manufacturers to be sold to the highest bidder.
WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., Auctioneers

THE TRIBUNE'S SPORTING NEWS IS THE BEST.

A Reliable Remedy,
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Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

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PANAMA REJECTS OFFER OF PEACE.

Colombian Envoys Leave Colon Making Threats of War on Isthmus.

THEIR PLEAS IN VAIN.

Agents of Republic Arrive in United States to Arrange Canal Treaty.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COLON, Nov. 17.—The Panama republic this afternoon rejected the peace overtures made by the Colombian commission, and the latter departed for Savanilla, declaring that Colombia will enforce the rights of the republic on the isthmus at any cost.

Panama was represented at the conference, which was held on board the United States ship Mayflower, by Señors Arias, Morales, and Arosemena.

Nicanor Insignares, a brother of the governor of the state of Bolivar, was the spokesman of the Colombians. He made a strong appeal to the Panamanians not to disrupt the republic of Colombia, and supplemented his appeal by the solemn assurance that Colombia would grant all the rights demanded by the isthmians and eventually carry out their grand project of building the canal.

Replying, Señor Arias, representing the junta, said that the Bogota government and the Colombians generally did not appear to grasp the actual conditions prevailing on the isthmus. The resolution, Señor Arias said, was born absolutely of the unanimous desire of the entire people of Panama and was irresistible. It was the act of a now independent government, already thoroughly organized and formally recognized by the United States government in receiving its representative, Señor M. Philippe Buenavarilla, as well as by the governments of France and Italy.

Continuing, Señor Arias said:

"Colombia will always find in this country the most sincere brotherly feeling. The political ties binding the isthmus to Colombia have been broken, but the fault is not that of the isthmus. The ties of affection, however, never can be broken."

Señor Insignares, in answer, expressed his deep sorrow at finding that the hopes of reconciliation were impossible of realization. He declared that all the people of Colombia would unite in an effort to enforce the rights of the republic on the isthmus of Panama even at the cost of great sacrifices.

Panama Envoys at New York.

New York, Nov. 17.—From the foremast head of the steamer City of Washington, which arrived today from Colon, flew the flag of the republic of Panama, and on board were the special commissioners sent by the new republic to the United States. The commissioners are Dr. Manuel E. Amador and Federico Boyd, and with them are Carlos Arosemena, secretary, and Archibald Boyd, attaché.

Frederico Boyd, asked for a statement in regard to a new canal treaty, said:

"I cannot at this time make any statement regarding our mission. We must first consult with our representative and talk the matter over. Later I will make a statement and I will be the voice for the commission. I cannot tell when we will go to Washington, though it is possible that we will remain in New York for some days."

Forty Ready to Fight 800.

Graphic descriptions of the frantic rage of the Colombian troops at Colon when they learned of the capture of their generals at Panama and the narrow escape from a conflict between the soldiers and the blue jackets from the United States gunboat Nashville, are given by the officers of the City of Washington. While the Colombian troops were threatening to destroy the railroad company's building, men, women, and children were seeking refuge in the ships in the harbor, forty men from the Nashville, with machine guns, landed, ignoring the leveled rifles of the 800 Colombian soldiers, hurriedly constructed barricades, and saved the day.

The daring bravery of the American blue jackets in opposing tremendous odds awed the Colombians, and before they could recover from their surprise the cruiser Dixie steamed into the harbor and landed 300 assistants to support the Nashville's crew.

Capt. J. E. Jones of the steamer City of Washington told the following:

"When the railroad company called on the commander of the gunboat Nashville for assistance a force of forty blue jackets landed. The latter took up a position at the freighthouse. Before the iron barred doorway they placed a flat car, on which they erected a breastwork of cotton bales. All cars were removed from the tracks for a distance of a quarter of a mile.

"At one time the Colombian troops, 800 in number, raised their rifles toward the Americans. There was a scramble by the spectators, but not a shot was fired. Then the blue jackets erected a double breastworks of cotton bales outside the railway station and mounted a machine gun. That night a strong patrol was established.

Close to a Battle.

"The situation was relieved in the evening when, after several conferences at the prefecture, the Colombian troops agreed to return to Cartagena. They were to go on the steamer Orinoco, $8,000 having been raised with which to pay their passage.

"The next day, when all was in readiness, after they had gathered at the pier they refused to budge. When the Colombians showed signs of changing their minds the United States marines formed at the head of the pier with two machine guns, ready for action. For a short time it was as critical a situation as I ever witnessed. Had the Colombians fired one shot I don't believe a man of them would have escaped. Finally, however, they decided to board their improvised transport without their commanders.

"The steamer City of Washington, which was present at the birth of the isthmian republic, was anchored in the harbor at Havana on the evening of the destruction of the battleship Maine."

Canal Interests Safe.

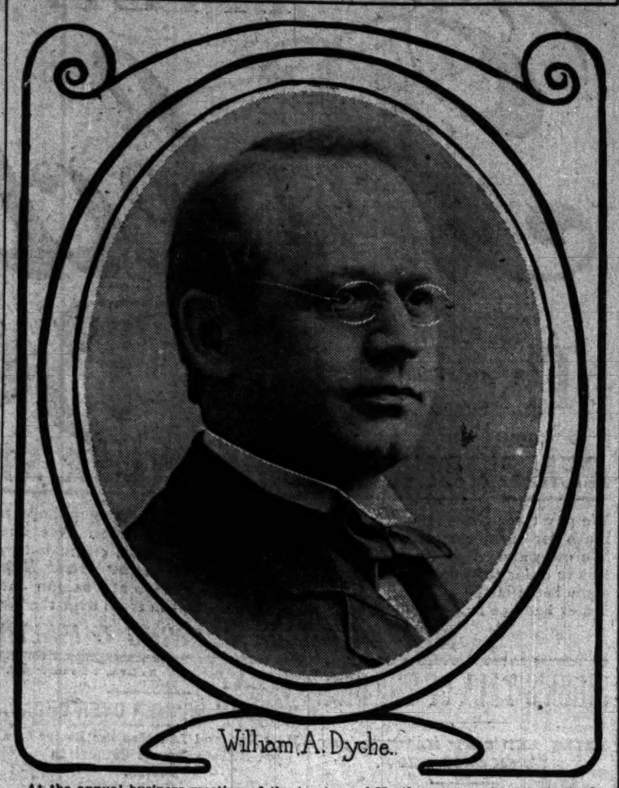
Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Two facts in connection with the Panama canal became known today.

The Panama Canal company has been prosecuting the work of canal construction for many months past under an agreement with the state department which tacitly admits the liability of the United States government for the cost of this continuing work. It is regarded as extremely desirable that there shall be no loss of property or deterioration in the work already accomplished, and Admiral Walker, who undoubtedly will be the president of the permanent canal commission if the United States assumes the work of construction, is charged particularly to look after this phase of the case.

As some part of the French press continues to urge the Panama canal directors to cancel their engagements to sell the property to the United States, it is pointed out at the state department that no such cancellation can be effected without a breach of contract that would not be tolerated by either the French government or the government of the United States.

Attorney General Knox, as the result of his visit to Paris, secured an undertaking from the canal company to sell its property to the United States for $40,000,000, the option to expire on March 4, 1903. This option expired without attracting much attention, but the state department meanwhile quietly had secured a new agreement.

NEW BUSINESS MANAGER AT NORTHWESTERN.



William A. Dyche.

At the annual business meeting of the trustees of Northwestern university yesterday it was decided that the duties of treasurer and business manager, which for twelve years have been performed by Dr. Robert D. Sheppard, should in the future be divided between two officials, a treasurer and a business manager. John R. Lindgren was elected treasurer and William A. Dyche business manager. Dr. Sheppard will continue as professor of history, and has been granted a year's leave of absence, which he will spend in Europe.

William A. Dyche was born in Monroe, O., in 1861 and graduated from Northwestern in 1882. He served as alderman in Evanston from 1802 to 1805 and then served two terms as mayor. He has been a member of the board of trustees of the university since 1894.

The other officers elected for the year were as follows:

President—William Deering.
First vice president—Oliver H. Horton.
Second vice president—H. H. C. Miller.

The board voted to establish a special course for the training of expert analysts and microscopists.

WALL STREET SUSPECTED

LONDON FINANCIERS DISPOSED TO DOUBT OPTIMISTIC REPORTS.

Daily Telegraph in Article on Situation Cites Instances in Which Usually Reliable Sources Have Sent Over Misleading Information—Specifies Advice to Buy Pennsylvania and Report That Anaconda Could Not Resume in Three Months.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Leading London papers do not share the same optimistic opinions concerning the conditions of American finance as were recently published here from private sources. The Telegraph, whose financial columns are noted for conservatism, says: "No doubt an effort will be made to keep prices firm in Wall street while financiers are disposing of blocks of bonds in order to furnish the fresh capital of which nearly all the companies are in need, but the immediate outlook is not bright, and it is an unsatisfactory feature that advices from the other side have recently become unreliable. For some time what are described as conservative Wall street firms have been recommending the purchase of Pennsylvania shares, yet the latter have fallen more in proportion than almost anything else.

"Again, within the last day or two cables were received from usually reliable sources to the effect that the Amalgamated Copper company's mines could not possibly be restarted for three months. Yet they have already been reopened.

"Some comment was caused by the telegraphic announcement that Morgan & Co. had taken the whole issue of $50,000,000 Lake Shore bonds which are seeking a home and that a large block was going abroad. Inasmuch as many other American railroad companies are known to be endeavoring to raise fresh capital and in view of the scarcity of money from which we are suffering and the needs of our own railways it is to be hoped that the financial houses in this country will not make too ready a response to American blandishments."

SULTAN SAID TO HAVE YIELDED.

Report in London That Turkey Has Accepted Austro-Russian Reform Proposals.

LONDON, Nov. 18, 3 a. m.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Express says that the sultan of Turkey has accepted the Austro-Russian plan of reform in Macedonia.

RUSSIA CHECKS A REVOLT

MANY ARRESTS REPORTED FROM WESTERN SIBERIA.

Revolutionary Conspiracy Discovered with Headquarters in the European Part of the Empire—Czar and Mikado Reported to Have Resumed Negotiations Which It Is Declared Will Lead to Peace—Japanese and Coreans in Street Fight at Seoul.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

CHEFOO, Nov. 17.—A correspondent at Kramoyarsk, in western Siberia, telegraphs news of forty arrests at Kramoyarsk in connection with a revolutionary movement, the headquarters of which are in European Russia.

A member of the Novi Mra staff has been arrested at Port Arthur, where arrests are perhaps numerous, but the police conceal everything.

Despite the cheerful tone of the Russian press, matters are at a most serious stage, owing to the impatience of the Japanese at Russian expedients to gain time.

Peace Negotiations Resumed.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—It is learned from an authoritative source that negotiations have been resumed between Russia and Japan, in respect to Manchuria, which give great promise of a successful and peaceful termination. No details are available at present.

Japanese and Coreans Clash.

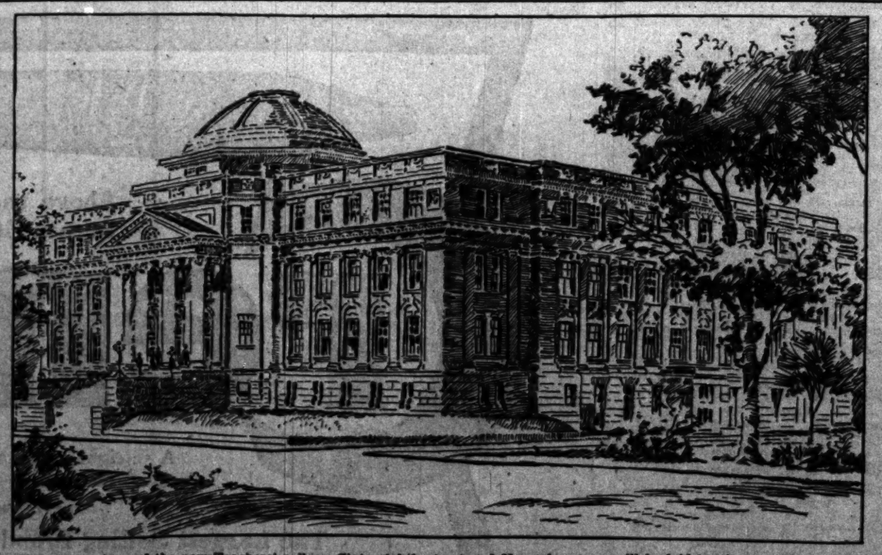
SEOUL, Nov. 17.—There is some friction here in consequence of the street brawl between Coreans and Japanese. The Japanese minister has demanded that the chiefs of the police and gendarmerie be censured and ordered to proceed to the legation of Japan and apologize for insults to Japanese subjects, and he threatens, in the event of their recurrence, to send Japanese guards to assist the police in maintaining order.

KENNETH CLARK WANTS CUP.

Clyde Yachtsman Believed to Be the One Who Will Challenge for American Trophy in 1904.

GLASGOW, Nov. 17.—It is believed that the Clyde yachtsman who proposes to challenge for the America cup in 1904 is Kenneth M. Clark, and that George L. Watson will design the yacht, on condition that Mr. Clark be allowed to challenge under the British rating rule instead of the present New York Yacht club rule. Mr. Clark is a director of Coates Limited, and his family has led Scottish yachting for a quarter of a century.

TEACHERS' COLLEGE, CORNER STONE OF WHICH IS TO BE LAID SATURDAY.



The corner stone of the new Teachers' college, Sixty-eighth street and Normal avenue, will be laid by the masonic fraternity at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Educators from many cities have been invited to witness the ceremony, which, it is declared, will mark the beginning of a new era of higher public education in Chicago.

W. B. Wright, grand master of the masonic order in Illinois, will lay the stone, and afterward services will be held in the assembly hall of the Normal Practice school. Invocation will be offered by the Rev. R. A. White, and addresses will be made by President Graham H. Harris, Commissioner of Education William T. Harris, Alfred Bayliss, superintendent of public instruction of Illinois, and Dr. Arnold Tompkins, principal of the Chicago Normal school.

It is said the structure will cost $500,000 when completed, although the appropriation is only $350,000.

LEOPOLD TO SEE ST. LOUIS FAIR

King of the Belgians Definitely Decides to Visit the United States Next Year.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BRUSSELS, Nov. 17.—It is definitely decided that King Leopold will visit the United States in the spring.

SAN DOMINGO BOMBARDED

REVOLUTIONISTS EXPECTED TO MAKE GENERAL ASSAULT.

City Is Invested by 4,000 Soldiers—Gen. Wos y Gil Refuses to Capitulate—Fighting on Streets Looked For at Any Time — American Ship Fired On at Samana, but Escapes Uninjured — United States Government Refuses Recognition to Insurgents.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SAN DOMINGO, Nov. 16.—[Delayed.]—A general bombardment of the city by the insurgents was begun today. The city is completely invested by 4,000 men under Pichardo and four other generals.

A general attack is expected within the next few days. Gen. Wos y Gil refuses to capitulate and severe fighting is expected. Gens. Wenceslao Figuero and Juan Francisco Sanches are refugees in the foreign legations.

The situation is desperate and fighting in the streets is likely to occur at any moment.

Fire on American Ship.

The revolutionists fired on the Clyde liner New York as the steamer entered the port of Samana. The vessel was not injured.

A German naval vessel is ready to land troops at a moment's notice.

The insurgents endeavored to have United States Minister Powell recognize them, but this the minister refused to do. Minister Powell is endeavoring to protect American interests with the limited means at his disposal. The United States cruiser Baltimore has been compelled to leave to recoal.

Arbitrators Are Appointed.

The Dominican government has appointed Minister of Foreign Relations Galvan and Judge George Gray of Delaware as commissioners to arbitrate the Santo Domingo improvement matter, as the result of Minister Powell's determination to compel the carrying out of the terms of the protocol. Commissioner Galvan will leave for the United States tomorrow. It is possible that the insurgents may endeavor to capture him.

Refused Recognition.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—The revolutionists of Santo Domingo today applied to the state department for recognition by the United States. The state department has declined the recognition.

FINDS BIG MARKET IN AFRICA.

British Commissioner Reports an Increase of 250 Per Cent in the Last Ten Years.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The board of trade today issued an interesting blue book containing the report of Henry Birchenough, who was sent to south Africa to inquire into the prospects of British trade.

Commissioner Birchenough lays stress on the magnitude of the south African market, which he says has increased 250 per cent in the last ten years, the greatest increase, however, having been shown in the last two years. The value of this trade now exceeds the sum of $235,000,000.

American rivalry is in concentrated and well defined branches of trade. Commissioner Birchenough points out that competition from the United States is materially aided by the low freight rates at which competing British vessels carry American cargoes.

STERNBURG DISCUSSES TRADE.

Says Prospect of Treaty with United States Is Remote, as Americans Are Too Well Placed.

BERLIN, Nov. 17.—The Chemnitz correspondent of the North German Gazette has had an interview with Boran von Sternburg, German ambassador at Washington, regarding German-American trade and tariff matters. As to whether there is any prospect of moderating the alleged rigorous treatment of German goods by the United States customs authorities the ambasador is represented as saying that the position of American manufacturers and their financial backers is such that seldom can anything be accomplished by the mere lodgment of complaints. Regarding a commercial treaty with the United States, the ambassador said: "At present such a treaty is not to be thought of."

HAS NEW TUBERCULOSIS CURE.

Dr. Marmorek of the Pasteur Institute Gives Results of a Year's Test of His Serum.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Dr. Marmorek, the Austrian bacteriologist, who until recently was a leading chemist in the Pasteur institute, has communicated to the Academy of Science the results of his experiments for curing tuberculosis. He has a serum of vaccine which he believes is efficacious. He has used it for more than a year, obtaining favorable results in tuberculosis, although he has not succeeded in cases of tuberculosis meningitis. Dr. Marmorek claims to have made several absolute cures, besides effecting distinct improvement in some advanced cases. Dr. Marmorek's method of preparing the serum is extremely complicated.

PRINCE MAY FORGIVE HIS WIFE.

Partial Reconciliation of Princess Louise of Saxony and Her Husband Indicated by Recent Letters.

VIENNA, Nov. 17.—The decision of ex-Crown Princess Louise of Saxony to reside at Ventnor, England, indicates a partial reconciliation with the crown prince. The princess complained to her husband that she was virtually a prisoner at Ronno. Correspondence between the crown prince and his wife ensued, which it is hoped in some quarters may lead to a reconciliation.

ITALIAN RULERS DINE AT WINDSOR

King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena Are Guests of British Royalty.

CROWDS CHEER VISITORS.

Rest of the Week, Until Time for Departure on Saturday, Will Be Fully Occupied.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 17.—King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena of Italy dined at Windsor castle tonight with King Edward, Queen Alexandra, and the royal family.

The suite of the Italian guests and members of the British household dined in a separate chamber. Both dinners were in a measure informal, as the guests were fatigued by their journey and the demands that had been made upon them since their arrival in London.

King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena arrived at Portsmouth at 10:40 o'clock in the morning. The warships in the harbor fired salutes in honor of their majesties, and the prince of Wales went aboard the royal yacht to welcome them as soon as the vessel touched.

After greetings had been exchanged between the royal personages, the naval and military commanders were introduced to the king and queen, and the mayor of Portsmouth presented an address to King Victor Emmanuel, who briefly expressed his thanks for the message of good will from the citizens.

After lunch on board the yacht the king and queen and the prince of Wales disembarked and King Victor Emmanuel inspected the guards of honor and the naval cadets from the college at Osborne, after which the party entered a train and started for Windsor amid another salute from the guns of the fleet.

The royal visitors received an enthusiastic welcome at Windsor. The streets were gayly bedecked and enormous crowds from the surrounding country lined the approaches to the station and the entire route to the castle.

Greeted by King and Queen.

The station was handsomely draped with the Italian colors. King Edward, Queen Alexandra, and other members of the royal family awaited the Italian sovereigns on the platform and the greetings between the hosts and guests were most cordial.

After the presentation of an address from the mayor and corporation of Windsor to King Victor Emmanuel a procession was formed. The two kings, the prince of Wales, and the duke of Connaught occupied the first carriage and the two queens and Princess Victoria were seated in the second vehicle.

These were followed by six state carriages containing the suites, all drawn by white horses, with postillions in red and gold liveries.

Program for the Visit.

The program for tomorrow includes pheasant shooting in the Windsor coverts. King Edward, the prince of Wales, and the duke of Connaught will accompany the king and queen of Italy. During their visit the Italian sovereigns will visit Frogmore and lay wreaths on the tomb of Queen Victoria.

The program of entertainment of the Italian royalties includes a state banquet at St. George's hall, followed by a reception of ambassadors and ministers on Thursday, a royal visit to London, a dinner in the oak room, the performance of "David Garrick" by George Wyndham in the Waterloo chamber, and supper in St. George's hall. Friday there will be pheasant shooting on the Crandorne preserves and a banquet in St. George's hall. Their majesties leave for home on Saturday.

GERMANS MAY PLANT COTTON.

Students to Be Sent to Texas to Study Methods of Raising the White Staple.

BERLIN, Nov. 17.—The German Colonial society may send a number of young men to Texas agricultural schools to study the methods of growing cotton. The students will sign a contract to spend a number of years in the service of the German Colonial society. The society has just sent a Texan named Becker to Dar-Es-Salaam, in German east Africa, who will be the first American cotton expert to arrive there.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 9.]

COLLINS—William James, Nov. 17, suddenly, at his home, 478 Warren-st. Burial from St. Andrew's church, Robey-st. and Washington-blvd., Thursday, Nov. 19, at 1:30 p. m.

AUDITORIUM
MATINEE TODAY
SPECIAL PRICES.. 25c & 50c
TONIGHT
BOOK SOUVENIR
Every lady holding a reserved seat coupon will be presented with a copy of the $1.50 edition of the novel.
THE BEST NEW ENGLAND PLAY,
QUINCY ADAMS SAWYER

AUDITORIUM
SUNDAY, NOV. 22
Mat. at 2:30. Eve at 8:15
CREATORE AND HIS ITALIAN BAND OF 60
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1
SEATS ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
TONIGHT AT 8 And for Four Weeks
MR. RICHARD MANSFIELD
—IN—
"OLD HEIDELBERG."
A Play in Five Acts by MEYER-FORSTER.
Dec. 14—For One Week MR. MANSFIELD in "IVAN THE TERRIBLE," a Tragedy in Five Acts by ALEXIS TOLSTOI.

Next Sunday (NOV. 22), —AT— 3:30.
George Hamlin's 28th Concert.
Adele Aus Der Ohe
Frederick Howard, Baritone.
50c, 75c, $1.

McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Proprietor.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
3 WEEKS ONLY.
GET YOUR MONEY DOWN QUICK OR YOU'LL BE TOO LATE TO SEE
CHECKERS
EVERY NIGHT. MATS. WED. AND SAT.
EXTRA THANKSGIVING MATINEE.

STUDEBAKER POPULAR MATINEE TODAY $1.00, 75c & 50c.
Four Weeks' Operatic Festival.
TONIGHT—DOUBLE BILL.
Mr. Henry W. Savage Offers
GRAND OPERA in ENGLISH
Mat. Today, Friday Evening (First here in English) OTHELLO
Tonight, Sat. Eve. (Double Bill) Three Acts of Lucia di Lammermoor Followed by Cavalleria Rusticana
Thurs. Evening, Sat. Mat., CARMEN

COLISEUM DAILY AND SUNDAY
10 A. M. to 11 P. M. Until Nov. 28.
SPORTSMEN'S SHOW
SEE MADAM LILJENS in Her METEORIC DIVE
BARNES' DIVING ELKS.
Band Concert by Forrest 7th Regt. Band
ADMISSION, 50c. CHILDREN, 25c.

97 TIMES LA SALLE THEATER MADISON ST., BET. CLARK & LA SALLE
THE SUCCESS OF 1903.
ISLE OF SPICE
IT PLEASES EVERYBODY.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
John & Emma Ray. Jas. Richmond Glenroy. Winona & Banks Winter. Russell & Locke. Franzmathews & Lewis. Grierson Sisters. Bailey & Spiller. The Kinodrome.
Wilno & Marinette. White & Simmons Co. 3—W. Lantz. 5—St. Leon Family—5. Frank & Gladden. Edward La Zelle. Marvelle & Marvelle. Hattie Hunter.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Binns, Binns & Binns. Alcide Capitaine. Mr. & Mrs. Robbins. The Lamonts. Edwards & Ronney. The Dehikes. Southworth & Davison. The Kinodrome.
Stuart Barnes. 5—Fleury Trio—5. Alice Raymond. Morrissey & Rich. Myers & Rose. Van Fossen & McAuley. Arthur Eddy. McCallom Brothers.
PRICES—5, 10, 20 AND 25 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Robert Hilliard & Co. Florence Bindley. Dillon Brothers. William Windom. 3—Juggling Jordans—3. Bert Lennon. Stoddard & Wilson. The Kinodrome.
Lew Hawkins. 4—The Nightons—4. Henri Humberty. 3—Musical Westons—3. Marvelous Pascals. Mr. & Mrs. Wright. Gladys Middleton. Percy Heath.
10, 20, 30c—Orchestra, Reserved, 50c; Balcony, Reserved, 25c

DAILY MATINEE HOPKINS Telephone 6455 Har.
A MONTANA OUTLAW
Matinee Prices . . . . . 10c—20c
Sunday Mat. and Evening Prices . . . 10—20—30c

TROCADERO State & Van Buren Sts. Tel. Har. 2097.
Mat. Daily, 10, 20, 30, 50c. Smoke If You Like.
Moonlight Maids Burlesquers.

SAM T. JACK'S
Madison-st., nr. State. Tel. Cen. 2198
2 Big Shows Every Day at 2 & 8
THE KENTUCKY BELLES.
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c, 50c.

BUSH TEMPLE—Phone North 580.
Clyde Fitch's Great Comedy Drama.
The Moth and the Flame
Grand Cathedral Scene. Prince's Bowery Quintet.
Next—Revival of THE DANITES.
25c Mats. . . . . Sun., Wed., Thurs., Sat.

GREAT NORTHERN TONIGHT. MAT. TODAY
EUGENIE BLAIR in
TODAY MAGDA TONIGHT
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EVANSTON TEAM DRIVEN INDOORS.

Cold Weather Causes Players to Seek Shelter After an Hour's Work.

ONLY TWO MEN NOT OUT.

Colton and Fleager Are Still Laid Up — Signal Practice at Madison.

The cold, raw wind which whistled over Sheppard field yesterday afternoon drove the football men to seek shelter in the gymnasium after they had practiced an hour in the open air. In the gymnasium there was an hour of secret signal work.

Almost all of the football squad appeared for practice, the only regular players still laid up being Colton and Fleager. The squad was worked at running down punts and forming interference on the kickoff, while the linemen were given special work on the charging machine. Most of the men have recovered from their soreness and the practice went off with the snap and go which characterised the work last week. The practice will be open today and tomorrow, and on Friday it will be secret.

To arouse enthusiasm for the game with Wisconsin, there will be a special massmeeting Friday night at 8 o'clock in Fiske hall. At the massmeeting the band will play and there will be songs and speeches. Among the speakers will be President James, Mayor Barker, Marshall M. Kirkman, and Wirt H. Humphrey.

Seats for both the Wisconsin and Carlisle Indian games will be placed on sale this morning at Spalding's and at the Northwestern university building. Manager Butterworth said yesterday that no carriages or automobiles would be allowed at either game, as the field is underlaid with tiles. Both games will be played at the south side ball park, Wentworth avenue and Thirty-ninth street.

SIGNAL PRACTICE AT MADISON.

Wisconsin Team Goes Through Half Hour Drill, No Scrimmage Being Attempted Because of Frozen Ground.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Half an hour's fast signal practice on the lower campus constituted the work of the varsity squad today; no scrimmage being tried because the ground was frozen and the men still felt their bruises. All the regulars were in the lineup with the exception of Capt. Abbott, who has a badly bruised hand and leg, but who will get into shape again in a day or so.

The practice during the rest of the season will not be particularly hard, as there will be too much chance for injury to the men, and the games are too close to run any risk. Since the last defeat the team has not lost spirit, and will bend every energy to win the two remaining games. The men are not saying much about the Northwestern game, but believe they can win by possibly two touchdowns, although the Methodists are considered a strong aggregation.

The students are supporting the team as loyally as ever, and the appearance of a football man at classes during the last few days has been a signal for cheering. To them a victory over Minnesota would be sweet recompense for the whole season of defeats, for rivalry with the Gophers is intense, and Wisconsin has the proud boast that Minn. is never defeated it on Randall field to sustain.

A large crowd of "rooters" will follow the team to Chicago next Saturday, as a rate of $1 for the round trip has been made. The team will leave here Friday morning and the "rooters'" train will follow Saturday morning. Everett Wrenn is the only official decided on for the game with Northwestern.

The freshman team, which is to play the University of Chicago freshmen at Madison on Nov. 21, is working hard, and expects to win over Stagg's youngsters. A game between Fort Atkinson and Eau Claire for the high school championship of the state will be played at Madison on Thanksgiving day morning.

OPEN PRACTICE AT MICHIGAN.

Coach Yost Teaches Men Chicago Formations — Bigelow Takes Place of Bedden at End.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—In open practice today Michigan began learning the formations of Chicago. Intense cold kept the spectators off the field and those who were on hand for practice were required to undergo identification by members of the team showing that they were Michigan students.

A new departure was the use of Bigelow at end in place of Carl Redden. Yost has thus far trained few substitute ends, relying on Half Back Graver to fill possible vacancies. Bigelow has been used as a substitute full back and tackle all season.

Michigan's practice for Chicago was radically different from the preliminaries for Wisconsin. The entire afternoon was spent in signal practice, or perfecting formations and getting up speed on cross tracks and trick plays. No elementary work was given. Hammond and Curtis had a long place kicking drill. Fifteen men were in the signal practice, forming two back fields. The second set of backs followed up every play, imitating it to learn their positions. Curtis, Longman, and Schulte were absent from practice on account of classes.

Yost and Trainer Fitzpatrick concentrated their coaching on the regular eleven, though the trainers usually take care of the second. Yost was in the midst of every play and halted the eleven after each formation, pointing out some mistake to each man.

The men worked in fine spirit, responding with increased patience and effort to every admonition. Signal practice was so fierce that Eyke received a bad cut over the left eye on a mix in signals. The slight athletic management's doubts as to the wisdom of the Chicago plan to charge $3 for mid-field seats.

MINNESOTA WORKS INDOORS.

Coach Williams' Men Are Forced to Practice in Armory Because of Cold Weather.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Owing to a decided fall in temperature, the Minnesota football team was forced to practice in the armory today. Northrop field is frozen, and Dr. Williams does not wish to take any chances of injury to his men during the coming week.

Unless the weather grows warmer the program for the week will be materially changed, and the Gophers will not receive the benefits afforded by outdoor work. In this case the team cannot be rounded into the best form for the Wisconsin game on Thanksgiving day.

Fast signal and formation practice was held in the armory, and the men did a little sprinting around the track. Rogers and Harris, together with some of the substitutes, went out on the field to practice kicking, but were soon driven in by the cold. It is now manifest that if the present weather conditions continue the Gophers' chances of defeating the Badgers are materially lessened.

Illinois Loses Diener.

Urbana, Ill., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—"Dutch" Diener, the best Illinois back, quit the squad today. Diener's studies compel his undivided attention and Woodruff must find a player to take his place. The loss of Diener will be severely felt. In the signal practice this evening Huntoon was in the back field while Barter was at quarter back. The players will probably have their last scrimmage tomorrow evening. Several of the players are being given good rests, and it is thought the Illini will be in good shape when they leave to tackle Iowa. The Iowa game was set for Friday, but through a misunderstanding was advertised for Saturday. Accordingly, the Illinois management has agreed to play on Saturday. Hoagland and Darby will probably be the officials.

Light Work at Chicago.

Chicago football players did light work yesterday, and Jatlin, Ahlswede, and Nordenholt did not report for practice at all. Seats for the Thanksgiving day game with Michigan will be placed on sale today at Cobb hall.

Want to Play Football.

St. Vincent's college, for game next Saturday and Thanksgiving day. John J. Hennessey, St. Vincent's college, is manager.

Rosen Park, with team averaging 125 pounds, for game Thanksgiving day. C. A. Griffith, 142 Washington avenue, is manager.

Nonames, with teams averaging 128 pounds, south side eleven preferred. E. F. Hagenauer, 8044 Cottage Grove avenue, is manager.

Iroquois, with 120 pound teams, for Nov. 22 and 26. F. R. Dolan, 1149 Thirteenth street, is manager.

Ravenswood A. C., with team weighing 150 pounds, for game next Saturday. H. J. Shroubree, 2726 North Robey street, is manager.

Spartans, with 140 pound eleven, for game next Sunday. O. H. Sommer, 812 West Twenty-third street, is manager.

DRAKE TO STOP BETTING.

CHICAGO HORSEMAN TIRES OF THE NOTORIETY RESULTING.

Declares He Won Only a Small Sum on the Victories of High Chancellor and Ort Welles at Bennings Monday, and Yet Was Credited with Winning $100,000—Will Let His Animals Run for the Purses Next Season, Although He Likes to Wager.

New York, Nov. 17.—[Special.]—John A. Drake, the Chicago capitalist and turfman, who has gained much fame as a plunger on the race track, denies he won an enormous sum by the victory of his horses, High Chancellor and Ort Wells, at the Bennings race track near Washington last Monday.

He furthermore made this declaration tonight: "I race horses for sport primarily. I like to bet, but betting is a secondary consideration with me. I dislike the notoriety that has been given me, and next year I do not intend to bet. If I cannot avoid this notoriety I am going to sell my horses and quit the turf."

Drake's denial of having won $100,000 by the victories of High Chancellor and Ort Wells were called forth by reports by which he was said to have deceived the bookmakers by betting in poolrooms all over the country.

"I did not plan any coup," said Mr. Drake tonight, "and necessarily I could not execute one on High Chancellor and Ort Wells. I did bet on my horses at Bennings, however, sending commissions by wire to the track. I bet $500 on Burlew's colt, Hylas, and lost it. I then bet $500 against $1,750 on High Chancellor and won it. Then I bet $1,000 against $2,550 on Ort Wells and won it. So, you see, I lost $500 and won $4,330, making my net winnings $3,830. That is all I won, and that is not quite $100,000, is it?

"My betting operations are always magnified and if all reports were true I should be a billionaire. Because of my success last year people all over the west back my horses, and if the poolrooms lost any large sums of money those people won it. I made my fortune before I owned a racehorse, and my horses win enough to pay their keep. I like to bet, but if I am to be given notoriety I will quit. Next year I do not intend to bet. I will be content to see my horses run for the purses.

"I think I have great prospects for 1904. I love to see good horse races and can afford to own horses without betting on them."

FAIR PRICES AT HORSE SALE.

Seventy-nine Head Are Sold at the Dispersal, the Average Being $209.

The second day of the Chicago Horse Sale company's fall dispersal of high class trotters was well attended and the bidding was spirited. Seventy-nine head were sold, bringing an average of $209. The highest price paid was for the mare Brash, 2:14¼, going to H. R. Holland of Galesburg, Ill., for $575. Seventy-five horses are catalogued to be sold today, among them the great Melbourne stock farm consignment. The best sales were:

Brash, 2:14¼, b. m., 10, by Red Heart—Pique, by Kentucky Wilkes; H. R. Holland, Galesburg, Ill., $575.

Diamond Queen and Queen Bess, team, dark b. m., 6 and 7, Diamond Queen by Durange and Queen Bess by Billy Wilkes; Aura Booth, Albany, Ind., $500.

Crawford, 2:24½, b. m., 10, by Onward—Medium-no, by Happy Medium; Connolly & Shotwell, Philadelphia, Pa., $310.

Dan W., 2:17¼, r. g., 8, by Live Oak—Hero; Connolly & Shotwell, Philadelphia, Pa., $480.

Miss Blackburn, pony, b. m., 10, by Chancellor—Lady Goldsmith; by Alden Goldsmith; Connolly & Shotwell, Philadelphia, Pa., $450.

Fred Kohl, b. g., 5, by Tepsy Dumas, by Dumas; John Smith, Kansas City, Mo., $480.

Redmon, c. s., by Red Medium—Novice, by Nutwood; Thomas Frey & Chapin, Danville, Ill., $420.

Ted Williams, r. g., 9, by De Jarnette—Anna Hal, Grace Hayes; Connolly & Shotwell, Portsmouth, O., $400.

Morgan sisters' team, c. m., 5 and 6, by Morgan Prince; Mrs. Yookey, Chicago, $400.

Frank and Polo, team, seal br. g., 5 and 6; A. B. Moore, Greenburg, Pa., $380.

Colonel Jim, b. g., 7, by Allerton—Ogarette, by Clay; J. Leary, Riceville, Ia., $360.

Baretsa, b. m., 6, by Baron Dillon—Princessia, by Prince Wilkes; Connolly & Shotwell, Philadelphia, Pa., $355.

Tom Elliott, b. g., 2:24¼, b. g., 4, by Corwood—Nora Hayes, Grace Hayes; Connolly & Shotwell, Philadelphia, Pa., $320.

Contention, b. g., by Expedition—Addie Leggett, by Young Jim; A. G. Green, Taylorville, Ill., $300.

Cherry Valley, 2:21¼, c. s., 7, by Morris M.—Belle Jefferys, by Edwin L.; George N. Daniforth, Chicago, $270.

Helen Gould, p., 2:14¼, c. m., 10, by Pygmalion—Adda Billet, by Champs [Scott's]; A. G. Danforth, Washington, Ill., $210.

Mary Hubbub, b. m., 8, by Hubbut—Brickasnt, by Benant; J. D. Hinbotham, Antwerp, O., $210.

Banito, trial 2:16, b. s., 6, by Bunton Wilkes—Donetta, by Davenant; S. D. Squires & Co., Hinsdale, Ill., $210.

Mayola, p., 2:14½, b. m., 6, by Muggins—Ciola, by Senator Goulddust; Guy M. Hester, Jamaica, Ia., $210.

St. Vicar, c. c., 1, by Manager—Glennie Vincent, by St. Vincent; Frank Landers, Bloomington, Ill., $200.

GOOD SALES AT LEXINGTON.

Second Day of Disposal of Melbourne Brood Mares Is a Success—Bagpipes Brings $1,500.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 17.—The second day of the Melbourne brood mare sale opened with good prices. The best sales were:

Jo Ellis, b. m., 11, Elias Lawrence—Bagpipes, $525; C. D. Chenault, Lexington, Ky.

Bagpipes, b. m., 15, by Duff—Sonora, $1,500; R. H. McCarter, Potter, N. Y.

Lille Belle, b. m., 8, imp. Pirate of Pensance—Ajma, $500; Milton, Lexington.

Twitter, ch. m., 13, imp. Rayon d'Or—Twilight, $800; Earl Sellers, Lexington.

Nethersole, ch. m., 5, tournament—Fairy Slipper, $1,025; W. T. Knight, Nicholasville, Ky.

Ch. c., by Handspring—Maid of Promise, $900; Baker & Gentry, Lexington.

B. c., by Jim Gore—Bagpipes, $900; Jack Chinn, Harrodsburg, Ky.

Ch. c., by Jim Gore—Paradise Won, $650; R. H. Meyers, Dayton, O.

B. c., Rainbow—Highland Princess, $600; Daniel O'Brien, Lexington, Ky.

Brown colt by Handspring—Charlotta C., Sidney Bedford, Paris, Ky.

Chestnut colt, by St. Julian—Countess of Runnymede, Baker & Gentry, Lexington, $550.

Bay colt by Handspring—Lady Elite, Woodford Clay, Paris, $300.

Chestnut f., by Handspring—Fare-Thee-Well, Joe Keene, Lexington.

Prince of Monaco, ch. st., 11, by St. Blaise—Carina, Mrs. W. S. Barnes, $2,000.

Rainbow, b. h., 13, by Longfellow—Buff and Blue, Mrs. W. S. Barnes, $2,000.

Jim Gore, br. st., 12, by Hindoo—Katie, F. D. Kinzer, Jr., Versailles, $475.

St. Julien, ch. st., 12, by imp. St. Blaise—Carina, Mrs. W. S. Barnes, $1,000.

Blizzard, b. c., by Hindoo—Was sold today for $6,950, fourteen yearlings for $3,875, thirty-eight weanlings for $11,330, and four stallions for $4,970—a total of 142 horses for $94,765.

Keene Horses to Be Sold at Auction.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 17.—[Special.]—It has been announced that the principal horses belonging to the Keenes, including Bobrinski and Lancaster, which are entered in next year's Derby, Sweeper, and a number of others, except Cap and Bells, will be sold at auction at Tattersall's, on Dec. 7.

New York, Nov. 17.—[Special.]—James R. Keene said at his office in this city today that neither he nor his son Foxhall had any idea of retiring from the English or American turf. The sale referred to in the London dispatch, he declared, is only his annual weeding out of horses from his stable which he does not want.

$15,000 Offer for Tokalon.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—G. W. Scott, the Texas turfman, arrived here last night to attend the thoroughbred sales. In an interview he divulged the fact that he had declined an offer of $15,000 for his crack 2 year old filly Tokalon, by Tammany, dam Enid, by imp. Sir Modred, but refused to state who made the tender. Scott believes Tokalon the fastest 2 year old in training. She has won five races this season, in one of which she reduced the five furlong record for the Worth track to :59 1-5. She cost $125 as a yearling.

YACHT CLUB TO HOLD MEETING.

Annual Session and Election of the Chicago Organization to Be Held at Victoria on Nov. 24.

The Chicago Yacht club will hold its annual meeting at the Victoria hotel on Tuesday, Nov. 24, at 8 o'clock, and the election of officers for the coming year will be held from 4 to 8 o'clock. Following is the regular ticket: Commodore, Marshall D. Wilber; vice commodore, G. H. Atkin; rear commodore, W. L. Baum; directors for two years, J. A. Edminson and W. F. Cameron; judge advocate, N. W. Hecker; fleet surgeon, Dr. Raymond C. Turck; delegate to L. M. Y. A., E. P. Warner; delegate to I. L. Y. A., G. H. Lytton.

The committee appointed by the commodore last June for the investigation of the most suitable class of boat for the Chicago Yacht club will present its report at the meeting and sundry amendments to the bylaws will be voted on. It is expected there will be a large gathering of yachtsmen. A number of new boats are being talked of by members.

Chicago Man Elected at Cornell.

Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Edward J. Blair, 1905, of Chicago, has been elected assistant manager of the Cornell crew, and Joseph G. Murphy, 1905, of Detroit, assistant manager of the baseball team.

SAN NICHOLAS WINS AT OAKLAND

Former Crack Racer Spread Eagles His Field and Is an Easy Winner.

ALBULA TAKES HANDICAP

Kenilworth Is an Odds On Favorite, but Makes an Indifferent Showing.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Although it has been claimed that there are more horses ready to race than at the beginning of any racing season, owners are slow in making a start. The card offered today was lacking in interest.

San Nicholas made his reappearance after a year's absence, and he spreadeagled the field opposed to him. San Nicholas is an extremely fast horse, but he has a bad leg. He pulled up sound, however, and should win several more races in the near future. The handicap resulted in the easiest kind of a win for Albula. Kenilworth was an odds on favorite, and he made a most indifferent showing. The way that Albula was backed made it look as if some people knew that Kenilworth was not due to win.

Sterling Towers, which captured the first race, was as good as 20 to 1. Green B. Morris arrived today, but brought no horses. Divina has improved wonderfully since last season, and it will take a good one to beat her. Many California horsemen think she can't beat any horse brought out from the east. Summaries:

First race, 6½ furlongs—Sterling Towers, 95 pounds (J. Lewis), 18 to 1, won; Marchio, 108 (Sel), 11 to 2, second; Cherries, 99 (Hildebrand), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:21¼. Rinaldo, Chelino, Achilles, Red Tip, Ural, Delvista, and Parsifal ran.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Eugenie B., 106 pounds (D. Hall), 7 to 2, won; Targette, 100 (Hildebrand), 20 to 1, second; Red Cross Nurse, 109 (Sel), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:01⅘. Durbar, Miss Ringletta, Libbie Candid, Miss May Bowdish, Queen Fay, and Gottlieben ran.

Third race, 1 mile—Arabo, 110 pounds (J. Martin), even, won; Heather Honey, 107 (Henderson), 9 to 1, second; Lacy Crawford, 98 (L. Spencer), 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:41⅘. The Don and Dotteral ran.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs, handicap—Albula, 110 pounds (Adkins), 2 to 1, won; Rollick, 100 (Martin), 5 to 1, second; Surgeon, 104 (Tullett), 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:20⅘. Redwaid, Ray Cox, Billy Moore, Ladua, Constellator, and Gawaina ran.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Royalty, 104 pounds (Ferrell), 3 to 1, won; Illowaho, 110 (Sel), 12 to 1, second; Ormond, 100 (Hildebrand), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:48. C. B. Campbell, Primos Blazes, Jack Demund, and Grand Sachem ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, 6 furlongs—Ellie d'Or, 107 pounds; Loyal Prince, 112; Tracadero Maid, 104; Sir Nogg, Leasch, 97, Man of Honor, Aggressor, 99.

Second race, 6½ furlongs—Neko, Bombardier, The Bugaboo, 106 pounds; Fred Mulholland, Miss Wilde, 102; Jack Little, Linimuin, 109; Instrument, E. J. Cox, Ananias, Harbor, 106.

Third race, 1 mile—Hellgate, Meehanus, 109 pounds; Mollie Alscott, Tower of Candles, 104; Blue Miracle, 94; Madame Bishop, 102; Vigoroso, 105; Pastorio, 107; Ida Pickering, 97; Kitty Kelly, 111.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs—Hazerdon, 106 pounds; Ghibelline, Moana, Sadi Sham, Monsoon Maid, 109; John A. Scott, Benisah, Fort Wayne, Alice Carey, Crosius, 106; Irridium, 107; Burnie Bunton, 112.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Eros, 101 pounds; Rio Shannon, 102; Dupont, 98; Blessed Damosel, 102; Dorsal S., 100; Position, 107; Veteran, 109.

Sixth race, 1 mile, handicap—Beau Ormonde, 111 pounds; Bragg, 103; Warte Night, 105; Dainty, 102.

FONSOLUCA WINS HANDICAP.

Defeats Tam O'Shanter and Judge Himes, the Favorite, Over Sloppy Track at Latonia.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 17.—Only three horses started in the Stag handicap at Latonia today. The track was sloppy and after the scratches the race looked easy for Judge Himes. He was a 10 to 10 favorite and heavily played. Fonsoluca was the second choice at 6 to 5, while Tam O'Shanter was at 7 to 1.

After chasing Tam O'Shanter for a mile, Judge Himes weakened and the race was a two horse contest thereafter, Fonsoluca winning in the hardest kind of a drive by a nose. Tam O'Shanter got the place by two lengths.

The only feature was the victory of Miss Aubrey, who galloped home in the last race at odds of 40 to 1. Weather cold. Summaries:

First race, 1 mile—Saturday, 97 pounds [Phillips], 7 to 2, won; Easy Trade, 92 [Boland], 20 to 1, second; Christine A., 100 [J. Hicks], 9 to 5, third. Time, 1:51. Mint Leaf, Helendon, Homeboy, Dandy Jim, Lowly, Binehello, Illuminate, Dutch Comedian, Hathgar, Ben Frost, and Lizzette S. ran.

Second race, 2 year olds, 5 furlongs—Fonsoluca, 105 pounds [D. Austin], 6 to 5, won; Tam O'Shanter, 96 [Nichol], 7 to 10, second; Judge Himes, 115 [Phillips], 9 to 5, third. Time, 1:05. Sprig.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs—Preakness, 99 pounds [Phillips], 4 to 5, won; Hobson's Choice, 91 [Nichol], 12 to 1, second; Proyator, 101 [Dieterle], 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:12⅘. Langford James, Gus Quarles, Jim Ferrin, Sea Graves, Barney Dreyfus, Major Tompkins, Ben White, and Blue, Korn, Omress, and Lord French ran.

Sixth race, 1 mile—Miss Aubrey, 99 pounds [Lindsay], 40 to 1, won; Lady Matchless, 100; Fireman, 15 to 1, second; Mamselle, 98 [J. McIntyre], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:40¾. Kilmorie, Ralf, Hurricane, Don Howard, Nat Woodcock, Ta la la, and Sir Paul ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, mile and 50 yards, selling—Domadge, Illuminate, Lady Radnor, 104 pounds; Tom Hall, Harold, Birkie, 107; Lady Matchless, 99; Boundary, Beauclaire, 97; Nestoria, 95.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Applause, 104 pounds; Bradley, 107; Beckler, Lady Strathden, 100; Annie Robinson, 99; Snowcap, 98; Lady Vivian, Rachel Ward, Nettie E., 94; Bride, 93; Miss Mollie, Lady Hamilton, 91.

Third race, 1 mile, selling—Antolee, 106 pounds; Chantrelle, Tancred, 103; Frank Mc., 104; Lola L., Kikiwaua, 99; Pinky Lee, 98; Kelley, 96.

Fourth race, steeplechase, short course—Ceylon, 156 pounds; Faraday Jr., 135; Red Cap, 134; Mr. Ross, 132; Volanting, 129; Sea Breeze, 126.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs—Rainland, Delmonico, Commodore, 112 pounds; War Paint, 107; Harfang, Woodlyn, Barney Lynch, 104.

Sixth race, mile and 50 yards, selling—John Yerkes, Locust, Blossom, Worthington, 104 pounds; Branch, Taffy, Mandamus, 101; Flora Bright, Orpheum, Bob Franklin, 100.

Talent Beats "Bookies" at Bennings.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—The heavy downpour of rain and an ordinary card confined the attendance to the regulars at Bennings today. Form players secured the better of the bookies, four favorites winning. Burdette and Cloverland, both played heavily, won. Track heavy. Summaries:

First race, selling, 3 year old, 7 furlongs, Columbia course—Glorious, 98 pounds [Higgins], 7 to 1, won; Widow's Mite, 94 [E. Walsh], 5 to 1, second; Wager, 93 [Creamer], 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:29. Lord Advocate, Minotaur, and Orioff ran.

Second race, 3 year olds, fillies, 6 furlongs—Burdetta, 100 pounds [J. Walsh], 6 to 1, won; Ancestor, 104 [Creamer], 6 to 1, second; M. Theo, 109 [Romanelli], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:17. Teepee, Hydrangea, and Queen Belle ran.

Third race, 1 mile and 40 yards—Wild Pirate, 103 pounds [Higgins], 7 to 2, won; Trepan, 100 [Redfern], 5 to 1, second; Satire, 106 [Pickering], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:48 3-5. McWilliams, Miss Ille Peyton, Stonewall, and Hot ran.

Fourth race, 2 year olds, 5 furlongs—Golden Drop, 109 pounds [Fuller], 4 to 5, won; Reveille, 112 [Redfern], 2 to 1, second; Sweet Tone, 101 [Romanelli], 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:16. Pirrol, Mohican, Suste Christian, Miss Shylock, Tol San, and Seagate ran.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 40 yards—Cloverland, 110 pounds [Fletcher], 7 to 1, won; Burning Glass, 101 [Pickering], 10 to 1, second; Russell Garth, 110 [Dyer], 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:45. Exile, Albany Girl, Lady Knighthood, Singing Girl, East Kelston, Meteorite, Lady Welbeck, and Hair Apparent ran.

Sixth race, selling, mares, 1 mile, Columbia course—Gavieta, 100 pounds [H. Callahan], 4 to 5, won; Hoodwink, 96 [Robich], 4 to 1, second; Past, 98 [Higgins], 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:43 1-5. Flara ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, selling, 7 furlongs, Columbia course—South Trimble, Mat o' War, King B., 113 pounds; Paul Clifford, Valley Forge, Jake Lazar, Musician, Blue Victor, Capt. Hamm, Brisk, Brigadier, 110; Cloverland, Dramatist, Morokanta, 109; Pitman, Pole, Our Nugget, Ben Battle, 106; Harrison, 105; Mindi Love, 103.

Second race, maiden, 2 year olds, 5 furlongs—Yellow Banner, Gold Dome, Pompano, Conkling, Strike a Light, Fort Hunter, Gamecock, Sermatt, 109 pounds; Ray Smith, Redman, Magic Fluta, Casalouzo, Gainsboro, Lady Mirthful, Red Light, Nakayuma, Fine Art, Wabpeta, Bill Curtis, 106.

Third race, selling, steeplechase, about 2½ miles—Cheval d'Or, Mosilla, Cogency, Bill O'Neil, 158 pounds; Perion, 156; Billy Ray, 149; Gum Honey, Black Death, 146.

Fourth race, "The Dixie," 1⅜ miles—Colonsay, Illyria, 114 pounds.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 40 yards, Columbia course—Monograph, Wire In, Himself, Masterman, Paraplass, Cornwall, Creed, Runnels, 107 pounds; Alpace, Rabunta, 104.

Sixth race, handicap, 1 1-16 miles—River Pirate, 125 pounds; Carbuncle, 121; Sweet Alice, 118; Stolen Moments, 113; Lord Badge, Tribes Hill, 112; Himself, 110; Wavanda, 106.

Seventh race, selling, 1 mile, Columbia course—Monograph, 110 pounds; Highlander, April Shower, 105; Mabel Richardson, 103; Cayenne, Elvis Jr., 102; Wild Pirate, 98; Cottage Maid, 96.

ON THE BOWLING ALLEYS.

RELIANCE TEAM SETS NEW MARK IN SOUTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Led by Moran with an Average of 233 2-3, the Third Best of the Local Season, the Side Goes at a 968 Clip and Shuts Out the South Paws—Brunswicks Twice Defeat the A. B. C.'s in the Monroe Tourney—Riversides Win from O'Donnells.

Led by Moran with the splendid average of 233⅔, the Reliance team last night put the high team average mark for the South Chicago league up to 968 and won three straight games from the South Paws. Moran's performance is the third best of the local season, the only players who have beaten it being Forch with 236 and Collier with 242⅓.

An unfortunate foul by Stever when he had two strikes up prevented the Kalina team in the Manhattan league from making two four figure scores. Even with this accident, the side notched an average of 990, one of the best performances of the season. The Drug Trade team in the Business Men's league accounted for 1,027 pins in its second attempt.

Scores:

SOUTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Reliance.	1.	2.	3.	South Paws.	1.	2.	3.
Anderson	184	185	161	E. Myers	179	172	162
Pierce	171	160	212	O. Myers	190	161	144
Wagner	199	120	195	Welrich	153	172	120
Moran	224	222	256	Guhl	168	163	124
Shogren	198	204	215	Devine	198	162	190
Totals	945	929	1039	Totals	838	820	749

STOCKYARDS LEAGUE.

Elite Stars.	1.	2.	3.	O'Leary.	1.	2.	3.
Cohn	149	189	179	W. Wolfe	201	194	190
Casey	152	157	129	W. Schlesel	179	161	165
P. Shank	120	116	122	H. Wolfe	162	169	199
R. Shank	194	141	146	Fisher	166	177	215
Brown	140	126	155	Mahone	201	205	192
Totals	740	709	721	Totals	914	924	979

STOCKYARDS LEAGUE.

Krollmans.	1.	2.	3.	Hermansen.	1.	2.	3.
Morbach	194	149	208	Becker	167	170	221
Carlson	166	180	138	Phelps	195	170	162
O. K'limian	126	162	210	Wallace	160	178	142
H. K'limian	195	149	188	Holstein	209	171	161
Semones	181	133	227	McLean	178	171	196
Totals	851	762	920	Totals	923	855	802

ENGLEWOOD LEAGUE.

No Rem's.	1.	2.	3.	Ash. Parks.	1.	2.	3.
Smith	219	150	149	Reilly	200	170	165
Bradbury	183	135	147	J. Wall	149	185	182
Stump	178	125	180	Waddell	142	160	178
Skip	147	186	158	Storfer	197	177	154
Burns	128	161	165	Collier	204	172	174
Totals	849	787	749	Totals	921	864	853

GARFIELD PARK LEAGUE.

Senators.	1.	2.	3.	Austin.	1.	2.	3.
Murray	168	157	212	Borg	164	157	165
Saltmann	182	157	169	Woodruff	178	205	197
Stump	151	180	160	Vector	145	147	147
Knust	160	160	148	Darrow	142	143	197
Schaefer	163	208	159	Inglis	177	189	165
Totals	874	883	852	Totals	732	803	860

MONROE LEAGUE.

R. B. Co.	1.	2.	3.	A. B. C.	1.	2.	3.
W. V. Th'n	221	178	190	Kellogg	198	151	190
Metra	158	176	192	Taylor	132		
Hoffman	190	152	170	Gansauer	141	162	
Canfield	188	201	180	Vaughn	155	191	164
Burkhardt	206	218	211	Bender	171	176	245
				Schneider	169	154	167
Totals	1014	954	929	Totals	833	843	984

Riverside.	1.	2.	3.	O'Donnells.	1.	2.	3.
Willey	190	158	230	McGlone	159	212	197
Luedke	213	137	229	Sube	186	166	145
Foster	179	157	179	Hanson	158	165	143
F. Hart'an	208	182	180	Kaegler	153	167	138
Geroux	180	158	189	Rooney	181	198	165
Totals	970	798	1014	Totals	814	920	796

BANKERS' LEAGUE.

Merch.'s L.	1.	2.	3.	Commercial.	1.	2.	3.
King	180	167	137	Hanson	145	187	159
Hinman	178	157	187	Osterle	178	161	169
Wilkinson	166	145	178	Klehe	159	171	194
Durrell	182	212	155	Smale	172	196	177
Pitkin	198	206	179	Schmidt	172	178	146
Totals	906	884	820	Totals	788	868	763

WEST SIDE BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

Grahams.	1.	2.	3.	C. F. D.	1.	2.	3.
Thurman	155	193	182	Gallagher	206	247	168
Graham	153	163		Ayers	155	142	161
Bernham			164	Ransom	166	153	147
Skidmore	145	174	150	Condon	146	171	166
Bradbury	221	166	193	Johns	166	177	159
Clarke	163	154	190				
Totals	837	820	883	Totals	840	910	837

NORTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.

Roseberrys.	1.	2.	3.	Websters.	1.	2.	3.
Birren	167	169	183	Miller	169	207	182
Rosenau	210	188	155	Cutler	177	167	158
Draeger	182	149	181	Pfister	202	162	155
O'Diesel	135	146	168	Lindemann	183	177	198
Lavelle	167	168	192	Jaeger	191	151	171
Totals	814	832	857	Totals	902	902	827

Lincolns.	1.	2.	3.	Ben Alls.	1.	2.	3.
Ritchie	170	158	171	Fesl	155	170	218
Price	170	158	151	Kiefer	193	170	215
Miller	149	129	126	Naef	149	128	161
Speck	123	148	174	Shaw	192	200	168
Ward	200	130	167	Levy	109	108	152
Totals	812	730	822	Totals	824	889	968

BELMONT LEAGUE.

Schmidt.	1.	2.	3.	Stange.	1.	2.	3.
C. Hengst	179	150	169	Hengst	148	126	160
Timm	196	194	210	Specht	173	147	243
C. Schmidt	155	123	168	Cenigar	135	136	162
F. Hengst	179	153	144	Wagner	153	144	169
Felstan	192	176	191	Meyer	144	148	158
Totals	870	845	883	Totals	753	727	917

UNION LEAGUE.

Belman	1.	2.	3.	Klwas.	1.	2.	3.
Murdick	153	177	161	Foley	161	202	169
C. Miller	180	180	170	Mooney	206	171	138
C. Miller	154	145	179	Hoffman	169	171	158
E. Miller	166

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PANY.

ASKS A DIVORCE.

JUDGE HIMES ACCUSES HIS WIFE.

Bill That He Left Her on Then He Learned of Her Ad- nduct — Suit Is Based on Charges, but No Corre- Is Named—Man Sues for from Woman He Never

Hillson, owner of Judge Himes ehorses, is the complainant in vorce filed yesterday against n. Statutory charges are made. son avers, he learned of the al- of his wife. No co-respondent vers persons to your orator un- the expression used. Hillson he has been a resident of Chi- en years.

on Law Wife.—To obtain a Gertrude Braun Day, who he ommon law wife, Charles H. bill charging desertion. Day hile residing temporarily in ay, in 1892, he agreed to marry but was prevented from ob- ense. He accordingly agreed un to live with her as his wife accepted him as her husband. e son, Wolfram Day, now 10 he complainant declares that rted him on May 25, 1900, in any.

Is Accused.—Mrs. Harriett for separate maintenance de- r husband, Matthew J. Daly, the Chicago police force, has ck, pinched, and beaten her of three or four times a month re married July 31, 1892. It- ed to kill her, it is charged. issued an injunction restrain- interfering with his wife or from entering her house at 35

sband's Parents.—Interfer- husband's parents in her do- is charged by Mrs. Bella ll for divorce against Dr. Paul ician in Berlin, Germany. vers that in August, 1898, her itted his mother to demand of r household on the ground not competent to manage the ome. Cruelty is charged also. ake in Court.—Former Ald. er is again involved in divorce gs and is now under a ne exeat . An affidavit has been filed cEwen by his divorced wife, o the effect that Decker has entions of leaving the state tion of the court. Decker d gave bonds for his appear-

rom Palestine.—Mrs. Es- is said to have followed her h Sokol, from Palestine, where e in 1897, asks separate main- y were married at Sophad.

S FOR SICK TROOPS.

witt of Fort Bedford Hos- peals for Any Kind of d Reading Matter.

itt, U. S. A., now stationed tes General hospital at Fort is visiting in Chicago. He ospital is doing great work diers and sailors suffering s. One of the pressing needs of the institution is reading he chaplain appeals to the s, magazines, and any reading character for this hospital. similar request published h war over a ton of books soldiers in the Philippines. ve been made whereby ft at the office of the W. D. ring company, 151 Lake orwarded without charge.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

To neglect the hair is to lose youth and comeliness; save it with Parker's Hair Balsam.

Hindercorns, the best cure for corns. 15 cts.

COLLARS. E. & W. CUFFS.
The Linen of a Gentleman.

SHIPPING TRUST IN NEW DANGER.

New York Stock Exchange Makes Inquiry with View to Exposing Imposition.

BROKERS MAY LOSE SEATS.

Most Costly Clubhouse for Workingmen in the Country Is Planned.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE.
New York, Nov. 17.

Stock Exchange May Expose Shipping Scandal.

While persistent reports that the shipyard scandal will be hushed up have been current since the last hearing before H. D. Oliphant, the special United States examiner appointed by Judge Kirkpatrick to hear testimony touching a permanent receivership, it is now known the matter will be thoroughly gone into. From the beginning of the revelations it has been understood that in due time an inquiry will be instituted regarding the circumstances leading to the listing of the United States Shipbuilding securities in the New York stock exchange. It is now known a subcommittee already has this matter under advisement.

Severe punishment may be visited upon any individual or group of men imposing upon the men charged with maintaining the integrity of the stock exchange. If the governing committee is satisfied the organization was imposed upon the securities in question will be dropped, the brokers guilty of misconduct unseated, and a public statement reciting the facts spread broadcast as a warning.

Costly Clubhouse Planned for Workingmen.

At public auction today a walking cane of the late President Abraham Lincoln was sold for $145 to H. H. Wibirt of this city. The cane is a black stick with a bone handle.

This city is to be the home of the most costly clubhouse for workingmen in the United States. The plans are already prepared for the structure, which is to be in East Eighty-fourth street, near Third avenue, and today they were filed with the bureau of buildings for approval. It is expected the building will be begun early in the spring. The clubhouse will be five stories high, occupy a lot 100x102 feet in area, and cost $300,000.

The facilities for mental and physical culture are to be the best obtainable. The gymnasium will be sixty feet long, forty feet wide, and twenty-four feet high, with a running track to occupy a portion of the first floor.

Class and lecture rooms and a library are provided, the intention being to have regular courses of lectures, debates, and studies for the members. A large ballroom, 60x82 feet in area, will be arranged, with a stage for theatrical entertainments and musicals. This room is to have a gallery which will provide seating capacity for 1,200 persons.

On the first floor will be a bar and café with reading and billiard rooms. The second floor will be devoted to the library and classrooms. The third floor will be divided into many small meeting rooms and the fourth floor devoted largely to the use of women members. On this floor will be a large dining hall and parlor. The ballroom will be on the fifth floor.

Rain Fails to Keep Crowds from Horse Show.

It takes more than rain to dampen the ardor of horse show enthusiasts, as was apparent from the large attendance, in Madison Square garden this afternoon and tonight. That some persons were kept at home by the dismal weather there is no doubt, but nevertheless society made a brave showing, the arena boxes filling up with smartly gowned women shortly after 8 o'clock. Before the first event was over the crowd in the garden compared favorably with last night's.

Reginald C. Vanderbilt was again the recipient of the warm congratulations of his friends on winning the blue and "highly commended" ribbons with his two entries for horse, carriage, and appointments. The blue ribbon for ponies under saddle was carried off by 13 year old Vera G. Bloodgood, whose appearance in the ring on her pony Punch made one of the prettiest pictures of the show.

Says Elias Woman Never Knew A. H. Green.

After visiting Hannah Elias, also known as Bessie Davis, this afternoon District Attorney Jerome announced that she never had known Andrew H. Green. "I had an hour's conversation with the Elias woman," said Mr. Jerome. "She showed apparent truthfulness and frankness. I interrogated her on every matter that could tend to throw any light on the murder of Mr. Green, and I am satisfied from what I learned, with such corroboration as has been brought to my attention, that she never had met or even seen Mr. Green. There is not a scintilla of evidence to suggest the remote inference that she ever saw Mr. Green or he ever saw her. It seems certain she had not been the negro assassin, Cornelius Williams, since 1895."

Ear Operation Not Performed.

Mystery enshrouds the much advertised transfer of a poor German's ear to take the place of one lost by a "wealthy western man," for a consideration of $5,000. The operation was to have been performed this morning by Dr. A. L. Nelden. The operation was not performed, and it is said at the physician's house that Dr. Nelden had left the city.

GIRL FOUND MURDERED AT TOPEKA, ILL.

ELLA HENNINGER.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Additional evidence which, it is held, corroborates the belief that Fred Strube, the rejected suitor, murdered Ella Henninger, was discovered at the inquest today when a lock of yellow hair was found in the dead girl's hand. This matches that of Strube, but his parents have not identified it. Strube has not been found. The sheriff and a dozen men are searching for him and photographs have been sent broadcast to the sheriffs of Illinois. John Diers of San Jose, a young farmer to whom Miss Henninger was to have been married in the spring, is wild with grief. The dead girl's father offers $500 reward for Strube, and Mason county offers $100. James Margin of Mason City saw him in Mason City early Sunday morning. His horse was covered with foam and he was driving fast, headed for Mount Pulaski or Lincoln.

FAITH CURE WINS POINT.

OHIO SUPREME COURT SAYS CALLING DOCTOR IS NOT COMPULSORY.

In Case of Sylvia Bishop and Her Husband, Indicted for Manslaughter Because They Allowed Child to Die Unattended, Justices Declare Nothing Can Be Done in Way of Punishment Legally—Legislature May Enact Law to Cover Situation.

Columbus, O., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—The decision of the Supreme court today in the Bishop case, on appeal from the Common Pleas court of Butler county, does not legalize Christian Science, but sets forth that there is no law on the statute books of Ohio compelling a person to summon a physician in case of illness or injury. There was no evidence before either court, the decision says, to prove that the Bishops, the defendants in the case, were followers of that cult.

It appears from the papers in the case that Sylvia Bishop and her husband failed to call a physician to treat their child, who was severely burned and afterward died. They were indicted for manslaughter and acquitted of the charge by a jury at Hamilton. The state brought the case up on exceptions, and the Supreme court today unanimously overruled the exceptions.

Child Given No Treatment.

The child of the Bishops was not treated by the parents and the claim was not made that their course was dictated by the fact that they were Christian Scientists. The case rested upon the proposition whether under the laws of Ohio a person was compelled by the statute to call a physician in cases of illness or injuries. The court held that while such a course was to be condemned, there was nothing in the laws to forbid it.

The decision is received by the Christian Scientists here as tending to sustain their views on the subject.

May Provoke New State Law.

Scientists claim it is encouraging to the creed, in so far that it lays down the proposition that it is not illegal under Ohio laws to fail to summon a physician. The decision is likely, it is said, to bring about legislation on the subject at the coming session of the Ohio general assembly.

WRECKS BLOCK ALL SHIPS

DOUBLE STRANDING IN DETROIT RIVER STOPS NAVIGATION.

No Craft Able to Pass Between Huron and Erie—Make Dam Eight Hundred Feet Long—Steamer W. L. Brown First Grounds and S. S. Curry Is Put on the Rocks by Current at Lime Kiln Crossing — Big Fleet Is Held Up.

Amherstburg, Ont., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Navigation between lakes Erie and Huron was completely blocked today when two of the largest steel freight steamers on the lakes were sunk together at the Lime Kiln crossing, closing the channel.

The steamer W. L. Brown, down bound with iron ore, struck on the east bank of the new channel at the Lime Kilns, where Detroit river empties into lake Erie. It ran out fifteen inches forward, swung across the channel, and settled down with a large hole punched through the steel plates. A short time afterward the steamer S. S. Curry, up bound with coal, was caught in the heavy current in trying to pass the Brown. It swung around with great force and its bow struck the rocks on the east bank. It ran out two feet, then settled on the rocks with the forward compartments full of water.

Weather Against Wreckers.

All the wrecking apparatus in the vicinity was hurried to the stranded ships. The strong current handicaps the wreckers.

A large fleet of steamers is at anchor tonight above and below the blockade. Their crews are preparing for a long siege.

The passenger steamer Western States, barred from passage to Detroit, landed its passengers from Buffalo here, and they continued to Detroit by electric road.

Wrecked in Georgian Bay.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 17.—The steamer Newaygo is reported ashore on Devil's island, Georgian bay. The vessel was coal laden and was fighting a blinding snow storm when it struck. The crew are all safe. The Newaygo is in an exposed position, with a fifty mile gale blowing. The vessel is owned by Henry McMorran of Port Huron and is fully insured.

Steamer Minnesota Burned.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 17.—For the second time within a week the steamer Minnesota of the Corrigan fleet was attacked by fire today, and tonight lies, a total wreck and menace to navigation, in St. Clair river, just below Grande Point. The burned boat was insured for $80,000. The coal cargo, which is still burning, was worth $15,000.

RULES AGAINST GOVERNMENT.

Judge Kohlsaat Upholds Contention of Highway Commissioners in Hennepin Canal Case.

In the United States Circuit court yesterday Judge Kohlsaat overruled the contention of the government authorities that the secretary of war has the right to say where bridges shall be placed over the Hennepin canal. The court was considering the petition of the highway commissioners of several towns, who asked that the government engineers be restrained from building seven bridges which would necessitate a diversion of the public roads. United States District Attorney Bethea's reply was that exclusive authority is vested in the secretary of war to construct the bridges without the right of interference on the part of the court.

VICTIM OF HOLDUP IS DEAD.

Police Hope to Catch Murderers of Michael Butler Within Next Twenty-four Hours.

Michael Butler, 3130 Union avenue, who was shot by supposed holdup men while on his way home Friday night, died yesterday afternoon at the Provident hospital. He again told the police shortly before he died it was his belief that a robber shot him. "We are working night and day on the case," said Lieut. Joyce last evening. "A citizen has furnished us with a clew which looks promising, and I do not think it would be too much to say that we expect to have the man who is responsible for Butler's death under arrest within twenty-four hours."

TRIES THE "INSPECTOR" FRAUD.

Man Poses as Health Department Employe and Seeks to Blackmail Property Owner.

A man who introduced himself as an inspector for the health department is working on the west side. He approached John Sakol on Monday and said the department had found serious violations of the sanitary laws in the building of Sakol & Co., wholesale grocers at 654 West Polk street.

"You can fix it with me," said the visitor, who wrote "W. M. Quinn" on a slip of paper bearing Dr. Reynolds' name.

Mr. Sakol yesterday found no complaints had been made. "W. M. Quinn" is not known to the department.

Thanksgiving Rates on the Wabash.

Nov. 25 and 26 the Wabash will sell Thanksgiving excursion tickets at a fare and one-third to Detroit, Toledo, and intermediate points, and within 150 miles west and south of Chicago; return limit Nov. 30. Ticket office, 97 Adams street.

GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The Last Words of Mrs. Baxter

WHEN Richard Baxter, noted in England in 1638, lost his wife he published a broadsheet headed: "The Last Words of Mrs. Baxter," which reached an immense sale. His printer seeing the profit in it brought out a broadsheet entitled: "More Last Words of Mrs. Baxter." To which Mr. Baxter replied that "Mrs. Baxter didn't say anything else."

If Mrs. Baxter were living today she would, like us, have a lot of "last words" to say about

Uneeda Biscuit

They are ever growing better and better; there will ever be a few more good words to say for them.

5¢

The Crackle You Hear Is the Sign They are Fresh

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

PAIN IN WATSON'S EYES CAUSES COURT TO ADJOURN.

President of Bankrupt Porter Bros. Co. Admits He Transacted Express Rebate Business for It Under His Name.

After Referee Frank R. Wean had decided that the condition of the witness' eyes was not such as to prevent him from testifying in bankruptcy proceedings, James S. Watson, president of the defunct Porter Bros. company, was put on the stand yesterday morning. The hearing ended when he again began to complain of his eyes, and it was continued until tomorrow afternoon.

The examination was conducted in the interest of N. R. Doe, a New York creditor of the commission house. Mr. Watson had admitted he had received rebates from the Fruit Growers' Express company, and Attorney E. W. Greenfield sought to ascertain what other transportation companies had paid rebates from the open rate of transportation.

"All business between the Porter Bros. company and the express company was conducted in my name," said Mr. Watson.

"What became of what you refer to as the 'profits' from the express company?" asked Attorney Greenfield.

"They were turned over to the Porter Bros. company," replied the witness.

"Entered in the books of the company as such profits?"

"No, they were not entered in that way. They were made under different entries."

The inquisitors contend that while this money returned by the express company was turned into the accounts of the Porter Bros. company, it was placed there to the credit of Mr. Watson. They also are endeavoring to show that similar rebate arrangements obtained between Mr. Watson and other transportation companies, in violation of the interstate commerce law.

"It would appear from the evidence that for a part of the time Mr. Watson conducted the business of the commission house under his own name, and at other times transacted it under the name of the company," said Mr. Greenfield.

The attorneys are endeavoring to secure several large checks which Frank L. Farnham, bookkeeper for the concern, declared had been drawn in favor of Watson and cashed by him. These checks appear to have been lost.

NINE SEEK HEALTH POSITION.

Take Test for Place as Superintendent of Water, Milk, and Meat Inspection.

Nine persons yesterday took the examination for the position of superintendent of the city laboratory, vacant since the resignation of Dr. W. W. Jacques.

The successful candidate must pass on the quality of the daily water supply and of the milk and food submitted to him for analysis, as well as have charge of the meat and other food inspectors.

Among those who took the test were F. E. Wynekoop, acting superintendent since Dr. Jacques' resignation; Medical Inspector George C. Hunt, Assistant Bacteriologist Joseph Biehn, Chief Disinfector O. H. Behm, and Dr. G. H. Weber, meat inspector.

FUGITIVES CAUGHT IN BUFFALO.

Alleged Shoplifters Who Forfeited $6,000 Bail Bonds Will Be Brought Back for Trial.

After forfeiting $6,000 bonds, which were furnished by D. Hull of Riverside, and fleeing to Buffalo, Edward Carleton, alias "Travis," and his wife Lizzie, have been arrested and will be brought back to Chicago. The charge against them is shoplifting.

The couple are said to be wanted in many parts of the country on similar charges. At the time of their escape they took two trunks with them, filled with plunder, and said to be worth about $2,500. Goods worth $1,500 have been recovered by the police.

Carleton and his wife were arrested last Friday. Several hundred dollars' worth of goods were found on them. They lived at 166 Dearborn avenue.

LAWSUIT FOLLOWS A SUICIDE.

Loan Association Seeks $2,300 Alleged to Have Been Taken by Mrs. Mary S. Jones.

A suit filed in the Circuit court yesterday recalled the suicide of Mrs. Mary S. Jones, who killed herself last January on the graves of her two daughters in Forest Home cemetery. The suit also tended to show that financial troubles caused Mrs. Jones to end her life, for the action is one to recover $2,300 alleged to have been stolen while the woman was secretary of the Monitor Building and Loan association, the plaintiff. The defendant is the National Surety company, which is alleged to have been Mrs. Jones' surety in $5,000.

TABLES TURNED: OFFICER HIT.

W. B. Scott Has Christine Boenig Arrested for Assault When He Served a Warrant.

For two hours Constable W. B. Scott stood guard while Christine Boenig remained locked in her room. Then the woman suddenly stepped out and, it is said, struck the constable in the mouth. Yesterday morning a warrant was issued from Justice Martin's court charging her with assaulting the constable. In the afternoon she appeared in the court of Justice Everett and paid a fine of $10 on the charge of assaulting a neighbor, Carl G. Counzelmann, 2366 Robey street. Counzelmann filed another charge against her of disorderly conduct. He says the woman attacked him in the street with a broom. Miss Boenig appealed her case.

WANTS A FAIRY TALE PLAY.

Miss Margaret Anglin Hopes to Have Mrs. Carter Harrison Become Playwright for Her.

"I have asked Mrs. Carter H. Harrison to write a play for me, and I think she will consent," was the announcement made last evening by Miss Margaret Anglin, who is appearing at the Garrick.

The report that Mrs. Harrison's fairy tales were being dramatized led Miss Anglin to make the request that fairy tale fantasies be presented in dramatic form.

Miss Anglin will spend the coming season in London, and she hopes to have a new production for her next season in the United States.

Unearth Skeleton in Evanston.

A human skeleton was unearthed yesterday at Main street and Chicago avenue, in Evanston, where workmen were making an excavation for a fountain to be put in a new park. It was four feet below the surface.

Through Sleeper to Galveston.

Leaves Chicago via the Wabash every day at 11:03 a. m. Ticket office, 97 Adams street. Phone Central 3060.

DIFFERENT IN DAYS OF OLD.

Mrs. Laura D. Fessenden Tells Women Courtship Was Cheaper When Clubs Were Unknown.

"Any gallant who spent more than $5 for a gift—and flowers were the only gifts permitted—was looked upon as either an idiot or a Croesus.

"Any attentions were a serious matter and the suitor called only when the girl's mother was present in the parlor."

These were the rules for conduct fifty years ago, according to Mrs. Laura D. Fessenden of Highland Park, who addressed the River Forest Woman's club yesterday on "The American Woman of Yesterday and Today."

"Even greater than these changes," said Mrs. Fessenden, "has been the change in the position of women. Our mothers never belonged to clubs, for there never were any clubs for them to belong to.

"The women of yesterday looked upon the Sorosis, the pioneer woman's club in America, as a social monstrosity, and spoke of it only with bated breath and never before the children.

"Many commendable ideas were held by our mothers, however. Conspicuous dress for a young girl, even when a bride, was looked upon as an unmistakable sign of the parvenu."

URGES NEW FIRE ESCAPE LAW.

Judiciary Committee of Council Wants Four Story Residences Exempted from Requirements.

Four story private residences, if provided with two stairways from the ground to the top floor, will be exempted from the requirements of the ordinance which calls for fire escapes on all four story buildings if a recommendation of the judiciary committee is adopted by the council. The change was advised yesterday.

The amendment was recommended at the instance of Building Commissioner Williams, who was working under a statute and an ordinance not entirely harmonious. The new measure, it is said, will meet the requirements of the state law.

The amendment applies only to four story buildings and not those which are higher. The buildings, to have the exemption from the fire escape requirement, must be private residences, and not flat or apartment buildings or those devoted in part to business purposes.

SENTENCED UNDER A NEW LAW.

Patrick O'Leary, First Person Convicted, Is Sent to Jail for Refusing to Support Child.

The new law requiring that a parent shall support his own child brought the first conviction yesterday, when Patrick O'Leary was sentenced to sixty days in jail. O'Leary's little daughter was in the custody of the Juvenile court and the father refused to pay for her care.

"No court can make me pay this $35," said O'Leary.

"You shall stay in jail sixty days, or until you do pay it," was Judge Tuley's reply.

STEEL PLANT MEN LOCKED OUT.

Those Who Did Not Strike at Indiana Harbor Are Discharged—Town Suffers.

What little activity was kept up at the plant of the Inland Steel company at Indiana Harbor, Ind., after Saturday's strike was terminated yesterday by a lockout of the few employés still at work. The company announced that it could not reopen the mills at the wage scale formerly paid and would not attempt to do so until the men agreed to the reductions. Business in the suburb is at a standstill and merchants are complaining of the depression.

OBITUARY.

BRIG. GEN. R. F. BERNARD died yesterday at Washington, D. C. He participated in 108 battles and skirmishes in the civil war, and in subsequent Indian campaigns.

EDWIN LORD WEEKS of Boston died yesterday in Paris. He was an artist of note, and had received many orders and decorations in Europe and America.

F. W. C. KOHNLE, agent for the Lord Scully estate in the United States, died at Lincoln, Ill., yesterday.

Top Notch
Butter Scotch

A new kind of butter scotch, made in a new way; a better butter scotch than you ever tasted. Better because it is nutritious as well as delicious; better because it's *pure, wholesome.* Try the following recipe and test its real goodness.

One cup of Karo Corn Syrup, one cup of granulated sugar, one-half cup of fresh butter. Boil until a small quantity dropped in cold water becomes hard and snappy. Do not stir while boiling. Add butter just before candy is done.

Karo
CORN SYRUP

is decidedly preferable to any other syrups, which come to the consumer with all the dirt and dust the syrup measure has accumulated since its last use. Karo Corn Syrup is protected by airtight, friction-top tins, which preserve its purity, insure its cleanliness, guarantee its goodness. 10c, 25c and 50c, at grocers.

CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

DR. CHARLES' FLESH FOOD
For the Form and Complexion

Has been successfully used by leading actresses, singers and women of fashion for more than 25 years.

Wherever applied it is instantly absorbed through the pores of the skin, and its wonderful nutrition feeds the wasting tissues.

Removing Wrinkles as if by magic, one application often showing a remarkable improvement.

Dr. Charles' Flesh Food is positively the only preparation known to medical science that will round out hollows in the neck and produce firm, healthy flesh on thin cheeks, arms and hands.

FOR DEVELOPING THE BUST or breast, shrunken from nursing, it has the highest indorsement of physicians. Two boxes are often sufficient to make the bust firm, large and beautiful. Regular price, $1.00 a box, but to all who take advantage of this SPECIAL OFFER and send us one dollar, we will send two (2) boxes, in plain wrapper. A sample box and our book "Art of Massage," fully illustrated, will be sent free to any lady sending 10 cents to pay for cost of mailing. Address

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Must Bear Signature of
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SEE FAC-SIMILE WRAPPER BELOW.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
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Purely Vegetable.
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Stands for the best of Everything in all Departments of
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Night School—Monday, Wednesday and Friday Evenings.
Call and See PRESIDENT BRYANT, 315 to 321 Wabash Avenue, Opposite Auditorium.
Send for Book, "HOW TO WIN SUCCESS."

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(The Teacher of KUBELIK and KOCIAN).
Taught by J. G. MRAZ,
A Pupil of Sevcik.
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Musical—LYRIC SCHOOL—Dramatic
NEW TERM MONDAY, NOV. 16TH.
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Classes Now Forming.
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HOME EDUCATION.
Parents interested in their children's school advancement should examine Home Education. Send ten cents for sample copy, or 25c for 3 months. 267 Wabash av.

CATALOG of the Chicago Musical College will be mailed free upon request. Address DR. F. ZIEGFELD, President, College Building, 202 Michigan-blvd., Chicago, Ill.

CHICAGO SCHOO OF ATHLETICS.
Faculty: Capt. De Malchin, Director and Fencing; Wm. O'Connell, Boxing; A. Garlock, Wrestling; W. C. Perrin, Dancing, etc; R. V. Powell, Sec. 200 Michigan-av. Tel. Harrison 916

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SHAW ADVOCATES AMERICAN SHIPS.

Secretary of Treasury Tells New York Chamber of Commerce Nation's Need.

MARINE IS INADEQUATE.

Declares This Country Would Be Helpless in Event of Foreign Warfare.

New York, Nov. 17.—The 135th annual dinner of the chamber of commerce was held tonight at Delmonico's, Morris K. Jesup, president of the chamber, presiding, with Secretary of the Treasury Shaw on his right and Gov. Odell on his left.

Among the other distinguished guests present were: Postmaster General Henry C. Payne, Senator William B. Allison, Senator Chauncey M. Depew, Lieut. Gen. S. M. B. Young, Maj. Gen. H. C. Corbin, Rear Admiral Frederick Rodgers, Judge Alton B. Parker, Carl Schurz, Whitelaw Reid, Bishop Henry C. Potter, Bishop William Croswell Doane, and St. Clair McKelway.

A letter from President Roosevelt was read, in which he said it was with sincere regret that he was unable to attend, and in which he congratulated the chamber on the anniversary.

Shaw Pleads for Merchant Marine.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw made the principal address of the evening. "The only unprotected American industry," the secretary said in opening, "is its merchant marine. An act of congress, approved by George Washington and never repealed, though frequently assailed, gives the American shipbuilder, the American shipwright, the American ship owner, and the American flag a monopoly in our coastwise trade, and we have not only the most efficient service but the cheapest coastwise rates in the world."

The secretary pointed out that by acts of congress and through government encouragement this country has the best railway system in existence and the cheapest rates; its factories turn out more manufactured products than any other two countries on the map by more than three thousand millions per annum; its agricultural interests are more valuable than those of any other country, and its mineral output has passed the billion dollar line.

The secretary continued: "Without attempting to give the reasons therefor, I content myself with stating the fact that forty years ago we had only one-fourth as much foreign commerce to transport as we have now, yet we actually carried in American bottoms forty years ago three times as much foreign commerce as we carry today. These conditions may be satisfactory to you. They seem to be satisfactory to many. But they are not satisfactory to me.

Might Be Left in Bad Plight.

"I am not ignorant of the argument that if foreign countries are willing to subsidize ships to carry our freight, it inures to our advantage. This might be a sufficient excuse for our supine indifference if there were no other consideration involved than merely carrying our freight across the Atlantic ocean in times of peace. Unfortunately, however, there are many other and weightier considerations.

"If war were to be declared between any two of the great powers of Europe, our foreign commerce would be not only helpless but hopeless. I forbear reference to our military and naval condition in the absence of available colliers and transports, were the United States to be involved in such a conflict. The proudest navy in the world is utterly worthless without coal.

Give Subsidies if Needed.

"I am not contending for ship subsidies, if any more feasible course can be devised. But if ship subsidies will insure us a merchant marine, then I am for ship subsidies. If some other measure will insure a merchant marine, then I am for some other measure. If several measures combined will insure a merchant marine, then I am for all such measures."

AUTO BREAKS A BOY'S RIBS.

Machine of A. A. Carpenter Jr., Operated by Chauffeur, Has Accident—Later Man Is Fined.

Some time after the automobile of A. A. Carpenter Jr. had run down and seriously injured Peter Lakes in Michigan avenue, near Sixteenth street, Mr. Carpenter's chauffeur, George K. Barton, was arrested for scorching and fined $5.

When the auto ran down the boy, who is 17 years old, it was being operated by the chauffeur, the owner not being in it. Barton says he was running slowly when Lakes jumped from a wagon directly in front of the auto. The boy's ribs were broken over his heart, and it was feared for a time that the injuries might be fatal. It is now said that he will recover.

"I never saw such ill luck," said Mr. Carpenter at his home, 1708 Prairie avenue. "I was not in the machine at the time. Barton was running at low speed when Lakes jumped in front of the machine, and the heavy wheel struck him."

After this accident Barton was riding in Michigan avenue, near Fortieth street, when he was arrested and fined.

Coroner's Jury Acquits Slayer.

St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 17.—Joseph Francis Furlong of St. Louis, the traveling man who killed Irving McDonald, the young St. Joseph millionaire, Sunday morning, today was acquitted by a coroner's jury and discharged from custody. The shooting marked the end of a row in which some actresses were concerned.

RUN ON BANK IN READING.

PENNSYLVANIA TRUST COMPANY'S DEPOSITORS ALARMED.

Savings Department Is Besieged by Crowds Who Want to Get Their Money Out—Officers of Institution Declare Concern Is Solvent and Able to Meet All Demands Made Upon It—Iowa Institution Closes Its Doors with Only Brief Notice to Public.

Reading, Pa., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—The Pennsylvania Trust company was subjected to a severe run today, mainly by depositors in the savings department. Crowds besieged the bank all day, and hundreds stood out in the rain waiting for admittance. While the crowd was the heaviest the officials posted the following notice: "The Pennsylvania Trust company is not only solvent but strong financially, and able to pay to all demanding depositors the amounts of their deposits, and will do so as fast as the clerks can pay out. There is absolutely no reason for any alarm on the part of the company's patrons."

The Reading clearing house has decided to give the trust company all the assistance necessary.

With the view of further allaying the fears of depositors, the company published a statement which covers a period of nine years. During that time the assets have increased from $696,858 to $2,782,281; the deposits from $378,355 to $1,770,851, and the capital, surplus, and undivided profits from $332,655 to $521,460.

Iowa Bank Is Closed.

Ireton, Ia., Nov. 17.—The Bank of Ireton, a private institution, with H. F. McKeever as cashier, has closed its doors. A notice reading: "Closed for liquidation," was posted on the doors, and no further statement was given out.

Suicide Leads to Inquiry.

Camden, S. C., Nov. 17.—The directors of the Merchants and Farmers' bank are investigating the condition of that institution, as the result of the suicide of Cashier Zemp and the accidental death of Col. E. Miller Boykin, the bank's president.

Cashier Charged with Perjury.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 17.—Henry Burkhold, who was recently superseded as cashier and director of the Franklin bank of this city, has been arrested on the charge that he swore to certain funds being in the bank. Magistrate Michael Muller went to the Burkhold home, where Burkhold is too ill to be moved, and held court in the presence of the invalid. Charles Klockenbrinck testified that Burkhold had confessed to him that he had taken his money, about $5,000, but that he intended to make it good. Burkhold waived examination and was bound over to the grand jury and his bond fixed at $10,000.

Egan, S. D., Bank Closed.

Egan, S. D., Nov. 17.—The Egan State bank was closed today by the state examiner. The deposits are $40,000. Slow collections are the cause.

G. A. CHRISTIANCY TELLS HOW FRAUD ORDER WAS DISMISSED.

Testifies in Case of D. V. Miller That Accused Had Withheld Important Facts Concerning Turf Operator.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—In the trial today of D. V. Miller, former assistant attorney general for the postoffice department, and Attorney J. M. Johns of Indiana, accused of conspiracy to extort bribes, the chief witness was George A. Christiancy of the postal department. Christiancy testified to the circumstances under which he dismissed the fraud order against John J. Ryan. He said that Miller in suggesting the letter closing the Ryan case had not advised him fully about the character of the latest reports of the postoffice inspectors, which were unfavorable to Ryan continuing the use of the mails.

In his cross examination Christiancy identified his own interview in the Washington Star after the charges were made against Miller, in which the witness said that the Ryan case was "as straight as a string." The witness stated that the facts in the article in the Washington Star were prepared by Mr. Huebner of the postoffice department, and submitted to Gen. and Mrs. Tyner.

Joseph T. Watson, secretary of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, submitted stenographic reports of an interview between Gen. Rabb, Chief Inspector Cochran, and Miller, which Miller did not know was being taken verbatim.

Charles T. Nolan of St. Louis, attorney for Ryan, told of conversations with Ryan regarding the dealings with Johns concerning money to be paid for a favorable decision.

DISCUSS PRESENT DAY RELIGION

Rabbi Joseph Stolz and Prof. Matthews of University of Chicago Open Rockford Conference.

Rockford, Ill., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Rabbi Joseph Stolz and Prof. Shailer Matthews of the University of Chicago spoke this evening at the First Congregational church, opening a four days' religious conference. Rabbi Stolz spoke on "The Religious Message of Israel to the Twentieth Century." Prof. Matthews spoke of "The Present Outlook in Biblical Criticism."

GIRLS' TRACK RECORD BROKEN.

Miss Laura Clement of Wellesley College Runs 100 Yards in 13 1-5 Seconds.

Wellesley, Mass., Nov. 17.—The woman college record for the 100 yard dash has been broken by Miss Laura Clement, class of 1907, at the annual field day of Wellesley college. Miss Clement covered the distance in :13⅗. The previous record, held at Vassar, was :14⅘.

EJECTS GALLERY; GOMPERS HISSED.

Disturbance Raised at Labor Federation When Socialist Plan Suffers.

COMMITTEE VOTES "NO."

Debate in Convention Checked by Adjournment; Move Included Political Party.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—An outbreak of hisses from the galleries of Faneuil hall, when socialistic resolutions were reported unfavorably in the American Federation of Labor convention this afternoon, caused President Gompers to order the galleries cleared. Amid many hostile expressions the crowd was expelled from the building.

For the first time during this convention the question of whether the organization should commit itself to the doctrines of socialism came squarely before the delegates. The question was not answered, as shortly before 6 o'clock an adjournment was taken until tomorrow, when the debate will be resumed. Some nine resolutions favoring public ownership and the organization of a political party to bring about conditions the socialists seek were all reported on unfavorably by the committee on resolutions.

At once the long arranged plan of the socialist delegates to fight for the adoption of their principles was put into operation by Delegate Hayes of Cleveland. He offered a substitute for the committee's report, but was ruled out of order.

Condemn Gompers' Action.

At this point the demonstration from the spectators led President Gompers to order the galleries cleared. The ejected people, numbering several hundred, assembled outside Faneuil hall and adopted resolutions condemning President Gompers for his action.

Meantime the debate was resumed by the delegates. Delegate Hayes and other socialists spoke at length against the committee's report, while the committee's position was supported by Delegate Lennon, the treasurer of the federation. Just before adjournment the ejected spectators were permitted to reënter.

Resolutions were adopted instructing the executive council to inquire into the cost of a new office building for the federation at Washington and calling upon the federation to request President Roosevelt to order the discontinuance of the unfair competition which the musicians of the country are subjected to from the musicians enlisted in the army and navy.

Miners Near Ejectment.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 17.—The Coal Creek company has won sixty-five of its sixty-seven ejectment suits against union miners who struck because nonunion men were employed at the mines. It is understood the ejectments will begin in a day or two.

Men Accept Reduction.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 17.—The employés of the plate and bar mills of the W. Dewees Wood sheet steel plant at McKeesport, Pa., have been notified of a reduction in wages of from 10 to 30 per cent and the men of the sheet mill, hammer house, finishing department, and charcoal house have agreed to continue work.

Coal Higher in Denver.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 17.—Retail coal dealers, who have heretofore obtained their supply principally from the northern Colorado field, decided at a conference today to bring coal from the east for their customers, and an order was telegraphed for a large shipment from Missouri river points. This coal will be sold to consumers in Denver at $7.25 a ton. Heretofore similar coal has been sold here at $4 to $4.50 a ton.

LYNCHEHAUN NOT YET FREE.

District Attorney Directed to Appeal Habeas Corpus Case to United States Supreme Court.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 17.—Joseph B. Kealing, United States district attorney, has received instructions from Washington to take an appeal to the United States Supreme court from the decision of Circuit Judge Baker in upholding the habeas corpus proceedings brought by James Lynchehaun to obtain his release.

The appeal will be based on the decision in the habeas corpus proceedings, and not on the decision of Commissioner Moores in holding that Lynchehaun was a political prisoner.

Lynchehaun is the Irishman who was recently arrested and released in this city, where he had taken refuge to escape punishment for an assault growing out of the land troubles in Ireland.

ELKINS BEQUEST IS ILLEGAL.

Codicil in Philadelphia Man's Will Providing for Orphans' Home Is Set Aside.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 17.—The bequest of $240,000, or if necessary $250,000, for the erection of a Masonic orphanage, made by the late William L. Elkins, has been declared illegal by the register of wills because the codicil providing for the gift was made within thirty days of the testator's death, and is therefore inoperative. The heirs may elect to pay over the sum to the Masonic Home of Pennsylvania in order to carry out the wishes of Mr. Elkins.

Schlesinger & Mayer

While preparing to give you Christmas shopping opportunities of rare occurrence, we are not forgetting your every-day needs. Christmas preparations, in fact, force us to make room by giving values now which are unusual even with us. . . Shopping made easy—shop by telephone—Private Exchange 2. . . Use our Union Loop direct entrance.

Great Sale Women's Fall & Winter Suits

The worth of these garments is where it ought to be—in styles and wearing qualities. We could not sell them at the prices asked if we had not made a special purchase on unusually favorable terms. They combine newest styles, the highest grade of tailoring, and the most popular and fashionable materials. *Fourth floor.*

Chic military suit, $30 (cut A)—Double-breasted, fitted-back coat; collar and cuffs garnitured with military braid; gold ball buttons; satin lined; gored skirt, round length, stitched; made of cheviot.

Zibeline suit, $38.75 (cut B)—Collarless, skirted blouse with military cape, trimmed with velvet and braid; coat silk lined; round length skirt, strapped with self material and braid.

Some of the best suit values we've shown in many a season—high-class, correct effects, moderately priced.

Man-tailored pedestrian suits, $22.50 (cut C)—Fitted back, box front; coat tailor stitched front and back, Louis XIV. length, satin lined; skirt walking length, a plain tailored suit; its beauty is its simplicity.

Cheviot suit, $25 (cut D)—Made of fine cheviot; coat military length, silk lined; belted and plaited back; collar and cuffs of black and gold braid; skirt walking length.

It's an unapproachable offering of the season's best styles—values that clearly can have no local counterpart.

Collarless suit, $35 (cut E)—Military suit of fine cheviot; very chic and stylish, fitted back, with plain box front, and silk lined to waist.

Chicago's Best Collection of Women's Coats at $25.

A sale of winter coats at $25—the greatest variety in Chicago, not alone in materials but in styles, colors, and new ideas; designs that you will not see elsewhere—the chic zibelines, the new military effects—all strictly man-tailored and finished in every detail. Many are lined with finest quality satin. This $25 collection in all newest and latest materials. $25

Great Reductions in Millinery.

Handsome Patterns...Half and Less.

The opportunity of the season in trimmed millinery, because of the styles and qualities as well as the prices. *Third floor.*

$5 for values to $10. $10 for values to $25. $20 for values to $45.
$7.50 for values to $15. $15 for values to $35. $25 for values to $60.

Ready-to-Trim Hats Reduced.

Exceptional concessions for quick sale on ready-to-trim hats. Similarly low prices are being made on the trimmings. *Main floor.*

50c for $1, $1.25 and $1.50 untrimmed hats—Scratch felt hats, satin and silk binding, stitched brims; all the most popular of the season's shapes—turbans, sailor, pompadour and novelties—in black, white, cardinal, brown, oxford, navy, and tan.

$2 for ready-to-trim shapes—In fine silk velvet; turban and pompadour effects.

$2.75 for dress hats—Of silk paon velvet; beautiful and novel effects.

60c for clusters of small birds—5 in a bunch; brown, cardinal and black.

50c for foliage—A beautiful assortment of rose and ivy velvet foliage in the pretty autumn shades.

30c for roses—Silk and velvet, all good colors, 3 in bunch.

Sale of Sample Silk Waists.

You can save from one-third to one-half because we secured the samples of two manufacturers. Materials include peau de cygne, crepe du chine, Korean crepe all-over lace and net in tailor-made and novelty dress effects. *Third floor.*

$3.75 for waists valued up to $17.50.
$12.75 for waists valued up to $20.
$17.50 for waists valued up to $30.

$5.50 for silk waists—Made of peau de cygne, in two styles—broad plaits across front and back, or small box plaits and tucks—special values.

$6.75 for $10 waists—Of allover lace, silk lined; tucked chiffon yoke with three medallions.

Golf blouses and knitted Norfolk coats—Splendid assortment of colors and combinations; prices—$2.95, $3.95, $4.75, $6, $6.50, $7.75 and $8.50.

Linens Priced for Thanksgiving.

Thanksgiving dinner will taste better seasoned with knowledge of its cost having been saved on the table linen. These offerings provide that saving. Examine qualities and compare prices. *Second floor.*

$3.25 for $5 dinner cloths, snow white, hemstitched, 2x2½ yards.

$3.50 for $5 pattern cloths, best double damask; no napkins to match.

$2.50 for ¾-size dinner napkins, Moravian and Irish makes.

$3.35 for $4.50 napkins, best double damask, ¾-size.

75c for sideboard scarfs, with hemstitching and drawn work.

88c for $1.25 satin double damask, an importer's surplus; splendid values.

$4 for $6 lunch and tea cloths, with hand-drawn work.

$5.75 for $7.50 table sets, hemstitched, 2½ yard cloths, with one dozen 20-inch napkins.

Damask remnants and half-dozen lots of fine napkins; prices reduced for quick clearance.

Reductions on Oriental Rugs.

Reduced prices on a new importation—for a double reason: A rare trade opportunity in purchasing the rugs; our desire to make every rug fancier acquainted with our new daylight rug floor. *Seventh floor.*

$1.65 for $3 Anatolian mats—the kind of mats that have been always marked in plain figures at $3.00.

$4.45 for $7 Hamadan rugs—Splendid specimens; the kind of goods always marked $7.00 in any Oriental stock.

$8 for $10 and $12 Orientals—100 pieces of small rugs. Kazaks, Carabaghs, etc., that are regularly sold at the higher prices.

$12 for $14, $15 and $16 Orientals—100 selected Caucasian pieces, silky, lustrous and soft in tone; an especially fine lot.

$21 for $24, $26 and $28 antiques and moderns—100 fine pieces. All classes of rugs are represented in this line—beautiful Daghestans, antique silky Beluchistans and Mossoul rugs—all exceptional values.

Opportunities in Fine Furs.

Popular Small Sets at Low Prices.

The quality of furs used in our small sets and neck pieces is worthy of special notice. We early foresaw that these small pieces would be the fashionable furs of this season, and so took pains to have them made up in the best styles, of best materials. Assortments are comprehensive. *Fourth floor.*

$15 for mink scarfs—Of handsome blended mink, extra large, ornamented with six natural mink tails.

$7.50 for Siberian squirrel Zaza scarfs—Extra choice quality of fur, with passementerie ornaments.

Sable or Isabella fox scarfs—An extra choice assortment, ornamented with natural brush tails; prices, $7.50 to $45.

$10.75 for marten cluster scarfs—Of natural marten, ornamented with six extra large and handsome tails.

$10 for marten cushion muffs—Made to match cluster scarfs; all selected furs.

Children's and misses' fur sets—A complete assortment in every fashionable fur, at prices upward from $1.

$1.85 for $3.50 Silk Hosiery.

The great rise in the price of raw silk led the maker of this hosiery to discontinue it. He close out his stock at about half price. We fortunately secured a large portion of it and give you the saving. Don't assume that time will soon bring such another chance. *Main floor.*

Pure thread silk hose—high grade open work effects—fifty-eight shades to match any costume color—every pair a $3.50 value—at $1.85.

35c for 75c cashmere hose—small and medium sizes only.

25c for 50c fancy lisle and cotton hosiery—broken lines reduced to close.

Women's Sorosis Shoes, $3.50.

"Sorosis" shoes win the favor of particular people because they so happily combine comfortable fit, durable qualities and handsome appearance with a vast range of styles. *Second floor.*

This popularity comes from the use of tested leathers, skilled and accurate workmanship, special methods of tannage and polish, and the 50 different styles of lasts—each adapted to a type of foot. Wearers of "Sorosis" shoes know they are reliable and perfect in every detail, since they embody a general excellence found in equal degree in no other shoe.

Women's Sorosis shoes, $3.50—shoes for every occasion, in light or heavy weight.

Men's Sorosis shoes, $5—a comfortable, durable and correct shoe for men—a shoe that appeals to all correct dressers.

Children's Sorosis shoes—Handsome shoes, capable of withstanding the hard usage imposed by romping childhood—$2.00 to $3.00.

Women's custom-made shoes, $5—absolutely the best $5 shoe made in America.

Cut Glass and China Specials.

Values which cannot be duplicated, we are sure, are offered in the great assortments of this floor. In cut glass and china and the varied kindred lines we quote noteworthy specials. *Fifth floor.*

25c each for 50c toothpick holders—Prism pattern.

$1.35 for $2 bonbon nappies—heart shaped.

$3.95 for $5 Marlboro water bottle—a special, cut to our order in new, very beautiful shape.

$2.98 for $5 8-in. bowls—beautifully cut; brilliant.

15c for chocolate cups and saucers—with dainty floral decorations.

35c for cream pitchers—assorted colors—1½-pt. size.

50c for nut bowls—coin gold stippled—with floral centers, imported designs.

25c a set for sugar and cream sets—French decorations, gold tracing.

65c for tea set—three pieces, tinted and gold traced.

12c each for fruit plates—Haviland china decorations on fine Bavarian china.

25c for antique brass candle sticks—complete with candle, shade and shade holder.

Jardinieres—New designs in fine marbled underglaze—8-in. size, 50c; 9-in. size, 75c; 10-in. size, $1.

English jardinieres—A lot of assorted colors, in artistic designs, 8, 9 and 10 inch sizes, 40c and 75c.

Jardinieres with pedestals—Assorted colors, complete, $1.95.

Cuspidors—assorted colors, gold stippled, 50c.

$1 for $1.75 cuspidors—Of fine Bavarian china, with metallic luster and floral wreath.

Marshall Field & Co.

FURS.

We will offer Wednesday, Nov. 18, and the days following some most remarkable values.

New genuine Alaska Seal Jackets, high-grade in every way—sizes 34 to 40, length 20 and 22 inches—beyond question the best values in Alaska Sealskin Coats shown in Chicago this season. $195.00.

Imported Models and Pattern Coats.

We have a number of European models in coats and wraps imported for new ideas, also a number of handsome garments manufactured for display, which having served their purpose with us will be sold at extremely low prices while still fresh and in the height of fashion.

Broadtail Persian long coat; blouse front; very large chinchilla collar and flowing sleeves. $450.00.

Genuine Alaska sealskin short jacket with vest and collar of chinchilla. $300.00.

Revillon Freres' Paris model; short broadtail jacket with deep cape collar. $300.00.

Short blouse front jacket in the finest broadtail Persian with collar and revers of chinchilla. $300.00.

A superb long carriage wrap of black caracul; deep collar, wide facings to bottom of front and cuffs of black fox. Grunwaldt model. $200.00.

Choice box coat of very flat, finest broadtail made in plaits and with Russian Sable collar. $350.00.

Kimono coat, finest Persian with velvet yoke trimmed with mink; large flowing sleeves. A. Revillon & Co. Paris model. $200.00.

Choicest broadtail Persian short jacket with very deep cape collar and sleeves flounced with chinchilla. $350.00.

Plaited box coat of very choice black caracul; collar of Russian sable. $200.00.

Very handsome long black silk evening cloak beautifully trimmed with chenille; lined with squirrel. $200.00.

Long light tan cloth evening cloak; lined with squirrel and with deep cape collar and facings of dark natural mink. $125.00.

Long, light tan cloth cape with collar of natural mink and lined with squirrel backs. $50.00.

Very pretty Persian blouse front jacket; Russian sable collar. $175.00.

Light, tan, suede leather, blouse front, style Louis XVI. coat with shawl collar and cuffs of white caracul. $100.00.

Dark red suede leather Automobile coat with deep collar and cuffs of moleskin. $100.

Short coat of the choicest broadtail with Russian sable collar. $375.00.

We have about twenty less expensive coats in Persian, caracul and seal at much lower prices which also show large reductions and are equally good value.

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the edition of the New York Herald if they are sent to request by, writing on their notices "Please handle them in." Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

IN MEMORIAM.

BRUSTAD—In memory of my sister, Dagmar M. A. Brustad, who died one year ago.
JOHANNA TOIEN.

HAAS—In memory of our Kittie, who died Nov. 17, 1902.

NELSON—In memory of my boy, Carlis Nelson, who died two years ago. Christina Nelson, 574 Division-st.

WILSON—In memory of Stewart Wood, who died Nov. 17, 1902. 609 W. Adams-st.

Bean, Jennie.
Bean, Dorothy.
Bean, Mary.
Bean, Bettie Parks.
Bean, Annie.
Bean, Mary.
Bean, John Francis.
Bean, Helen.
Bean, Albert G.
Bean, Daniel.
Bean, Harry A.
Bean, William H.
Bean, Sadie Margaret.
Bean, William.
Bean, Mrs. M. O.
Bean, Harry L.
Bean, Hubert F.
Bean, Richard.
Bean, Michael.
Bean, Mary.
Bean, Henry C.
Bean, Mrs. W. T.

McDonald, Hugh.
McLaughlin, Luke.
Michaels, Carolina.
Misch, Albert T.
Morf, Fredericka C.
Murphy, Mary.
Numburger, Minnie.
O'Brien, Thomas.
Olsen, Mrs. Randine.
Robinson, Edward J.
Rosenfels, Henrietta.
Rowen, Thomas.
Scanlon, Kathryna.
Sheahan, Daniel.
Smith, Clemancia.
Sprague, Mrs. Louisa.
Stanley, Eva.
Tobin, Thomas.
Tuohy, Della.
Wagner, Marie.
Wells, Andrew J.
Williams, Augustus E.

RANGE—Jennie, aged 42 years, 534 W. Lake-st., Nov.

BRABROOK—Dorothy, darling daughter of Fred L. and May C. Brabrook, suddenly on Nov. 17. Funeral private.

BRENKER—Tuesday, Nov. 17, Mary, beloved wife of Christian Brenker and mother of Anna, Elizabeth, and Edward, 311 Belden-av. Funeral announcement later.

BROWN—Bettie Parks, wife of W. E. Brown, at Jessup, Ills. Louisville papers please copy.

COMPTON—Annie, Nov. 16, wife of Nealy Compton. Funeral from 407 W. Ohio-st., Nov. 18, at 9:30 a. m.

DARGAN—Nov. 17, Mary, wife of the late John Dargan. Funeral from 1543 Harvard-st., to Our Lady of Sorrows' church, Thursday, at 9:30, by carriages to Calvary.

DONOGHUE—John Francis, son of the late James and Johanna Donoghue, aged 25 years. Funeral from 1091 W. Harrison-st., Nov. 17, at 2 o'clock, to St. Jarleth's church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

DRAHN—Helen, aged 72 years, at McHenry, Ill., Nov. 16, wife of John Drahn and mother of Sister M. Alphonse, O. S. F., Mrs. Josef Rietsch, John Drahn jr., and Mrs. Frank Wunsch. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from residence of J. Rositsch, 27 Yeaton-av., Chicago, to Holy Trinity church, thence to St. Boniface cemetery.

DUTTON—Albert G., Nov. 16, 1903, beloved husband of C. Eberle, son of Sylvania Dutton, and brother of Fred M. and Horace W. Funeral Thursday at 1 o'clock from the late residence, 1911 Forest-av., to Forest Home cemetery. Member of Fidelity lodge, A. F. & A. M., Wiley M. Egan lodge, R. A. M., and Oriental consistory. Manchester, N. H., papers please copy.

FERHAN—Daniel, aged 2 years, son of Daniel and Margaret Ferhan. Funeral Nov. 18 from 724 Grand-av., at 10 a. m., thence by carriages to Calvary.

FLEMING—Harry A., son of the late Capt. W. E. and S. N. Fleming, Nov. 14, aged 19 years. Funeral from 769 W. Halsted-st., Nov. 17, 1 p. m. Burial at Forest Home.

FLENTJE—William H., husband of Alice R., at his home at Wilmette. Funeral notice later.

FOWLER—Sadie Margaret, wife of Alex. E. Fowler. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from 3701 W. 46th-st. Interment at Forest Home.

FRAHM—William, son of Lena and the late Henry Frahm, Nov. 15, at Rusk, Tex. Funeral notice later.

FRINK—Mrs. H. O., Nov. 16. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from 528 Nelson-st.

KILLIAN—Mary L., beloved daughter of James and Mary Killian jr. Funeral from her parents' residence, 232 Walnut-st., Thursday, Nov. 19, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Malachy church, thence by carriages to Chicago depot, cars to Joliet, Ills.

KORBER—Nov. 16, at Fond du Lac, Wis., Hubert F., beloved husband of Annie [nee Amberg], aged 36 years. Burial at Fond du Lac, Wis.

KRUPP—Richard, aged 32, at 6249 Bishop-st., husband of Bertha Kropp. Funeral Wednesday at 2 o'clock to Oakwoods.

LAKE—Adolphus, Nov. 16. Funeral Wednesday, 19 a. m., at 185 Dearborn-st.

LAYDEN—Michael, son of Nora and the late Patrick Layden. Funeral Nov. 19 at 9 a. m. to Sacred Heart church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

LEA—Mary Ann, wife of James Lea. Funeral from 14 Honore-st., Thursday, at 1 p. m., to Rosehill.

MAHONEY—Henry C., 69 Bowen-av., suddenly Nov. 16. Funeral notice later.

MARSHALL—Nov. 17, Mrs. W. T. Marshall, aged 61 years, at 183 Humboldt-st. Funeral notice later.

MCDONALD—Ruth, Nov. 16, infant son of Robert and Mary McDonald. Funeral today at 11:30 a. m. from 140 W. 49th-pl., by train to Mount Olivet.

M'LAUGHLIN—Luke, aged 76 years, at 3225 N. Paulina-st. Funeral Nov. 18, at 8:30 a. m., to Ascension church.

MICHAELS—Carolina, wife of George Michaels, aged 49, at 1824 Hirsch-st. Funeral Nov. 19, by train to Rose Hill, at 9 a. m.

MISCH—Albert T., aged 34 years, beloved husband of Antonia Misch, late Stauber, Oct. 16. Funeral from residence, 241 Anna Hoffgen-av., Wednesday, Nov. 18, 2 p. m. Interment at Graceland.

MORF—Fredericka C., Nov. 16, beloved wife of Edward Morf, mother of Emma and Freddie. Funeral Nov. 18, at 2 p. m., from residence, 104 Ward-st. Interment at Graceland.

MURPHY—Mary, Nov. 16, wife of the late Andrew Murphy. Funeral from 65 Gault-ct., Wednesday, at 8:30, to Holy Name cathedral, by carriages to Calvary.

NEWBERRY—In memory of our Richie, who was killed Nov. 17, 1902.

NUMBURGER—Minnie, aged 36 years. Burial at Portsmouth, O.

O'BRIEN—At 428 Grand-av., Thomas, son of the late James and Mary. Funeral Wednesday at 9 a. m., by carriages to Calvary.

OLSEN—Mrs. Randine, Nov. 16, aged 51 years, wife of Christian Olsen. Funeral Nov. 19, at 1 o'clock, from 186 N. Mozart-st. Interment Mount Olivet.

ROBINSON—Nov. 17, 1903, Edward J. Robinson, native of Albany, N. Y. Funeral private. Interment at Albany, N. Y.

ROWEN—Thomas, rt. 729 W. 43d-st. Funeral Wednesday at 9 a. m., St. Gabriel's church, thence to Calvary.

ROSENFELS—Henrietta Rosenfels, widow of the late Simon Rosenfels, beloved mother of Oliver, Clarence E. and Clarence E. Rosenfels, aged 63 years. Wednesday, 9 a. m., from residence, 615 S. 40th-av. Carriages to Rosehill.

SCANLON—Katherine A., beloved daughter of Thomas Allen [nee Connelly], and sister of Thomas Allen jr., John, Charles, Margaret, Raymond, little Myrtle, and the late Timothy and Michael Connelly. Funeral Thursday, Nov. 19, at 9:30 a. m., from her parents' residence, 1908 Carroll-av., to St. Charles Borromeo church, where high mass will be said. Thence by carriages to Calvary. Member of St. Aloysius' Young Men's society.

SHEAHAN—Daniel, aged 2 years, son of Daniel and Margaret Sheehan. Funeral today at 10 a. m., 154 W. Erie-st., by carriages to Calvary.

SMITH—Clemencita, beloved daughter of Victor S. and Anna Smith, at 3701 Vincennes-av., Hyde Park, Nov. 17, aged 6 years 6 months 13 days. Funeral private. Burial at Evansville, Ind., Nov. 19.

SPORLEDER—John, at his residence, 845 N. Park-av., aged 43 years. Funeral Wednesday at 2 p. m., to Graceland.

STRAGUE—Mrs. Louisa, at the residence of her son, William Sprague, 837 Dearborn-av., aged 94 years and 8 months. Funeral Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

SUNDBERG—Nov. 15, Eva Sundberg, aged 18 years. Funeral from 6009 Center-av., Nov. 18, 10 a. m., by carriages to Oak Hill.

SURRIDGE—Nov. 16, at his residence, 99 E. 26th-st., Thomas Tobin, aged 61 years. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m., by carriages to Oak Hill.

TUOHY—Della, Nov. 16, wife of Michael Tuohy. Funeral Nov. 18, from 2412 Throop-st., to St. Peter's church, by carriages to Calvary.

WAGNER—Marie. Funeral from 92 Miller-st., to Zion church, Wednesday at 9:30 a. m.

WELIN—Andrew J., beloved husband of Sophia and father of Harry, Andy, and Florence, aged 39 years 13 days. Member Dearborn Lodge 310, A. F. and A. M., Dec. D. McClellan Council No. 426, R. A. M. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 18, 2 o'clock, from residence, 541 W. 55th-st., by carriages to Oak Hill.

WILLIAMS—Augustus E., Nov. 17. Burial at Ionia, Mich.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Name	Age	Residence
Martha, 58; 206 N. Curtis-av.		
Sarah J., 54; 2231 W. Congress-st.		
Rose, 40; 19 Elburn-av.		
Sarah, 60; 1827 Wells-st.		
Mary, 82; 106 N. Hermitage-av.		
Jennie, 43; 534 W. Lake-st.		
Dolly, 69; 4432 Wentworth-av.		
Mary B., 41; 40 Rush-st.		
Martha, 39; 5114 Wallace-st.		
Mrs. Ella, 30; 503 W. 63d-st.		
Sarah M., 28; 2791 N. 44th-ct.		
Michael, 52; 4717 Loomis-st.		
Hirsch, 66; 46 Lowell-pl.		
Frank, 50; 35 McHenry-av.		
James J., 11; 1286 Clifton Park-av.		
Frank, 49; 465 S. Paulina-av.		
Richard, 33; 6349 Bishop-st.		
Peter, 15; 1223 Wabash-av.		
Justin E., 37; 3314 Rhodes-av.		
Minnie, 92; 457 W. North-av.		
Bridget, 72; 383 W. Huron-st.		
Hendrickson, 64; 104 Ward-st.		
Alfred, 33; 219 W. Erie-st.		
Irving D., 68; 3038 Calumet-av.		
Wilhelmina F., 86; 976 Hilland-av.		
Thomas P. J., 52; 428 Grand-av.		
Barbara, 40; 1040 Ontario-av.		
Josef, 55; 8140 Escanaba-av.		
Christian, 66; 806 Augusta-st.		
Charles, 33; 290 W. Harrison-st.		
Charles, 67; 10238 Wallace-st.		
Henriette, 55; 613 E. 46th-pl.		
Eva, 16; 6009 Center-av.		
Mary, 86; 2036 Carroll-av.		
Mary, 60; 1604 Adams-st.		
Veronica, 33; 78 Division-st.		
Mary, 36; 2448 Archer-av.		
Clara B., 43; 6123 Peoria-st.		
Josef, 1054 22d-st.		
Agnes, 60; 541 Sangamon-st.		
Mary A., 49; 76 24th-st.		
Carl G., 37; 11731 Dearborn-st.		
Augustus E., 86; 507 W. Monroe-st.		
Stanistane, 7;	8306	Houston-av.,

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples residing in counties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

Name	Age
Robert Weems, Kankakee, Ill.; Hester Anna Fuqua, Lincoln, Ill.	30—24
George L. Aldrich, Josephine I. McDonald	27—20
Curt Zadler, Elsie Klaus	23—21
Joe Richman, Rosie Chanenson	22—21
Arthur J. Crotto, Bay City, Mich.; Mary Barton	27—24
James F. Fraley, Elsie E. Schmehl	21—18
Lawrence A. Jegen, Loretta M. O'Brien	25—21
Guy C. Keith, Lillian Gummers	25—24
Anton Fela, Mary Pacyna	37—34
Otto Schurr, Anna Johnsen	40—30
Emanuel Rusek, Claudia C. Hoty	24—20
Felix H. Spitzer, Margaret Bredemann	24—20
Chauncy Brookmore, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Lena Serneyne, same	27—30
Samuel Bates, Mary Sullivan	27—27
Carl Coffin, Indianapolis, Ind.; Sophie Litz	24—19
James Simpson, Jessie C. McLaren	30—30
Wilhelm Hium, Mathilda Rash	39—40
William McKeown, St. Louis, Mo.; Ida Twohey, same	27—26
George Detterbeck, Mary Hein	27—24
William Brown jr., Marguerite Maniere	26—23
Edmond F. Madden, Loretta C. Jackson	29—24
William J. McHenry, Frances Dunne	30—29
Thomas J. Murray, Alice E. Lacey	29—23
Harland B. Adams, Bessie Lee Pendelton	25—20
Samuel D. Arnstein, Crown Point, Ind.; Minnie Schoenfeld	27—20
William Rusch, Anna Hoegen	21—20
John Perry Worthington, Ethel Motley	23—19
Edward Brady, Elizabeth Bissett	30—30
Johan Schvarcz, Barbara Decker	26—26
Thomas Burke, Susie Klaue	28—26
Joseph P. Allen, Louise Landis	27—23
Frederick Verch, Ida Richards	27—27
James Svejda, Emma Vesely	21—18
Julius J. Formella, Lana Michalek	21—18
Wojciech Kamola, Stanislawa Domaraski	21—18
Giuseppe Catanzaro, Petrina Turrigrosso	21—18
Fred C. Johnson, Dora Werner	23—22
Stanislaw Bieda, Wiktorya Wilkus	23—23
John O'Rourke, Rosetta Shaube	23—22
Paul Bania, Antonina Kura	21—20
John Burke, Kate Cosh	24—24
Joseph J. Schusek, Hilda C. Ross	27—24
Anthony Prikrys, Mary Haut	24—22
Richard M. Brennan, Florence J. Jackson	28—26
William J. Stanton, Annie Walsh	29—26
Bobstar Warubski, Weronika Wasilewska	24—22
Abraham A. Scevland, Caroline Tat Olsen	42—31
Konstantinos Danakas, Evenian N. Bachakis	36—24
August Simons, Martha Krumm	28—19
Oscar G. Palm, Hulda K. Swanson	27—29
Harry R. McLogan, Margaret O'Boyle	23—19
Apollinary Wiecek, Marcella Domarski	23—20
Anton Riva, Anna Krejcha	21—20
August A. Fredrickson, Daisy K. Swart	27—27
Bill L. Niver, Florence Slaughter	21—21
Michael C. White, Jane McNamara	58—30
George Kosinski, Anna Juchas	20—20
Alvis Kampe, Annie Piechocinski	24—22
Joseph Hlavin, Julia Jansky	21—20
Bernard Henliken, Maggie Hill	23—23
John Labuda, Martha Grabinska	22—18
Reynhold Anderson, Anna Anderson	30—29
Alvin Harris, Anie Tatro	21—21
Louis Krause, Sophie Loffler	24—21
William Ulrich, Emily C. Ridley	24—21
Frank Dondelski, Mary Brzozowski	21—19
Charles Wagner, Mamie Heimingsen	21—19
Frances N. Walsh, Nellie Hogan	29—29
Robert Tomlinson, Elizabeth Newton	27—27
James F. McCormick, Rose M. Thompson	27—22
Oscar T. Cunningham, Miss Dora Connor	28—22
John Potempa, Agnieska Kowal	23—23
James H. Patterson, Cleveland, O.; Alice H. Webster	37—32
John Peterson, Moorehead, Minn.; Ella Larson	32—28
Luke T. Mullins, Bloomington, Ill.; Mary Bivins	27—24
William Brady, Mary McVeagh	25—25
Noah Dumout, Hettie Gardner	25—24
Henry M. E. Brown jr., Francis Rose Mitchell	21—20
Tomasz Jakubowski, Katarzyna Mankowska	27—20
Charles Jamieson, Jennie Woodward	27—23
Eugene W. Fitzpatrick, Leonard Gallagher	27—23
John Hartwig, Agnes Dorn	44—35
Don A. Freeman, St. Cloud, Minn.; Grayce R. Simons	20—18
Benjamin Bos, Gertie Jonkman	22—22
Alfred H. Kathe, Emma Wendland	25—22
Joseph Peter Hack, Crown Point, Ind.; Lizzie Barden	32—25
George Stewart, Margaret O'Hara	26—24
John Banzer, Regina Wendler	28—26
Patrick F. Dwyer, Isabella Hartigan	36—36
Ernest S. Stafford, Emma Stoebe	26—24
Leo Gentile, Cornetta Zampare	22—22
Constantine D'Agostino, Rosa D'Agostino	27—19
Simon B. Linstad, Laura Hall	24—21

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Tuesday, Nov. 17, 1903.

LAKE VIEW.

Aldine-av., between Halsted-st. and Evanston-av., n f. 37.97x89.76, March 18 [Emil Gehrke to Joseph Neunkirchen] ..... $ 3,500
Russell-st., 187½ n of Belmont-av., e f. 37½x125, incumb. $2,000, Nov. 14 [J. Hanson to Albert T. Larson] 4,000
Catalpa-av., 283 w of Ashland, s f. 25x125, Nov. 11 [Rose Taylor to Henry W. Austin] 3,500
Cosgrove-av., 51 s of Oakley, f. 25x132, June 30 [M. W. Pearson to Alfred Larson] 2,500
Elsy-av., 163 n w of Magnolia, n e f. 37½x125, incumb. $3,800, Nov. 16 [F. E. Cordts to Bessie L. Smith] 6,000
Evanston-av., 190 s of Hollywood, w f. 50x250, Nov. 5 [R. B. Seifert to Edgewater Coal Co.] 3,250
Grace-st., 245 e of Robey, n f. 20x125, Oct. 26 [C. H. Detschler to Franz Weith] 4,500
Kenmore-av., 300 s of Berwyn, e f. 50x100, Oct. 30 [Harry B. Smith to Niels Buck] 2,625
Nelson-st., s e cor Lincoln, s f. 54½x132, Nov. 12 [J. H. Mackay to B. Brown jr.] 1,025
Pine Grove-av., 297 s of Grace-st., e f. 50x226, incumb. $6,000, Nov. 14 [E. Stewart to Mary Morency] 9,000
Seminary-av., 416 s of Diversey, w f. 38x120, Nov. 10 [S. G. Tuthill et al., by M. in C., to Catherine Peters] 1,750
Sheridan-rd., 150 n of Rossemont-av., w f. 50 to Lake Michigan, June 3 [S. H. Austin Jr. to Mary E. Dawson] 5,000

JEFFERSON.

Avers-av., 218 n of Wrightwood, w f. 25x125, Nov. 10 [Wm. B. Austin to Harry Hendrickson] 1
Campbell-av., 50 s of Franklin, e f. 25x125, Nov. 6 [Lulu Bloch to Nellie Ruddy] 1,000
Courtland-st., 45 e of Rockwell, s f. 25x125, Nov. 16 [M. Ryan to Richard Boyle] 2,700
Elston-av., 133 s e of Roscoe-st., s w f. 50x132, Nov. 12 [A. T. Larson to John W. Hanson] 4,500
Fairfield-av., 201 n of Diversey, w f. 25x110, Oct. 16 [R. Wingen to Wm. Krumenacker] 1,700
42d-ct., s w cor Waveland-av., e f. 100x125, Nov. 10 [E. M. Monk to Walter W. Wilcox] 1,500
N. 43d-av., 150 n of Cosgrove, w f. 50x155 ft., Oct. 23 [B. Congleton to Frank Hohnke] 1,000
N. 45th-av., 150 n of Harrison-av., w f. 50x144, Nov. 14 [W. Valentine to Wm. F. Krumsee] 1,000
N. 46th-av., 150 n of Huntoldt, e f. 32x125, Nov. 13 [John Stromquist, by M. in C., to the New Fort Dearborn B. and L. Assn.] 1,500
Humboldt-st., 250 n of Mariana-av., e f. 20x125, Nov. 14 [E. E. Overfield to Catherine McCarthy] 3,000
Monart-st., 122 s of Courtland, e f. 20x100, Nov. 16 [A. E. Peterson to Bessie Nelson] 1,900
North-av., n e cor N. 45th-av., s f. 50x328,

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE MAN OR CASHIER, BY THOROUGHLY COMPETENT MAN OF EXPERIENCE; HAVE HAD TWELVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN VARIOUS OFFICE CAPACITIES AND HAVE BEEN EIGHT YEARS WITH MY PRESENT EMPLOYERS, WHO WILL GIVE ME THE HIGHEST REFERENCES. DESIRE A GOOD LIVING SALARY AND AN OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE AS ABILITY IS SHOWN. ADDRESS T 0 803, TRIBUNE OFFICE.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MARRIED man desires honest work of any kind; clerking or office work preferred; good refs. furnished. CHARLES MANSER, 86 S. 40th-court.

SITUATION WANTED — BOOKKEEPER AND office man with executive ability; six years' manufacturer and contractor; married; speaks German; salary moderate; Al refs. E 294, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer, rapid, accurate, speaks German, capable correspondent; 4 years' experience; references, Address E 290, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, EXPERienced and competent bookkeeper, also stenographer; quick and accurate; best city refs.; reasonable salary. Address E 316, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer, by young man of 7 years' experience; flawless references. P 311, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE MAN DISPOSing of couple of hours daily wants some extra work. Address E 307, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, AS SHIPping clerk or timekeeper. References. Address E 304, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED D. E. bookkeeper; 4 or 5 hours a day or willing; terms reasonable. Address B 123, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HONEST AND RELiable man, 26; 5 yrs. bookkeeping and office work experience. Address C 853, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOOKKEEPER; young man of experience and ability; four years with present employers. Address E 50, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. BOOKKEEPER, business man, accurate, rapid hard worker; famiiar with export; 3 languages; $25. Al 446, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE WORK WITH privilege of use of typewriter. E 298, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BILL CLERK; EXperienced; best ref. Address E 283, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND stenog.; 5 years' exp.; age 23. E 287, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—TRAVELER, 28 YEARS old, 8 years' experience on road; sells dry goods trade; wholesale hardware, department stores, etc. Best references. Address A 250, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SOLICITOR, MAN OF fashion, experience; can also help promote business by advertising, catalogue or mail order plans. Address E 297, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SALESMAN; EXPERIence in city; also as traveler; young man, with refs. Address E 273, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 26; INside preferred. Address E 297, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—PRINTER; NONUNION; all-around jobber, makeup, ads.; exceptionally competent, sober, reliable; working foreman; anywhere on merits. Address E 306, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GORDON PRESSMAN, 14 or [illegible]; salary $18. Address C. E. G., 1184 Milwaukee-av.

SITUATION WANTED — BY DRAFTSMAN, with good general experience; can call. Address A 254, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGINEER, COMPEtent repairing. E. Hammarberg, 521 Otto-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MACHINIST, Machine or vice work. Address E 156, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—LICENSED ENGIneer; nonunion. Address E 303, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGINEER, FROM 20 to 1,000 horse power. J. F. Bell, 353 S. Hoyne.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS butler and houseman; best of references. Address E 318, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, FIRST class, expert driver and horseman; sober, steady, reliable, willing worker; 3 years last place; best Chicago references. Address C 686, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; GOOD driver; willing to work furnaces of all kinds. Fine city references. Address E 274, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — BY STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; young man, with business integrity; experienced; educated. D 556, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED STEnographer; Densmore or Remington. Address E 322, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER, competent S. P. and Rem. operator; Al refs. Address E 336, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, RAPID, with knowledge of bookkeeping. E 278, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MARRIED man of some education; 7 years' experience; speaks and write German, French, and English; situation of trust or correspondent. Address E 314, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AD WRITING AND circular work; neat and catchy ads bring business; the holiday season is the best selling time in the year to pay to help you; prices reasonable. Address D 581, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST CLASS waiter, hotel, restaurant; speaks French and German. Address E 230, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HAULING; MAN WITH Lafayette-av. horse and express wagon, day or week. J. B. ROBINSON, 356 30th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—CAREFUL TRANSLAtions from and to German, French, Spanish, Dutch; Hungarian quickly made. E 310, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AI BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; exceptional references; 6 years' experience; age 27. E 310, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—MAN, 26, GOOD APpearance; willing worker; security. Address E 325, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, STUdent, will take care of furnace, etc., for board and room; South Side. Address E 295, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE AGED MAN; well recommended, for general work, care horse, furnace, etc.; city or suburb. E 338, Tribune.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE, industrious young Norwegian man in private family for general work; city or suburb; have the necessary experience and the best of city refs. Address Carl Erikson, 117 S. Canal-st., care of Ross.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LORGNETTE WITH GOLD CHAIN AND PEARLIN BETWEEN STORE OF MARSHALL FIELD & CO. MONDAY EVENING ABOUT 5:15; VALUED AS AN HEIRLOOM BY THE OWNER. REWARD FOR RETURN OF SAME TO 4307 OAKENWALD-AV., APARTMENT D.

LOST—BETWEEN BANKS-ST. AND FIELD'S store, containing money, two rings, and bank check to order Mary Lehman; liberal reward for delivery of rings to 27 Banks-st., Chicago.

LOST—GOLD SCARFPIN PEARL SETTING, Saturday afternoon, La Salle-st. near Madison-st.; reward return. C. F. ORR, 130 La Salle-st.

LOST—ON TRAIN ARRIVING CHICAGO SUNday evening, a small leather hand grip. Reward if returned to 625 Rialto Bldg., city.

LOST—GOLD WATCH; INITIALS [L. W. G.]; open face; between Elm and Scott-sts.; liberal reward if returned to 44 Scott-st.

LOST—BULL TERRIER; BLACK SPOT OVER left eye. Answers name Dan. Reward. Address 4726 Greenwood-av.

LOST—$200 REWARD. NO QUESTIONS ASKED. If jewelry taken from dresser, 22 Scott-st., is returned.

FOUND—A GOLD COIN CHARM. C. LUNDY, 7300 Stewart-av.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—ANY ONE KNOWING THE ADdress of Edward H. O'Brien would greatly oblige his sister by sending the same to Mrs. M. Martin, 131 Dauphine-st., New Orleans, La.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

OF ALL THE DIFFERENT ARTICLES DISplayed for Christmas shoppers, diamonds are the most desired and popular. They are expensive, but they are the only things that are always worth what you pay for them in hard cash. Diamonds do not wear out or become second hand property, hence a diamond purchase is an investment, not an expenditure. They have increased in value steadily for ten years—in fact, they have more than doubled in value in that time. You can buy one by making a small first payment when you get the diamond and the balance you can pay in a series of monthly payments arranged to suit your earnings or convenience. We are open until 8:30 daily; Saturdays until 10 p. m. Step in, get particulars of the popular Loftis System. Catalogue mailed free on request. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 92 State-st. Diamonds, Watches, and Jewelry.

STRELITZ BROS., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN American watches; weekly or monthly payments; goods delivered on first payment; send for new fall catalogue. 24 floor, Columbus Memorial Bldg., 108 State-st.

CLAFF & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGton-st. Est. 1868. Diamonds, watches, silverware, etc.; prices lower than any house; full value paid for diamonds, gold, duplicate wedding presents.

EASY PAYMENT—$1 WEEKLY WILL BUY A fine diamond or high grade watch. The Walker-Edmund Co., 120 State-st., Suite 410-412.

$15 IN NOVEMBER DOES WONDERS FOR A diamond. See them or ask for booklet. GEO. E. MARRILL, Inc., 108 State-st.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. DEE & CO., refiners, 67 Washington.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

MRS. H. STARR, 472 SOUTH STATE-ST., CASH prices paid for castoff ladies' and gents' clothes; also tailoring. Telephone Harrison 4446.

MEYERHOFF, 626 WEST CONGRESS-ST., PAYS highest price for gents' castoff clothing. Tel. Seeley 2067.

H. S. 474 N. CLARK-ST. PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentleman's castoff clothing. 1254 North.

CANDIES.

CONFECTIONERY. FINE BONBONS AND chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue. C. F. GUNTHER, Confectioner. 213 State-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND stenographer; competent and thoroughly experienced. Address E 324, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPErienced lady cashier; Al city refs. A 250, Tribune.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST CLASS COOK in private family in suburbs; cooking only. 350 Michigan-av.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEwork by middle aged colored woman; no objections to country. 774 60th-st., front basement.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXP. GIRL FOR general housework; wages $5; good refs. Call 24 Bellevue-pl., top floor.

SITUATION WANTED — CAPABLE YOUNG woman, cook, private family; no laundry. Address S W 285, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST CLASS cook. 353 Orleans-st.

SITUATION WANTED—IN SMALL FAMILY BY woman with child. 3742 Cottage Grove.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED girl; general housework. Call 239 31st-st., flat 2.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL; good cook; no washing; $6. 843 Humboldt-st.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER, EDUcated woman, young, bright, adaptable; good cook, manager, and buyer; experienced; references. Address E 319, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—NORTH GERMAN OF education and refinement, capable of managing household, seeks suitable position; best sewer. Address E 328, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS MANAGING housekeeper by competent woman; no incumberance; best of refs. 404 Orchard-st., 'phone Black 2034.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED housekeeper; good refs.; $6 per week. 65 W. Van Buren.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST CLASS dressmaker, sewing at home or by day; fit guaranteed. 507 W. 60th-pl.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED nurse desires the care of infant or invalid; references. Address E 315, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A NEAT, TRUSTworthy nurse girl or young child; middle aged; city or suburbs; refs. 416 E. Superior-st.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO LAUNDRY work by a good laundress; take clothes home. 142 38th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—LAUNDRESS WISHES work by day. 4524 St. Lawrence-av.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—RELIABLE STENOGrapher with 10 years' experience in high grade work, desires position as private secretary, or in first class office, where best work is required; Remington; $18-$20. Address E 322, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A1 STENOGRAPHER; excellent office and business experience, with good general knowledge of bookkeeping; not averse to taking good out of town position; salary $15; ref. 6 years. Tribune office, Evanston.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A THOROUGHLY competent stenographer and asst. bkpr.; experienced; employe at present desire to make change; salary $12. Address C 173, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY AS either stenographer, typewriter, assistant bookkeeper, general office work; can speak German. Address E 300, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT, RAPid, and accurate stenographer; 8 yrs.' experience in railroad, law, and insurance; can furnish Al references. Address E 312, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY STEnographer, exp., rapid, accurate, and thoroughly competent; educated and refined; can furnish best references; please state salary. E 315, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A STENOG. AND ex.; $6; 17 yrs.; no agencies need apply; Remington. Address E 340, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AI STENOG.; LAW, insur. merc. exp., or small salary with outside work allowed. Address E 341, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOGRAPher, very rapid operator; held high positions; $12. Address E 279, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — LADY STENOG.; 3 years' exp.; references. 901 Tribune Bldg.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY, NEAT appearing, exp. stenographer; $10. E 172, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — MANUSCRIPTS OF any kind carefully typewritten. D 671, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; Remington. 65 Van Buren.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY STENOG. and bookkeeper; $5. E 282, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. YOUNG LADY, hotel, for maid in dressing room. S W 284, Tribune.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ADDRESSER AND OFFICE—EXPERIENCED, fine penman; $8 to $7. 46, 151 Washington-st.

CASHIER—YOUNG LADY. EXPERIENCED and rapid. Apply Thompson's, 88 State-st.

CASHIERS—10 THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED. Apply with references, 8:30 a. m., 6th Floor, Superintendent. THE FAIR.

ENTRY CLERK—EXPERIENCED AND GERman; $7. Room 46, 92 La Salle-st.

GENERAL OFFICE—EXPERIENCED, GOOD writer, good at figures, $. Ride; $8. 46, 92 La Salle.

OFFICE GIRL—GOOD PENMAN, WEST SIDE; $7. Room 634, 225 Dearborn-st.

OFFICE GIRL AND SALESLADY—NEAT AND bright; $8. Room 634, 225 Dearborn-st.

PENMAN—GOOD, TO DO ADDRESSING; $1.25 per day; answer in own handwriting. Address F 221, Tribune office.

Saleswomen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESLADIES—DEMONSTRATORS OR GOOD, capable, bright, attractive, experienced saleslades to take charge of our displays in department stores in the different cities of Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, and Illinois; permanent position; liberal salaries; a splendid opportunity for clever cloak and suit or other capable saleslades. Call Barrios Diamond Co., main office, 601 Adams Express Building, 185 Dearborn-st.

SALESLADIES—TO SELL THE KING GARMENT CUTTER, 1903 invention; cuts dress patterns. Call at Fauvel's Cutting Sch., 709 Masonic Tpl.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED IN HOSIERY, underwear, dress goods, linens, and domestics. D. D. MADIGAN & CO., 31st-st. and Forest-av.

SOLICITOR—MIDDLE AGED LADY TO INTERview old customers and prospective buyers; steady employment for capable worker. HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN & CO., 378 Wabash-av.

TRAVELERS—WOMEN AND MEN TO TRAVEL and employ lady agents; best line, best terms ever offered. Taxis Toilet Goods Co., Chicago.

Domestics.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS—GOOD. 2624 CALUmet-av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK — COLORED GIRL; no home nights. 3804 Ellis-av., Flat 34.

GIRL—NO WASHING; SMALL HOUSE; $5; refs. required. 2218 Wentworth-av., Ravenswood.

GOOD COOK—
2560 Calumet-av.

HOUSEWORK—FIRST CLASS GIRL FOR GENeral housework; small family; South Side; no washing; good wages. Call 243 Wabash-av., Room 505.

HOUSEWORK—A BRIGHT ALL ROUND GIRL for general housework in small flat for two people. Call mornings and evenings, 10 Scott-st., top flat. Must bring first class references.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in family of one to sleep home nights preferred. 1832 Indiana-av.

HOUSEWORK—IMMEDIATELY. GIRL FOR general; references required. 840 N. Park-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

DRESSMAKER—TO COME TO HOUSE OR TAKE work home. 1620 W. Adams-st. Phone W. 1546.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS—GOOD, FOR MONDAYS AND Tuesdays, or will come commencing near proper hrs. Call Wednesday, before 1, or 'phone 1005 Hyde Park. 5441 East End-av.

Stenographers.

EXPERIENCED MEDICAL STENOGRAPHERS and addressers—Amateurs need not apply. DARNELL, 1417 Champlain Building.

OLIVER TYPEWRITER OPERATOR—$5 TO $6. Room 634, 225 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—WOMAN, WHO CAN TAKE dictation in English and write it in German on typewriter; out of town position. Call at 1008, 67 Wabash-av.

STENOGRAPHER—OLIVER; BRIGHT, EXperienced lady; $10 to $12. R. 634, 225 Dearborn.

STENOGRAPHER—RAPID YOUNG LADY; $7. J. WEBSTER, 90 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHERS—SEE AD. UNDER "INstruction" column. Hoffman's Shorthand College, 516, 180 Dearborn.

TYPEWRITER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT—EXperience, some knowledge of business ability and recommendations; may reside with owner. Mrs. Fuchs, 2059 Clarendon-av., Wholesale Florist.

Miscellaneous.

COPYHOLDER—EXPERIENCED, WHO CAN revise; day work; position permanent. Rogers & Hall Co., 152 Market-st.

FASHION ARTISTS—EXPERIENCED, FOR catalogue work; splendid opportunity with large advertising agency in San Francisco; position permanent. Call, bring samples of work. A. G. CARTER, 192 Michigan-av., top floor, 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. today.

FEMALE COMPOSITORS — STRAIGHT MATter. 715, 24 Clark-st.

GIRL—TO FOLD CIRCULARS, THURSDAY, Friday, and Saturday. Photo Jewelry Mfg. Co., 464 Carroll-av.

GIRL—15 TO 20, FOR COMPANION; $4.00 PER week. 3003 Ellis-av.

GIRLS—FOR LABELING AND PACKING olives and pickles; best pay to good girls and steady work. Address X L 88 Tribune office.

LADIES TO TRAVEL; SALARY $80 MONTH, expenses and bond. 385 Wabash. ABBOTT CO.

SALESWOMEN—DEMONSTRATORS OR GOOD, capable, bright, attractive, experienced saleslades to take charge of our displays in department stores in the different cities of Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, and Illinois; permanent positions; liberal salaries; a splendid opportunity for clever cloak and suit or other capable saleslades. Call Barrios Diamond Co., main office, 601 Adams Express Building, 185 Dearborn-st.

TWENTY-FIVE GIRLS FOR FACTORY WORK. Apply at REID, MURDOCH & CO., Lake and Market-sts.

20 LADY SOLICITORS CAN SECURE PERMAnent employment to work on our new Chicago telephone directory. Call 9 a. m. to 5 o'clock. C. W. RILEY, Gen. Agt., United States Telephone Directory Co., 718 Chamber of Commerce.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER AND ASST. BKPR.....$12
Bookkeeper and Stenog., N. S.; Oliver..... 8
Stenographer, West Side..... 8
Stenographer and office, N. S.; Oliver..... 8
Stenographer and office, Spanish, Italian..... 8
General office, good at figures, So. Side..... 8
Entry clerk, office, O. exp., German..... 7
$21 general office, 2d floor..... 7
General man, real good at figures..... 7 6
General office exp., good writer..... 6
Addressing and office, permanent..... 6
Addressing by the thousand..... 6
Addressing and folding..... 6
Office, $5..... 5
Light factory..... 5
Labeling..... 5
Folders, stamping envelopes, etc..... 5

NO REGISTRATION OR ADVANCE FEES.

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
92 La Salle-st. 167 Dearborn-st.
Main 1001. Harrison 4356.

WE CAN HELP YOU FIND THAT POSITION YOU WANT.
EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.
Commercial, Technical, and Educational Positions. Those Hardest to Find and Hardest to Fill. 10th Floor Journal Building. 160 Washington-st.

WE CAN HELP YOU FIND THAT POSITION YOU WANT.
EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.
Commercial, Technical, and Educational Positions. Those Hardest to Find and Hardest to Fill. 10th Floor Journal Building. 160 Washington-st.

"LET MORRELL AGENCY HELP YOU" TO A good position. NO JOB, NO PAY. 148 State.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY for profit or pleasure; nothing pays better; perfect fitting shirt waist and skirt patterns cut at McDowell School, 78 State-st., opp. Field's.

MADAM HUNT'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1201 Masonic Temple.

SCHOOL FOR DRESSMAKING, CUTTING, AND Pattern Drawing. OLGA GOLDZIER, 606 Masonic Temple. Program free.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

CROONBORG SARTORIAL ACADEMY, 183-5-7-9 Dearborn-st., Chicago, teaches designing, cutting, grading, fitting, and construction of garments for men and women. Phone Randolph 206.

CHARLES J. STONE & CO.—TAILORS' CUTTING School, 194-196-198 La Salle-st., Chicago. Evening classes now forming; phone Main 1061; est. 1879.

LEARN CUTTING, GRADING, DESIGNING, and making of ladies' garments; positions furnished free. JACKSON, 206 State-st.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

COOK & McLAIN, 80 DEARBORN-ST., 'PHONE Main 2707, 2 MILL Cleaners and Dyers. 1378 W. Madison-st. 'phone Monroe 1181.

AUG. SCHWARTZ, LADIES' AND GENTS' GARments; 4 stores; 158 Illinois-st., 126 Dearborn-st., 822 W. Madison-st., Tel. M. 8836.

DAVID WEBER, THE EXPERT,
3525 State-st. BRANCHES: 118 E. 43d; 224-st. and Michigan-av. 'Phone Oakland 524.

MANHATTAN STEAM DYE WORKS—
KRIEKAN & MILL Cleaners and Dyers.
1378 W. Madison-st. Phone Seeley 704.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED—50 GOOD SECOND HAND WHEELS at once for country orders; bring wheels and get our cash offer. Mead Cycle Co., 1244 Wabash-av.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

ALEXANDER'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, 171 Washington-st., reliable service; tel. Main 1806.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

3611 LAKE-AV. — THE LOUVRE — DELIGHTfully located, elegantly furnished, modern conveniences, outside rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; excellent table; reasonable rates; references; ½ block I. C.; 2 blocks cable. Tel. Douglas 1287.

3449 MICHIGAN-AV.—$1 PER DAY UP—FURnished rooms, $4 per week up; all conveniences; board optional and extra; magnificent house. Tel. So. 461. Use Alley "L," 26th-st.

152 E. 36TH-ST. THE HAYDEN—THE MOST homelike place in the city; best rooms, meals, and service for the price. Phone Douglas 1440.

4215 ELLIS-AV.—STEAM HEATED ROOMS; I. C., boulevard trains; table board; references.

4462 ELLIS-AV., NEAR I. C.—LARGE, HANDsomely furnished front room; references.

3918 LAKE-AV., COR. OAKWOOD-BLVD.—Rooms with board; telephone.

1702 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED ROOMS; steam heat, home cooking.

2802 MICHIGAN-AV.—TWO FRONT ROOMS, EN suite or single; good home table.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS, WITH BOARD; steam; phone; Douglas 3070; all come.

3417 CALUMET-AV.—BOARD, ROOM; MODERN flat; steam, 'phone, electricity.

267 MICH.-AV., NR. AUDITORIUM, BEST LOcation—Rooms, table, and ref. for refined people.

3909 LAKE-AV.—LIGHT ROOMS, GOOD BOARD. I. C. 1 block.

2032 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE, BEAUTIFUL front room with board; steam R'l; running water.

4340 ELLIS-AV.—CORNER HOUSE; SUPERIOR board for refined people. 'Phone Drexel 13184.

1009 56TH-ST., COR CALUMET—FIRST CLASS board and room; elevated; 'phone. DOOLITTLE.

3849 LAKE—ROOMS AND BOARD, PRIVATE family; attractive home.

West Side.

626 WASHINGTON-BLVD.—LARGE ROOM, with board; southern exposure; hot water.

1154 SEELEY-AV., NEAR JACKSON-BLVD.—First class table board, private family.

North Side.

800 BELDEN-AV.—ROOM, WITH BOARD; NEAR Northwestern Elevated express; fine location; good table; private family.

205 CASS-ST.—ELEGANT FRONT ROOMS with board; terms reasonable. Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

378 E. CHICAGO-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS with homelike board: $4.50 and $5 weekly.

16 ASTOR-ST.—UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT; reasonable rates.

77 MAPLE-ST., NEAR STATE-ST.—FURnished front rooms, steam heated; board.

678 LA SALLE-AV.—ELEGANT ROOM, OPPOsite Lincoln Park; h. water heat; 2 closets; refs.

265 E. HURON-ST.—ROOMS, STEAM HEATED running water; excellent table.

836 DEARBORN-AV.—LARGE DOUBLE ROOM, detached house; all conveniences; excellent board.

Hotels.

THE LOUVRE, 3611 LAKE-AV.—FIRST CLASS residential hotel; delightfully located; newly and elegantly furnished; all modern conveniences; all outside rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; excellent table; reasonable rates; references; ½ block I. C.; 2 blocks cable. Tel. Douglas 1287.

HOTEL DEL PRADO—A HIGH CLASS FAMILY and transient hotel, located between Washington and Madison-avs., fronting on the Midway-blvd., adjoining the University of Chicago.
Winter rates; Parlor and bedroom, with private bath and board for 2 people, $25 to $35 per week.
Take Illinois Central express trains to 60th-st. station; 12 minutes from city.

LEXINGTON HOTEL, MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22d-st.—High grade; absolutely fireproof; large rooms, finely furnished; hot and cold water; European plan, $1 per day and up; with private bath, $1.50 per day and up; electric light; long distance telephone in each room; new, popular priced ladies' and gentlemen's restaurant; Wabash-av. cable passes door; South Side Elevated to 22d-st.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finest location; newly and elegantly furnished throughout, fireproof; 220 outside rooms, 140 private baths; room, with private bath, $6 to $9 per week; fine new cafe; cuisine, best in the district. MORRISE & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

HOTEL TURNER, 33D AND WABASH-AV.—Without exception one of the nicest and best located family hotels on the South Side; rooms, single or en suite, with or without private baths; electric elevator service; all modern improvements; convenient to elevated, Indiana, and State-st. car line. Phone 408 Douglas.

TRY THE ONTARIO HOTEL, N. STATE AND Ontario-sts. Absolutely fireproof.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN.
$10 to $15 per week. Just the place for Ladies and children while stopping in the city shopping. 10 MINUTES' WALK TO BUSINESS CENTER.

CARGILL'S PARK HOTEL—OAK PARK.
Elegant, sunny rooms.
Home cooking.
Pure milk cream, and butter.
Finest meats and provisions.
C. and N. W. R. R. or Lake-st. L.

EDINBURGH HOTEL.....RESIDENTIAL—
2124-26 MICHIGAN-BLVD.
Strictly modern and under new management; delightfully located, just outside the business rush; best of cuisine; new cafe and buffet; rooms single or en suite, with bath. 'Phone South 1028.

THE NEW "CRESCENT" HOTEL — JUST opened, 4065 Ellis-av.; rooms, private bath, by day, week, and month; new building, new furniture; dining room connected; best transportation; rooms $4 per week and up; equal to best in city.

THE NEW HUNTINGTON, 107 37TH-ST., FACing Drexel Park Boulevard; delightfully located hotel; rooms single or en suite, with or without bath; excellent table and service. MRS. J. HUNTINGTON, formerly of Oakwood-blvd.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, COR. WABASH AND Madison—Newly refurnished and remodeled; special rates by the week; American plan, $2 and up; European plan, $1 and up. Tel. Central 1191.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L. I. C. electric lines; steam; baths. Tel. Hyde Park 656. American and European.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes from city. Telephone Hyde Park 192.

VONWOL HOTEL—LOCATION UNSURPASSED —3800 Lake-av.; beautiful rooms, steam, elevator; I. C. and cable; table unsurpassed.

HOTEL WYCHMERE (EUROPEAN), INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—150 elegant outside rooms; all modern; reasonable rates. MRS. H. YORK, Mgr.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—NEW SOUTHERN HOTEL,
Michigan-blvd. and 13th-st.
Everything first class, new, and up to date. Rooms with hot and cold water, $5 per week and up; rooms with private bath, $10 per week and up; only ten minutes' walk from center of city; the finest location in Chicago. Two and three room suites, with private bath, at reasonable rates; admirably adapted for bachelor apartments.

TO RENT—TO 2 GENTLEMEN WITH REFERences, handsomely furnished front suite, modern steam heated residence, running water, hot, cold water; porcelain bath, telephone, all appointments modern home; block from elevated station. 4301 Calumet-av. Tel. 4603.

TO RENT—2 ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS, ground floor; steam heat, bath, telephone; 1 block from I. C. and Cottage Grove. 3124 Groveland-av., Flat 1.

TO RENT—2969 MICHIGAN-AV., ELEGANT large front room; warm; modern conveniences; suitable for two.

TO RENT—VERY MODERN FURNISHED room, private; gentleman, with ref. CLARK, 5411 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—2 OR 3 ROOMS, ELEGANTLY FURnished, modern; cheap; kitchen privileges; L. C. and 47th-st. cars. Woodlawn.

TO RENT—HOTEL LENOX, 259 S. CLARK-ST., fine newly furnished rooms with steam heat, $2 a week and upwards.

TO RENT—1311 MICHIGAN-AV., BEAUTIFUL rooms, newly furnished; modern; steam, gas, bath, phone; walking distance; low rent.

TO RENT—5728 INDIANA-AV., FIRST FLAT—Modern furnished room; one block from 58th L sta.; steam heat; newly furnished.

TO RENT—3417 PRAIRIE-AV., LARGE, ELEgantly furnished front room; running water, telephone, private family; references.

TO RENT—ROOMS, THE LAFAYETTE, 10, 12 and 14 E. Harrison-st.; steam heat, hot and cold running water; one block south of the Auditorium.

TO RENT—4715 CALUMET-AV., SD. FLAT, half block from L, furnished rooms; steam, phone; gentlemen.

TO RENT — 2 CONNECTING FRONT ROOMS completely furnished for housekeeping; heat, phone. 2447 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—3430 INDIANA-AV.; LIGHT ROOMS; newly furnished; steam, electric light, phone. fl. 4.

TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR AND ROOMS; light housekeeping; well heated. 3358 Rhodes-av.

TO RENT—5910 MICHIGAN-AV., PLEASANT front suite; breakfast; stm.; mod.; use kit. Lady.

TO RENT—HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, NICEly furnished. 6131 Kimbark-av., 3d flat.

TO RENT—LARGE, WELL HEATED, FURnished room, $12 per month. 2942 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—4424 ELLIS-AV., NICELY FURNISHED rooms near I. C., electric, and boulevard cars.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; steam; near I. C. and L. 6240 Monroe-av., Flat B.

TO RENT—LARGE OUTSIDE ROOM NEAR L. 5407 Indiana-av., 1st flat. Phone 5074 Blue.

TO RENT—2D STORY FRONT AND MEDIUM rooms; private; house. 2207 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—TWO CHOICE ROOMS; ELEGANTly furnished. 1918 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—3924 LAKE-AV., LARGE FRONT room, near I. C. trains; gentlemen only.

TO RENT—SIDE ROOM, MODERN. ALL CONveniences. 4644 Prairie-av., 2d.

TO RENT—3111 MICHIGAN-AV., TOP FLAT, room, modern.

TO RENT—HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, MODern, stone front residence; a. b. 3421 Forest-av.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME PARLOR SUITE. 2911 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING AND OTHer rooms. 244 E. 51st-st., 2d flat.

TO RENT—2017 MICHIGAN-AV., LARGE AND small furnished rooms, one front; reasonable.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; steam, hot water. 3836 Rhodes-av., Flat C.

TO RENT—28 34TH-PL. ONE BLOCK I. C.; steam; elegantly fur. suite; reasonable; widow.

West Side.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS, all light and airy; phone in connection. MRS. DE LONG, 729 Fulton-st., corner Robey.

TO RENT—176 WARREN-AV., NICELY FURnished front room with board; running water, hot and cold; $3 per week.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED, LARGE AND smaller front room; reasonable. 651 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—617 WASHINGTON-BLVD., DESIRable steam heated rooms; modern; phone.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

North Side.

TO RENT—VERY CHOICE, NEWLY FURNISHed front room for two gentlemen, twin beds, two bureaus, large couch, bookcase, desk, etc.; porcelain bath, every convenience; also single room; gentlemen only. MRS. BARTON, 504 East Ontario-st.

TO RENT—383 ELM-ST., PRIVATE FAMILY adults would rent few elegantly furnished rooms to gentlemen; every convenience of high class home. Those appreciating such can be accommodated. Phone Dearborn 3471.

TO RENT — FINELY FURNISHED ROOMS; handsome, modern house; 2 porcelain baths, heat, closets, hot and cold water each room; double, $2.50 and $3; short walk, dist. 320 E. Indiana-st.

TO RENT—FINELY FURNISHED AND NICELY appointed room; steam heat, hot and cold water, and telephone service. 494 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—354 ERIE-ST., APART. 5, NEWLY furnished rooms; steam heat, hot water; walking distance; free telephone.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ALcove room, all conveniences, for two. 478 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—355 DEARBORN-AV., LOVELY front room; also single; running water; all modern.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, STEAM HEAT, walking distance; near Newberry Library. 165 Locust-st., flat C.

TO RENT—NICELY FURN. FRONT AND SIDE rooms; all conveniences. 251 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—FRONT DOUBLE AND SINGLE room; thoroughly modern. 354 E. Erie, 1st Ap. W.

TO RENT—LARGE, MODERN, WELL FURnished room, 1 or 2 gentlemen. 322 E. Superior.

TO RENT—306 E. CHICAGO-AV., FURNISHED, large and small rooms; also housekeeping.

TO RENT—2 UNFURNISHED ROOMS AT 433 Center-st., opposite Lincoln Park.

TO RENT — LARGE WARM FRONT ROOMS; reasonable. 304 E. Erie-st.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT — WIDOW WITH ELEGANT APARTments would rent beautifully furnished room to refined gentleman or couple; every modern convenience; select neighborhood; phone; good transportation. Address B 595, Tribune office.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—
YOU HAVE CANVASSED CITY OVER;
NEEDA personally inspect each chamber recROOM. ommended; come, have full particuWE lars laid plainly before you; housekeepHAVE ing and furnished apts., all sizes and IT. prices; location to suit you; save time ESTAB. and money. Retah Co., 801, 171 La Salle-st. Phone Hal. 2275. Auto. 2361.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY YOUNG MAN WILLing to pay reasonable price, good furnished room on North Side, walking distance; prefer small private family or widow's house; state full particulars and price. Address E 268 Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping for couple, within walking distance of Tribune Building; reference wanted and given. Address E 271, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—GENTLEMAN WANTS room with or without board, home privilege, nr. Normal Park, R. I. systetm. Addr. 720 56 5th-av.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY YOUNG MAN, FURnished room, N. Side; prefer piano; particulars and price. Address W D 197, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms, North Side. Address W D 195, Tribune.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—EIGHT OF THOSE NEW, MODERN houses on 34th-st., between Cottage Grove and Rhodes-av.; human have never been occupied; contain every modern convenience; hardwood, hot water heat, etc.; rent reasonable.
D. G. HAMILTON, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—SPRING OR LONGER, COMPLETELY furnished house, hardwood floors, oriental rugs, linen, china, silver, coal, Kenwood station, Central. Address Room 223, Chicago Beach Hotel.

TO RENT—DECEMBER 1ST TO MAY 1ST—Modern 10 room house, Indiana-av., near 33d-st.; completely furnished; bargain for right party.
Apply to E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 35th and Indiana-av.

TO RENT—3405 PRAIRIE-AV., A COZY 8 ROOM house; pleasant residence neighborhood; hardwood floors; satisfactory condition to responsible tenant; bargain at $35. Key at 3401.
JOHN E. COLE, 1008 Washington-st.

TO RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHED 8 ROOM house, 3015 Grovland-av.; gas heat; low rate to private family for winter; references. Phone 2875 Douglas.

TO RENT—IF YOU WANT TO RENT OR BUY 180 to 189 Dearborn-st. See or call at South Side office.
E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 35th and Indiana-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—AT A BARGAIN—1408 WASHINGton-blvd., 14 room house, in first class condition. Inquire 10 WALK TO BUSINESS CENTER.
KEDZIE-AV., or GEO. W. TROUT, 176 E. Lake-st.

TO RENT — 10 ROOM HOUSE FURNISHED; steam heat; reasonable rent. 731 Washington-bd.

North Side.

TO RENT—302 N. STATE-ST., 13 ROOM BRICK house in good order; $47.50 per month until May and one or two years after at $50 per month.
J. C. LONG, 410, 189 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, RUENA PK., until May 1st. Address E 147, Tribune office.

Winter Resorts.

TO RENT—PALM BEACH, FLA., COMPLETELY furnished cottage, situated at West Palm Beach, facing the Royal Poinciana. Reasonable rates for the season. For further particulars write to A. R. BEAUJON, West Palm Beach, Fla.

TO RENT—ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA., MODERN cottage; furnished or unfurn. Tribune.

TO RENT—LARGE HOUSE AND GROVE IN Florida. Address MRS. F. M. L., Picolata, Fla.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY SOUTHARD & TRAINER.
142 OAKWOOD-BLVD., DOUGLAS 705.
2118 LA SALLE-ST., 3 ROOMS, $15.
1074 EAST 58TH-ST., WENT, 2833.
4311 to 4315 GREENWOOD-AV. AND 4310 TO 4318 LAKE-AV., convenient to Illinois Central. Lake Shore boulevard trains, and surface cars, elegant 6 and 7 room apartments, just completed and ready for occupancy; finished throughout in various hardwoods, with hardwood floors; Flemish dining rooms; especially designed mantels, sideboards, etc.; $45 and $48 per month. Beautifully finished; inclosed porch; yard; $47.50 to $57.50. AGENT AT BUILDING.
5623 PRAIRIE-AV., 6 rooms, second apartment; large, light rooms; hardwood floors and finish; just completed; best transportation; $42.50. OPEN.
4501 LAKE-AV., 7 room apartment; 2 floors; newly decorated; light rooms; fine location.

TO RENT—

"THE WINTHROP,"
5217-21 Hibbard-av.,
First street west of Madison-av.

6 and 7 rooms, modern apartments; steam heat and hot water; open sanitary plumbing; finish, detail, and equipment the very best; rent $55 to $62.50.

PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
Monadnock Block. 104 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—
STEAM HEATED FLATS.
4500 Vincennes-av., 7 and 8 room flats; modern, high class; new. high class.
5742 Indiana-av., 7 room flat; hardwood floors, etc.; $42.50.
5325 Drexel-av., new 6 and 7 room flats; low rental; just completed.
5002 Wabash-av., 6 room flat; $32.50.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 167 Dearborn-st.
Branch office, 47th and Calumet-av.

TO RENT—6057 INDIANA-AV., 2D FLAT, SIX rooms; new building; $40 per month.
4150-52 Vincennes-av., 6 and 7 room flats, 2d and 3d floors; fine building; see janitor.
TROTTER-BLDG., 132 La Salle-st.
South Side office, 38 E. 43d-st.

TO RENT—6021 JEFFERSON-AV., 2D FLOOR, 8 rooms and reception hall; high grade modern flat; $45; near L. C. trains. GRAPPERHAUSE, RUSSELL & CO., 367 E. 63d-st.

TO RENT—3634 CALUMET-AV., 8 ROOMS, MODern, brick; just painted and some rooms papered new, $25 per month; give long lease.
J. C. LONG, 410, 189 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—LENOX FLATS, 3 ROOMS; NEW bath, steam, hot water, janitor; no children; near I. C. Ry. Office, 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—MODERN STEAM HEATED 9 RM. flats, 3544 Grand-blvd.; $50 and $60 month.
BALDWIN & CO., 35th and Indiana-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HANDSOME 4 ROOM flat; light housekeeping; right for young couples; $22.50. MRS. WALKER, 2d floor, 4517 Lake-av.

TO RENT—562 46TH-ST., JUST E. OF GRANDblvd., 8 rooms, 4th floor, steam heat, and every modern improvement; rent, $40; owner on premises.

West Side.

TO RENT—4 BEAUTIFUL FLATS, FURNISHed; housekeeping; heated. 1465 Fulton-st.

TO RENT—7 ROOM FLAT; LIGHT, STEAM, HOT water, janitor. 1058 Washington-blvd.

North Side.

TO RENT—THE NETHERLANDS, KENMORE and LAWRENCE-AVS., high class apartment; all corners and overlooking the lake and Sheridan-road; 2d floors, 6 rooms, $75; 5 rooms, $40; top floors, 7 rooms, $65; 9 rooms, $75; beautiful garden, billiard, Turkish bath, automobile shed, logias, dumb waiters, servants' toilet, telephone, etc.; 2½ blocks elevated, surface trains; railroad or electric. See janitor or ALBERT FUCHS, Florist, 2059 N. Halsted-st.

TO RENT—OVERLOOKING LAKE MICHIGAN, one seven room apartment in our new high grade bldg., Apt. 6, 635 Pine Grove-av., near Wavelan. 1½ blocks Addison-st. 2 sts. to block electric line; most beautiful location in Chicago. Call up for particulars. CLARK & TRAINER, 411, 184 Dearborn. 'Phone Cent. 971.

TO RENT—
Apartments in Lake View, Buena, and Sheridan Parks.
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 138-140 La Salle-st.
Branch offices, 1904 Evanston-av. and 1295 Sheridan-av.

TO RENT—8 ROOM STEAM HEATED FLAT, 234 Hampden-ct.; hot water, tile, and porcelain bath, gas grates, range, ice chest; polished floors, etc.; $45; newly decorated. See janitor.

TO RENT—BELMONT-AV. AND WEST-CT. five and six room apartments; rent $22 to $40.
C. A. ANDERSON, 601, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—1731 WAVELAND-AV.—ELEGANT 7 room apt., richly decorated; a. b.; $47.50. Janitor or E. ZADER & CO., 114 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—"SEVILLE—SAVOY" N. E. COR. La Salle-av. and Locust-st., 7 and 8 room apts.; $46 and $60; modern; first class. Apply to JANITOR

TO RENT—2 ELEGANT MODERN 6 AND 7 R. apts.; all light rooms; nicely decorated; in best location; ¼ blk. from la.sta. 1830 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—MODERN 5 ROOM STEAM HEATED flats, 605 and 607 Orchard-st. See janitor, or T. W. BUHMANN, 1281 N. Clark-st.

TO RENT — SMALL FLAT, ELEGANTLY FURnished; everything complete. 218 Belden-av.

TO RENT—3 HANDSOMELY FURNISHED flats; housekeeping; heated. 284 Bissell-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

North Side.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL APARTMENTS.
THE PATTINGTON.
7, 8, AND 9 ROOMS.
FIREPROOF AND NOISELESS.

Situated in Chicago's most desirable residence quarter; Buena Park, overlooking Lake Michigan, seventeen minutes' ride from the business center on the Northwestern Elevated road, Sheridan station, express service. Pure air, no smoke, soot, or dust. Free from the annoyance of railroad trains.

Prices range from $70 to $135 per month.

In construction, arrangement, and surroundings THE PATTINGTON is unsurpassed. All rooms have outside light and good ventilation. REFRIGERATION (INCLUDING PURE TABLE ICE) AND ELECTRIC LIGHTS FREE to tenants; 8 INCHES OF CONCRETE BETWEEN FLOORS.

Apartments can be secured now or reserved for May 1, 1904.

Illustrated book sent on application to prospective tenants. Building ready for occupancy.

Address, for further information,

WILLIAM A. BOND & CO.,
Agents, 115 Dearborn-st.

Or The Pattington, 1632-1634 Irving Park-blvd., between Clarendon-av. and lake shore.

Telephones: Main office, Central 4694. The Pattington, Lake View 60.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—HOUSES, FLATS, AND STORES.
CALLAN & VARTY,
145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—FOR THE WINTER, BY small family with no children, seven or eight room furnished house or flat, North Side, within walking distance of Northwestern Elevated. References furnished. Address E 270, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—MAN, EXPERIENCED and competent, to take charge of house and flat renting department.
WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, 4, 5, or 6 rooms, strictly first class; state price; South or North Side. Address E 154, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT — THESE ATTRACTIVE STORES— MICHIGAN-AV., near 18th, 2 stories and basement; store and floors; ready May 1, 1904.
MICHIGAN-AV., S. W. COR. 14th, store and floors; possession May 1, 1904.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 LA SALLE-ST.
Exclusive Agents.

TO RENT—WABASH-AV. CORNER STORE—Adjoining loop; would consider restaurant or saloon; can add additional store and floor space.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 LA SALLE ST.

TO RENT—832-STORE, 491 43D-ST., STEAM heat; living rooms, bath.
HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—STORE, 40X140, 40 AND 42 E. LAKE-st.; also floors; WILL DIVIDE; very low rent.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—273 E. MADISON-ST., STORE; RENT cheap. Apply Room 200.

West Side.

TO RENT—NEAR ADAMS AND CANAL-STS.—Fine store and basement, 45x180; possess. May 1.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., agts., 108 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—NEAR WASHINGTON AND CLINton, fine store and basement; light three sides.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

North Side.

TO RENT—THAT NEW, LIGHT STORE, 1882 Evanston-av., opposite N. W. Elevated terminal; only store vacant in neighborhood; particularly good stand for hardware and house furnishing goods or general grocery; dry goods, barber shop, cigar, and billiards, or any good business. Favorable terms. Gordon Strong & Co., 108 Dearborn-st. Cent. 1121.

TO RENT—93 AND 97 KINZIE-ST.—STORE AND basement, 44x80; with sections.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., agts., 108 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—126 CHICAGO-AV., CORNER STORE; low rent. G. LASHER & SON, 193 S. Water-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—
Offices in Adams Express Building.
Choice location; rapid elevator service; light offices and reasonable rent.
JOHN C. McCORD, Room 401.

TO RENT—PRIVATE OFFICE ROOM, 414 Reaper Block.

TO RENT—SUITE OF OFFICES IN MARquette Building. Apply Room 1612.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—WABASH-AV., NEAR RANDOLPH, second floor; extra fine light; LOW RENT.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., agts., 108 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—211-213 MADISON-ST., 2D AND 3D floors, 40x180; every convenience.
ROUNDS & CLOUGH, 177 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—ON LAKE-ST., NEAR WABASH-AV., 2d floor, 48x226; 3d floor, 48x140; fine light floors.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 LA SALLE

TO RENT—FINE LIGHT FLOORS,

BUSINESS CHANCES.

LKS—
who can talk good plain English can
sp. make from $5,000 to $20,000 per
block stores and offices; rental $12,000; note
ed; price $125,000; clear; want 1/4 cash, 1-3
ed locality, clear acres, balance to suit purchaser.
ply ALMON AUSTIN, 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—CENTRAL BUSI-
ness property, value $40,000; part cash, part
clear vacant; that can be divided among heirs.
J. ALMON AUSTIN, 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPERTY.
that is thoroughly responsible; positive bar-
WILLIAM H. MOONEY, 1008, 142 Washington-st

FOR SALE—WABASH-AV. FRONTAGE, NEAR
Jackson-st. TO CLOSE ESTATE; qty. $1,650.
OWEN INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La SALLE

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE FOR IMMEDIATE
sale, $162.50 a foot buys a Michigan-av. corner
north of 51st-st.; price recently reduced from $250.
Call at once if you want this big bargain.
GEO. B. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—
KENWOOD RESIDENCE.
$25,000 PROPERTY FOR $15,500.
HANDSOME GRAYSTONE MODERN HOUSE,
CONTAINS 12 ROOMS AND 3 BATHROOMS; 2
BLOCKS FROM 47TH-ST. DRIVE; CALL, SHELTON,
Eastern Agent, 99 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—TWO FARMS IN INDIANA, ONE
of 120 acres, and the other containing 240 acres,
all-free and clear and in a high state of cultivation,
at a dead sure bargain. Address J. J. O'CONNOR,
146 Oakwood-blvd., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENT
and a farm; at Kansas Woman's Bazaar, Great
Northern Hotel.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—ONE ACRE ON SISTER LAKES, 16
rods of beautiful shore, 9 new cottages, bath-
houses; all timbered; fine bathing, boating, and
fishing; a beautiful spot for summer. Address H.
E. DOWNING, Paw Paw, Mich.

FALL AND WINTER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—NOW IS THE TIME TO SELECT
your summer cottage site.
BOWES & PEACE, Shelby, Mich

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
Free fuel.
Free homesteads.
Free railway fare.
Cattle and sheep on shares.
To buyers of our North Dakota lands, $5 to $15
per acre; 176,000 acres to select from. Excursion
rates any day over all railroads. WM. H. BROWN
& CO., 125 La Salle-st., Chicago, and Mandan,
N. Dak. Call for maps and facts.

FOR SALE—
240 acres excellent land, one mile from Canby,
Yellow Medicine county, Minn. Good buildings;
150 acres under cultivation, remainder can easily
be cultivated; fine level soil; a choice place.
LUNDS LAND AGENCY,
1st Floor, 1 Reaper Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—325 ACRES RICH CORN LAND,
well watered; A1 buildings; near Chicago; quick
transportation; also 75 acres near station; good
buildings; 30 miles from Chicago; and 110 acres
near Elgin and electric line; all on Fox River;
bargain. L. H. JENNINGS & CO.,
301 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FREE—GOVERNMENT HOME-
steads—Free. For $22 I will locate you on a free
government homestead, 160 acres, east of the
Missouri river in South Dakota; cost of filing $14;
act quick. J. W. KASTE, 1220, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE — BEAUTIFUL
country places, all highly improved, situated
at Elmhurst, Ill., 24 min. from city, on Chi. & N.
W. R'y; also 5 acres, Elmhurst property. Address
Address F. M. BAILEY, 1201, 218 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAINS IN, UNIM-
proved and partly improved plantations in the
famous Yazoo delta of Mississippi. Fithian Land
Co., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AN UNUSUALLY DESIRABLE,
large tract Yazoo Delta cotton land. Owner, 510
Pine-st., Room 406, St. Louis, Mo.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—WE PAY CASH
for Chicago realty, and close deals in 10 days;
any good city improved, or vacant will be consid-
ered. We have bought over $50,000 worth this
week and have a million dollars cash. REFER-
ENCES, any bank or attorney in the city; or the
Chicago Title and Trust Co.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

WANTED—TO BUY FOR CASH—CHICAGO
REAL ESTATE IMPROVED OR VACANT;
NO SUBURBAN LOTS CONSIDERED; IMMEDI-
ATE INVESTIGATION.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 DEARBORN-ST.

WANTED — CLEAR REAL ESTATE BARGAIN;
farms, acres, or improved; pay $500 down, with
security $100,000. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 125 La
Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—I WANT TO BUY A RESIDENCE
north of Division and south of Lincoln Park;
about $25,000; no agents. X X 537, Tribune.

WANTED—HAVE CASH BUYER FOR FROM 5
to 10 acres on Blue Island Ridge. Campbell In-
vestment Co., 109 Jackson-blvd.

WANTED—VACANT OR IMPROVED. QUICK
sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Ran-
dolph-st.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE SALESMAN, EXPE-
rienced and competent.
WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—3 STORY MODERN STONE
front 10 room house in perfect condition, Ellis-
av., near 46th-st.; price $11,000. Will take what I
want house with large lot along line of C. & N. W.
or C., R. I. & St. P. Ry., not over 20 minutes from
city; will put in some cash. WM. H. BROWN & BRO.,
2947 Cottage Grove-av., cor. Drexel-blvd.

WANTED—100 OR 150 FEET OF CHOICE
North or So. Side vacant; have clear $6,000 corner
lot. West Side, balance cash.
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

EXCHANGE—WILL SACRIFICE MODERN LA
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It contains valuable information, information of
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BEST TERMS.
QUICKEST SERVICE.
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IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT
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THE PROPERTY NEED NOT BE LODGED
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Lowest rates. Easiest terms.
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5% PRIVATE FURNITURE AND PIANO LOANS
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Small loans to property owners; no mortgage.
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Dr. R. G. Raymond's Remedy has brought hap-
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SOCIETY MEETINGS.

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE—The forty-eighth semi-annual reunion. Tuesday morning, Nov. 17, in the preceptory of the rite, 10 o'clock, and continuing Wednesday and Thursday. Sojourning brethren are invited to attend.
GIL W BARNARD, 33°, grand secretary.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1903.

A SENATOR INDICTED.

Yesterday's papers contained President Roosevelt's remarks at the centennial anniversary of a Washington church. He expressed the hope that it will seem incredible to the American of a century hence that there should be "corruption and venality in public life," and challenged the best effort of all Americans to put down that corruption by every means in their power. Said he: "In the last resort we have to depend upon the jury drawn from the people to convict the scoundrel who has tainted our public life."

Yesterday's papers contained also the news of the indictment by a federal grand jury of United States Senator Dietrich of Nebraska on the charge of selling for a consideration the appointment to a postoffice. There have been corrupt and venal congressmen in the past. Representatives have been expelled for trafficking in offices, but it is many years since a charge like that brought against Senator Dietrich has been made officially.

It is a maxim of the common law that every man shall be presumed to be innocent until proved to be guilty. That is a maxim which the public, horrified at the thought that a member of the United States senate could sink so low as to sell petty offices which are practically in his gift, will gladly respect. The public will not assume that Senator Dietrich is guilty. It will await the verdict with a hope that he may be declared innocent, and the charges against him shown to be the offspring of the malice of personal enemies.

The indictment against Senator Dietrich calls attention to the dangers attending congressional control of patronage. But for it postoffices and many other local federal offices would not be practically in the gift of congressmen. But for it no such shameful charge as that brought against Senator Dietrich could have been made. In an article in this month's Scribner's Senator Lodge defends the system which, to a certain extent, takes the appointing power out of the hands of the president and puts it in the hands of senators. If it be assumed that senators are disinterested, and always favor the best men, many of his arguments have force. If corruption steals in and senators sell offices, the system Senator Lodge favors is utterly indefensible.

Assuming always that Senator Dietrich is innocent, the indictment returned against him is an overwhelming argument against the system of senatorial patronage, because of which in many instances no man save the one who is the special candidate of a senator can get an office.

THE FORTUNES OF BILTMORE.

Some years ago Mr. George W. Vanderbilt bought a large tract of land near Asheville, N. C. He built a fine mansion, laid out the grounds after the best landscape plans, and made the spot so beautiful that it was "famous the country round." He christened the estate "Biltmore," and Biltmore was not only the pride of Asheville and North Carolina, but visitors from all parts of the country admired it and at proper times were welcomed within its hospitable gate. Its owner was on good terms with all the region around Biltmore. It was a beautiful rural home but without the exclusiveness that characterizes so many of the "cottages" of the wealthy. Visitors were allowed the freedom of the grounds, and, on certain days, of the house itself.

Petty troubles soon began. Visitors were not content to stroll through the grounds. They must injure flowers and shrubbery and litter the grounds with refuse. They were not content to enter the house and see the pictures and furniture and bric-a-brac. They must take away souvenirs; in plain language, stealing Mr. Vanderbilt's property. Then the servants began stealing by retail, and in Mr. Vanderbilt's absence they stole by wholesale because they found no one was watching them and no one cared. Those whose business it was to watch and care were themselves stealing. Biltmore was being looted. Day before yesterday the cashier and timekeeper of the estate were indicted for stealing $11,000 by padded pay rolls. There was graft as well as loot at Biltmore.

It is not strange that Biltmore some time ago ceased to have any attraction for Mr. Vanderbilt. His property had been injured by visitors, who took mean advantage of his hospitality. His servants, caretakers, and officials had deceived him, stolen from him, and violated their trust. He promptly decided to get rid of Biltmore. No one can blame him. He also decided he would go abroad and live where his rights were not in danger of invasion. He leased the 125,000 acres to a club of 100 members, men of great wealth, who will use the estate exclusively for hunting and fishing and will keep the public out. This will not be a popular move, but it will be economical. If the public were allowed to fish and hunt at Biltmore there would not be a beast, bird, or fish left there in a week. All the same the troubles of Biltmore are not ended. Mr. Vanderbilt will get his rents, but its occupation and use will stir up class feeling. The Biltmore club is likely to have the same trouble that the Adirondack preserve owners are having. But no one can blame Mr. Vanderbilt for leaving Biltmore in disgust.

DEMOCRATS AND THE CANAL.

In a caucus of the democratic senators last Monday night, Senator Gorman, the party leader in the upper house, tried to unite his colleagues on an anti-administration Panama policy and failed. They would not coalesce on his proposition to make a merely technical point against the president and go before the country with that for an issue. Some of them know that merely technical points are not impressive with the voters. The people usually want the meat of a matter and care little for the platter on which it is served. They were unable to unite on anything.

Mr. Gorman's technical point was this, that the Spooner law directed the president to negotiate with Colombia for the Panama canal; failing Colombia's consent, "within a reasonable time" he was to turn to the Nicaragua route. Senator Gorman acknowledges that the Spooner law purposely made the president the judge of the length of a "reasonable time," but he argues the president can no longer negotiate with Colombia about the canal. If he now negotiates for the Panama canal it must be with the republic of Panama, which was neither contemplated nor mentioned in the Spooner law, and hence he must turn to Nicaragua and Costa Rica, for if he now treats with Panama he is without his conferred powers, and on that issue can be accused before the people.

Such is the issue proposed by Senator Gorman, which could never win with the people, who have no love for technicalities. What is the meat of the canal issue? The intent of the Spooner law, not its verbiage, and its intent is that a canal shall be built by the Panama route if possible. It is possible, therefore there should be no quibbling over words.

Senator Gorman is unable to consolidate the minority. Some democratic senators are actuated by a patriotism which forbids them to block the realization of the long expected and oft deferred interoceanic canal to make a poor party issue and will vote to ratify a canal treaty with Panama. Their determination makes the ratification of such a treaty a certainty.

THE WAGNERIAN WARS.

The name of Wagner is still a potent charm with which to invoke strife. The Wagner week in Germany has been a dismal failure. The monument scheme which a wealthy Berlin face powder manufacturer inaugurated has been carried out, but the monument is laughed at and ridiculed. The arrangements for the unveiling and the performances during "Wagner week" made all the Wagnerites in Germany angry. The emperor only added to the muddle by the manner in which he indorsed the monument program. The outcome was that some artists who had accepted engagements canceled them and leading people who had accepted invitations remained away. Cosima and Siegfried sulked at home.

Meanwhile on this side of the water the war over "Parsifal" is a lusty and merry one. The family in its litigation with Mr. Conried has been reinforced morally by some ministers in New York, who have issued a sounding manifesto denouncing the forthcoming performance as a theatrical travesty of sacred subjects. The manifesto has revived the old controversy, and the papers of New York are full of more or less learned discussions of "Parsifal." Mr. Conried himself, by no means averse to all this discussion, which is so much gratuitous advertising, adds to it with views of his own, taking the broad position that there is nothing religious about "Parsifal," the story of which is merely a variation of the old Arthurian myth. In a sense Mr. Conried is right. In a sense the ministers also are right. They, however, are making a mountain out of a molehill, and are helping Mr. Conried to make money out of a molehill.

As far as the litigation is concerned, there is little doubt the family will lose and have to pay the costs, but they have kept up the Wagnerian prestige and been true to aggressive traditions. Wagner never wrote an opera that did not entail a fight. He fought from his cradle to his grave. He was most happy when fighting. The present fight, however, is not so picturesque as those in which he was personally engaged. It would be interesting even now if we could have a reliable communication from him stating what he thinks of Mr. Conried, and more particularly what he thinks of the Berlin face powder maker.

AMERICA WILL BUILD THE CANAL.

That is not an important movement in France in favor of France's building the Panama canal instead of the United States. A few papers have taken it up suddenly, since the secession of Panama, possibly with the idea of exacting from this government for the French rights more than the $40,000,000 already stipulated for.

France has had the Panama concession twenty-five years. The only thing that prevented her from cutting the isthmus during that time was lack of money, of skill, or of enterprise. During all those years the United States kept its hands off. Two French companies in succession had ample opportunity to build the canal. Finally in 1899 the second company practically withdrew from further operations for lack of funds, and the whole project dropped. Then the United States stepped in and offered $40,000,000 to the French company for its unfinished work on the isthmus. The company accepted. The United States' option still holds. It will build the canal and pay the French company the stipulated sum. The suggestions that France now take hold again and put the canal through, while the United States stands back and watches, are nothing but vain wishes for more than $40,000,000.

THE MAYOR AND THE POLICE.

At its meeting night before last the council adopted a resolution heartily indorsing the measures adopted by the mayor to preserve order and protect property during the present street car strike. The council speaks for all peaceable, law abiding citizens—for all who wish to see the good name of the city upheld. Its reputation abroad has been injured by the occasional non-enforcement of law and failure to suppress rioting speedily. The course of the mayor and police during the present strike has been irreproachable. Nothing has been done which ought not to be done. Nothing has been left undone which ought to be done.

Several aldermen complained that the concentration of the police force at points where bands of rioters have been assembling has left their constituents without protection against burglars and robbers. No doubt criminals have taken advantage in some instances of the absence of patrolmen from the beats they usually travel. That is regrettable, but during the necessary absence of the police from their accustomed posts householders must do a little more to protect themselves. They must watch their houses more carefully. They should applaud every energetic effort made to put down rioting, for when rioting is over they will have their patrolmen back.

The police must be sent in such numbers as are required to the place where there is the greatest need of their service. That place is where men are openly, boldly, defying the law. Such men are a greater menace to the community than any number of sneak thieves and pickpockets. They are striking daringly at the foundations of all government. They are unconcealed enemies of the law. If necessary the entire police force should be concentrated at one point to crush a mob. Rioting is a fire which, if not put out promptly, may spread no one knows where.

All good citizens are with the mayor and the police. The actively and the passively bad citizens, who throw bricks at street cars and policemen, or at a safe distance sympathize with and egg on those guilty of lawless acts, are on the other side.

THE NEW SALOON ORDINANCES.

The effort to suspend the rules for the consideration of the two new saloon ordinances out of their order at last Monday's council meeting failed for want of the necessary two-thirds majority. The ordinances will now be taken up in their regular order, and if last Monday's votes on the suspension proposition be a criterion, they will be enacted by slim margins. They are wise measures. Neither of them marks a departure from the present city code. They merely fill out the imperfect places in the present legislation and provide means to enforce what is there ordained.

An existing ordinance orders midnight closing. The new measure provides that saloon window shades, blinds, and screens shall be raised from midnight until 5 a. m.; that during this time a bright light shall be kept burning within, so that passersby may see into the saloon during these forbidden hours; and that at the stroke of 12 all who do not belong on the premises shall make an exit into the cheerless street and the doors shall be locked. With this ordinance in effect any mayor who wishes can close saloons at midnight with little trouble.

The second ordinance directs the mayor to revoke licenses of saloons which permit gambling on the premises, which supply liquor to gambling houses, which have a proprietor who is connected with any gambling house or who has been indicted by a grand jury for violation of any law or ordinance. The new measure merely strengthens and defines the present powers of the mayor to revoke licenses of disorderly saloons. It intrusts the city's executive with added power and burdens him with an added responsibility. When the two new ordinances come up in their regular order they should be passed.

THE Ald. Johnson who has been finding fault with the mayor for maintaining law and order is the same Ald. Johnson.

THERE are so many things now claiming the personal attention of Col. Watterson that some of them may have to wait awhile.

ACCORDING to the Washington Post's political census of the United States senate there are thirty-three democrats and fifty-seven varieties of republicans in that body. Certainly the democrats cannot go up against that majority without getting themselves in a pickle.

MUSHMOUTH JOHNSON sat on a wall. Mushmouth Johnson had a great fall. But he'll work his little old pull and then some day you'll see him up there again.

A MAN whose blood is as richly supplied with iron as Lord Kitchener's cannot be an invalid long.

WITH the mayor, city council, and policemen against them, there is nothing for the obstreperous teamsters to do but to move along with the in——nt by——ders.

MOST of the citizens, however, being of a retiring disposition, seem to dislike the idea of riding in the south side cars when so many curious spectators are watching.

AND the walking yesterday was even worse than it was last Monday.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Found It Out Otherwise.

On account of the inability of the street railway company and the strikers to come to an amicable understanding, Mr. Ferguson was two hours late in reaching his office downtown.

The first thing he did was to run to the telephone and call up Mrs. Ferguson.

"Laura," he said, "I have just remembered that when I came away from home I left the furnace draft wide open. You'd better——"

Here the calm voice of his wife interrupted him.

"We found it out an hour ago, George," she said, "and the firemen say the damage will not amount to more than $200."

Disappointment.

Swimming about in Lake Michigan, in the enjoyment of his newly found liberty, Big Ben, the Lincoln park sea lion, was accosted by a half grown perch.

"Hello, stranger!" said the perch. "You're a new one on me. How do you like our great lake?"

"It is somewhat like you," haughtily replied the sea lion. "Altogether too small and decidedly too fresh."

Not Always.

"Eternal vigilance," quoted the impassioned orator, "is the price of liberty!"

"It's more than that now," interrupted a disrespectful person in the audience. "I believe Pat Crowe's latest quotation is $100,000."

Deserved Reproof.

The teacher looked at the little girl's copybook.

"That will not do, Katie," she said, chidingly. "You have rubbed your soiled fingers over that word 'Chicago.' We must help keep the city clean."

Noxious.

"I ought to be pretty well acquainted with the durned town," growled the chronically disgruntled citizen. "I've been knocking around it for twenty-five years."

"I don't know about that," said the other citizen, "but ever since I have known you you've been knocking it."

Staying the Despoiler's Hand.

"Why do you always write your name 'Slodgers-Barnaby'?" they asked her.

"Because," replied the society leader, "I wish to save that useful character, the hyphen, from total extinction."

C. W. T.

Higher Thoughts.

"You look like a regular beer guzzler. Don't your thoughts ever rise above beer?"

"Yes, mum; I often t'ink of de 15 cent drinks. But what's de use when a gent ain't got de price?"—Kansas City Journal.

Not Enough Ammunition.

Says Brother Dickey: "De good book says dat Faith kin remove mountains; but de trouble wid us is—we hardly go' enough fer 'de little hills, w'en we whirls in en tackles de big ones!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Better than Colombia.

Come to think of it, the government of Panama is pretty sure to be as stable as that of Colombia and a good deal more accommodating.—Minneapolis Times.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1903: By the Marquise de Fontenoy

EMPEROR NAPOLEON'S leading police officials are recalled to mind vividly by the recent murder in London of the Armenian revolutionary leader, Sagouni, his assassination being merely one of several crimes of an analogous character which have been perpetrated of late in England by members of the rival factions of the Armenian nationalist movement. For M. Claude, who was chef de la surete at Paris during the reign of the last emperor of the French, records in his memoirs the killing in London of several Mazzinist conspirators by the members of Napoleon's Corsican bodyguard of secret police, and the chief of the latter, Baron Grascielli, who has likewise committed his memoirs to print, far from denying the assertion of the former chef de la surete, on the contrary confirms the story, enumerates the Mazzinist conspirators thus put out of the way by his agents, describes how, when, and where it was done, and appears to glory in the killing, holding that it was justified by the fact that the victims were outlaws sworn to assassinate Napoleon III., and that their "removal" was merely an act of self-defense of the sovereign.

According to Grascielli most of the Mazzinists were murdered along the banks of the Thames or on bridges crossing the river, a knife being usually employed for the purpose, and that neither the chef de la surete nor Grascielli were romancing can be proved by reference to the London daily newspapers of the last decade of Napoleon's reign, which frequently recorded the discovery of the corpses of foreign looking men, bearing mortal stab wounds, floating in the Thames.

Several noted nihilist leaders have come by their death in a mysterious fashion both in England and in other foreign countries, a notable case being that of "Stepniak," who was found mangled almost beyond recognition on a railroad track near London, no explanation ever being found or furnished as to how he got there and as to whether there was any truth in the assertion made at the time that the wheels of the train had merely served to conceal the traces of the real cause of his death.

Of course, police, especially those of the monarchical powers, who are intrusted with the duty of protecting the lives of their sovereigns from the attacks of regicidal conspirators, have theories of their own as to how far they are justified in hunting down not only in their own countries but in foreign lands conspirators who are sworn to take the lives of the rulers for whose safety they are responsible, and they consider themselves quite as much justified in killing a would be assassin of this kind before he has time to accomplish his fell purpose as an American policeman when he makes use of his revolver upon a suspicious character who attempts to get away from him. Had, for instance, an agent of the Italian police shot Bresci after the latter had received his commission to assassinate King Humbert and before the anarchist set sail from here for Italy to perpetrate his crime the police agent in question would have been regarded as thoroughly justified by the majority of his colleagues in the various countries of Europe, although, technically speaking, it would have been a crime for which he would, if caught red handed here, have been punished in due course by the American tribunals.

If I mention this it is for the purpose of calling attention to the fact that this country, like England, swarms not merely with rival foreign revolutionary societies but likewise with foreign secret police agents, whose duty it is to keep watch on these revolutionists and to render futile all their murderous plots, if necessary, by methods of the most forcible character. In fact, there is far more of this plotting and counter plotting in progress in the United States among the foreign floating population here than even the most sensational of American novelists has ever conceived or attempted to describe in print, and it goes far to explain the growing number of mysterious crimes and equally mysterious disappearances that are destined to remain as unsolved riddles to the American police.

A grewsome discovery was made the other day in the garden of the old palace at Belgrade in digging up one of the flower beds. It was a ring set with a large diamond, and in that ring the decomposed remains of a finger. The ring was recognized at once as having been always worn by the late King Alexander, and there is no doubt that the finger was his, and that it had either been cut off purposely from the body by one of the assassins and concealed in the garden until means had been found later on to dispose of the ring, or else that when the remains of the ill fated monarch and of his consort were thrown from the window into the garden the finger, already nearly severed by sword cuts, had become detached from the hand and covered by the earth.

In any case the finding of this ring and of the finger furnishes conclusive evidence of the truth of the story so persistently denied by the Servian officers concerned in Alexander's and Draga's death that the bodies were hacked to pieces and frightfully mutilated by the sabers of the assassins after the latter had emptied their revolvers upon their royal victims.

The ring, as well as the other belongings of King Alexander, has been placed at the disposal of Queen Natalie, who intends to devote all the money obtained therefrom to the construction and endowment of a charitable institution in memory of her son at Belgrade.

Pope Pius' new secretary of state, Cardinal Merry del Val, has not only an Irish grandmother but is likewise of Irish origin, the Merry family, like that of O'Donnell, duke of Tetuan, and of scores of others among the Castilian aristocracy, having emigrated from the Emerald isle to Spain at the time of the overthrow of King James II. Cardinal Merry has also in his veins the blood of Christopher Columbus, and his cousin, Count Benomar, who was for so many years Spanish envoy at the court of Berlin, used to be proud of this ancestry, bearing, indeed, the name of Columbus.

Count Hans von Bülow, whose marriage has just taken place at Altos, Paraguay, is only remotely related to Emperor William's chancellor, and, whereas the latter is a Prussian count, that dignity having been conferred upon him by the kaiser, Count Hans Bülow is indebted for his nine pronged coronet to the fact that his grandfather was the minister of finance of to Jerome Bonaparte when King of Westphalia.

King Jerome, while sovereign of Westphalia, conferred a number of nobiliary titles, the majority of which, however, were not recognized, and the name of Count Hans von Bülow will therefore not be found in those pages devoted to the Bülow family in the Grafilcher Taschenbuch, published each year in connection with the Almanach de Gotha. He is a man of nearly 60 years of age, of which the last thirty have been spent in South America, where his bride, a German girl of the name of Haedicke, was born. Indeed, the German colony in Paraguay is a large one, and Count Hans Bülow is one of its most influential and prominent members.

Lord Hyde, who is coming to this country before Christmas, is the only son and heir of Lord Clarendon, the lord chamberlain to the king, and is not only well off but likewise one of the most popular bachelors in London. He is tall and good looking, but ever since an attack of fever at Eton, which affected the muscles of his leg, has been lame. While this prevents him from being able to ride, and has stood in the way of his going into the army, he is nevertheless able to dance and can walk well enough to get off a Scotch mountain when deer stalking. His father's country seat is "The Grove," in Hertfordshire, in one of the prettiest parts of the country, and Lord Hyde, in addition to being heir to his father's earldom of Clarendon, is likewise in remainder to the earldom of Jersey, as a cadet of the historic house of Villiers, of which Lord Jersey is the chief. They are descended from Barbara Villiers, wife of the elder brother of the famous George Villiers, first duke of Buckingham.

In Danger.

"Your rich brother is in the hospital, isn't he?"

"Yes."

"And how is he progressing?"

"O, I'm dreadfully worried about him."

"So sorry. Are you afraid he will not recover?"

"O, no, it isn't that I'm worrying about. It's his pretty nurse."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

The Withered Rose.

A rose of some one's yesterday—
It fell from out the dusty book
That was by some one cast away
To lie in this forgotten nook.
And here's the rose! A faded thing
With petals crumpled, torn and brown.
What idle fancies may it bring?
Who took it up? Who flung it down?

One day a rare perfume it shed
When all its heart with dew was wet
And it was blazing in its red—
Some subtle scent clings to it yet.
Perhaps it coaxed a woman's smile;
Perhaps it drew another's frown.
A pledge of truth; a gage of guile—
Who took it up? Who flung it down?

Why was the flower hid away.
A rosehearth for this old romance?
Was it to mark an olden day—
A day when all was radiance?
Or was it in remembrance of
A grief that time refused to drown?
Does it tell coquetry, or love?
Who took it up? Who flung it down?

It does not tell us anything—
If some one's ardor waxed or waned;
Yet some faint memories must cling
Here where the yellowed page is stained.
Was she a peasant, or a queen
With this red rose her only crown?
What is the tale the lines between?
Who took it up? Who flung it down?

A rose of some one's yesterday—
A crumbling rose. So roses go,
And we were wise if we could say
What all the withered roses know.
In what closed pages of our years
Is held a rose all dead and brown?
And who can tell, when it appears,
Who took it up? Who flung it down?

PAINFUL SPOT.

Some careless boy or girl threw an apple out of one of the windows of the photograph gallery while the high school was being taken Friday morning and struck Elsa Harnum just west of the drug store, inflicting a large bruise.—Hawkinsville (Ky.) Republican.

A NEW word has been installed in the Colombian vernacular. It is "Panamanana," and means putting off till tomorrow the canal that should be dug today.

HADES, it is reiterated by the enthusiastic persons who seek to regenerate Oak Park, is within two feet of that place. Is it cheaper to move to Oak Park than to buy coal?

WHAT'S IN IT?

Some people never drink at all,
Nor look on wine long as they live;
They shudder lest they chance to fall
A slave to wicked appetite
And find an end that should appall—
But when mince pie is flavored right
They eat it—filling, crust, and all—
And it makes them quite talkative!

JUST at present so many south siders are afflicted with foot fag that they haven't time to take up brain fag.

THE Alfred Vanderbilts have rented the dearest little flat in New York for $6,000 a year.

MISSOURI should issue a button or a medal with each indictment. In these unbelieving days it is sometimes hard for a man to convince his friends that he possesses a genuine Missouri writ.

AN unkind newspaper insinuates that Senator Beveridge did not have time while in Russia to gather enough material for a book. But it should be remembered that he made no speeches while there.

NOT THE ANN PROBLEM.

She's half as old
As she was when
Her owner first
Got her the pen.
As days go by—
This is the truth—
You'll find that she
Acquires more youth.
'Tis not the Mary
Ann again—
'Tis the Thanksgiving turkey hen.

ANOTHER lady confesses that she is the original Gibson girl. If these artlessly ingenuous creatures would only pause to reflect how many long, long years it is since the Gibson girl appeared they would be original something else.

OUR PHYSICAL CULTURE COURSE.

THROW OUT THE CHEST.

Now is a good time to throw out the chest, as the cold weather is with us and there is little need of ice. Throw the chest out and put in a coal box.

SINCE PARKER LEFT THE STORE.

The farmers are in mourning,
The chickens never lay,
The cows do look so homesick
And won't eat any hay,
The weather looks so cloudy
And it goes wrong out door,
And the farmers are downhearted,
Since Parker left the store.

A druggist stepped from out his door
And looked upon the street.
A long parade was passing
His heart with pleasure leaped,
But when he saw 'twas farmers
He says and all galore,
It's the farmers out a-mourning
'Cause Parker's left the store.

—Myrtle Whitney Wright in Mason City (Ia.) Globe-Gazette.

KIPLING LEAVES.

Brattleboro, Vt.—Rudyard Kipling's home here has been sold at a great sacrifice, and he will not return.

"What are the folks a-rushin' for?" asked Cap'n Hiram Slade.

"To hear the bids, to hear the bids," the supervisor said.

"What makes you hustle on so fast?" asked Cap'n Hiram Slade.

"I want to see who gets the place," the supervisor said.

For they're sellin' off Naulahka, you can 'ear the auctioneer—

'E's a urgin' on the bidders with 'is accents loud an' clear;

'E's a coaxin' 'em to buy it—w'ich it isn't very dear,

An' we're losin' Rudyard Kiplin' in the mornin'.

"What makes the people bid so low?" asked Cap'n Hiram Slade.

"It's got to sell, it's got to sell," the supervisor said.

"Who was that bid a dollar more?" asked Cap'n Hiram Slade.

"I couldn't see, I couldn't see," the supervisor said.

They are sellin' off Naulahka, they are 'ammerin' it down,

They are laughin' at the bungalow a squattin' on the groun'—

It'll sell in arf a minute—you can 'ear the warnin' soun'—

An' we're losing Rudyard Kiplin' in the mornin'.

"One time 'e cussed me good an' 'ard," said Cap'n Hiram Slade.

"'E's cussin' other folks today," the supervisor said.

"One time I thought 'e'd knock me down," said Cap'n Hiram Slade.

"They're knockin' down the bungalow," the supervisor said.

For they're sellin' off Naulahka—it is goin', goin', gone!

An' the broth'r-in-law 'e's turnin' all 'is giddy laughter on,

An' 'e's rakin' up the h's that was dropped upon the lawn—

An' we're losin' Rudyard Kiplin' in the mornin'.

W. D. N.

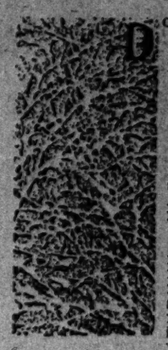
POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

WINTER PICTURES.

[From "The Vision of Sir Launfal."]

BY JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.



DOWN swept the chill wind from the mountain peak,
From the snow five thousand summers old;
On open wold and hill top bleak
It had gathered all the cold,
And whirled it like sleet on the wanderer's cheek;
It carried a shiver everywhere
From the unleafed boughs and pastures bare;
The little brook heard it and built a roof
'Neath which he could house him winter proof;
All night by the white stars' frosty gleams
He groined his arches and matched his beams;
Slender and clear were his crystal spars
As the lashes of light that trim the stars:
He sculptured every summer delight
In his halls and chambers out of sight;
Sometimes his twinkling waters slipt
Down through a frost leaved forest crypt,
Long, sparkling aisles of steel stemmed trees
Bending to counterfeit a breeze;
Sometimes the roof no fretwork knew
But silvery mosses that downward grew;
Sometimes it was carved in sharp relief
With quaint arabesques of ice fern leaf;
Sometimes it was simply smooth and clear
For the gladness of heaven to shine through, and here
Could match this winter palace of ice;
He had caught the nodding bullrush tops
'T was as every image that mirrored lay
And hung them thickly with diamond drops,
In his depths serene through the summer day,
Which crystalled the beams of moon and sun,
Each flitting shadow of earth and sky,
And made a star of every one;
Lest the happy model should be lost,
No mortal builder's most rare device
Had been mimicked in fairy masonry
By the elfin builders of the frost.

DO YOU REMEMBER THAT—

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY:

Cape Francais, now Cape Haytien, surrendered to the blacks under Christophe.

SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY:

King George IV. of England gave his consent to a settlement of the Roman Catholic question, which had been disturbing the island.

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

A battle was fought between whites and Indians on the east bank of the Missouri river in Iowa.

FORTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Gen. Longstreet began the bombardment of Knoxville, Tenn., where Gen. Burnside's union army was imprisoned, Gen. W. P. Sanders being killed and his soldiers driven from their outer intrenchments.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

The steamer Virginius reached Havana, Cuba, with its captor, the Spanish gunboat Tornado, and four survivors of its crew, who had been sentenced to the chain gang for life.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Standard time was adopted at noon throughout the United States, displacing the fifty-three different "kinds" previously in use.

Burton Wall's Down Town

JOHN L. BURTON is the head of a big insurance firm which occupies a suite of offices on La Salle street. Mr. Burton's residence is on Fifty-fourth street, about equally distant from the Illinois Central, the Alley L at Sixty-third street, and the same road at Fifty-first. He is accustomed to ride down to his office behind a pair of bay roadsters.

On Wednesday of last week both of Mr. Burton's horses came down with the epizoötic. Accordingly he walked over a mile to the Illinois Central and rode down on the suburban train. Thursday—the first day of the strike—he went again to the Hyde Park suburban station. But this morning he found the station full to overflowing with men and women who were accustomed to use the cable trains. They packed the cars, and Mr. Burton waited for the next train. But when it came in the crowd was just as large, and he finally fought his way on to the back platform, where he stood up all the way down town, with other sufferers stamping on his toes and sticking their elbows into his sides. It was a most uncomfortable and unpleasant ride, and Mr. Burton made up his mind that on Friday morning he would try some other plan of getting downtown.

Friday morning, accordingly, he left his house early and walked south to the elevated station at Sixty-first street. But there were already more than 200 people waiting in line there, and two or three trains went by before Burton was able to fight his way up the long steps and on to the platform of the rear coach. The trip downtown was even more unpleasant than his experience of the previous day on the Illinois Central.

Saturday was a short business day, and Burton started out at 7:30 so that he might get to his office in good season. Just as he came down his steps his next door neighbor, Elliot, also in business on La Salle street, came down his.

"How are going downtown this morning?" asked Burton.

"I thought I'd go over and take the L at Fifty-first street," said Elliot.

Quite forgetful of his experience of the morning before, Burton walked with him to the west and climbed up the stairs to the L station. There were a hundred people or more waiting on the platform, but no such crowd as he had found at Sixty-first street.

Presently a train came along. But it did not stop. The second and the third train went by without stopping. Burton began to express his feelings in mild profanity. When the sixth train rushed by, packed to the guard rails, the two men got up.

"Let's walk down," said Elliot, and Burton consented.

"I have mighty little sympathy for the company," said Burton, as they trudged along. "I'm glad to see them tied up."

"Yes," answered Elliot, "such a rich corporation can well afford to pay larger wages to the men, who have to stand out in the cold all winter and run the grip cars. I'm glad they're tied up, too."

When they reached Fiftieth street and Cottage Grove avenue both men were beginning to realize they had undertaken a considerable stunt.

"This is the only wet spot we'll find for a long time," said Elliot. "We'd better go in and get a little bracer."

Burton was glad enough to get a little rest, and they stopped for a moment. Before they got to Thirty-ninth street the legs of both men were aching from the unaccustomed strain, but neither was willing to admit that he was played out. The feeling, however, showed itself in another way.

"I tell you the public gets all the worst of it in a street car strike," said Burton. "It's an outrage that people should be obliged to walk miles—many of them weak and not at all physically able to do it."

"Yes," said Elliot, "I think the company should be forced to keep its cars running."

"And if the strikers interfere the police should use their clubs freely. I tell you the labor unions are getting to be unbearable in this country."

They wearily plodded on down to Twenty-second street. By this time breath and muscle were both practically exhausted, but neither man was willing to admit his defeat. They stopped there for another short rest and bracer.

"I think it's about time the governor was called on to bring out the troops," said Burton as they plugged along over to Wabash avenue.

"By George, I'd be in favor of lining every street on the south side with bayonets if it's necessary to keep the street cars running. It's an awful outrage. If there isn't government enough in this state to keep the street cars open it's full time we knew it."

Just then the station of the Alley L at Eighteenth street came into view. Both men glanced longingly at it. Then they looked at each other.

"We might climb up and take the train around the loop," said Burton. "There is likely to be great crowds on the downtown streets."

"Yes, that's so," gasped Elliot, whose legs were beginning to give way under him. "It might save a little trouble."

They climbed the stairs and sank, breathless on to the benches. For ten minutes they sat, watching packed trains run by without stopping. Then, both having recovered a portion of their breath, Burton swore again.

"No use of sitting here," he said. Elliot followed him down the stairs and over on to State street.

"This," said Burton, panting heavily, "is worse than anarchy. It is chaos. It is simply damnable. I'm going to circulate a petition on the street to President Roosevelt, asking him to immediately send four regiments of United States troops to Chicago to man and run the cars. I'd put a gatling gun on every street corner, if necessary."

Then they stopped for a rest and a third bracer. Both were badly needed. It was Saturday and a short day on the street. Burton had started from his house early, so that he might get in as much work as possible. All the weary way downtown he had been too busy and too tired to look at his watch. When he got over to his office, near the corner of La Salle and Jackson boulevard, he glanced up at the clock as he entered the room.

It was five minutes after 11 o'clock. His head clerk rose to meet him with a worried look on his face.

"Horton & Jones over in the Monadnock have been calling for you all morning, Mr. Burton," he said. "Mr. Horton wants to see you at his office the minute you get down. He's waiting to see you before closing up that line on the paper mills."

"All right," answered Burton, in a husky whisper. "I'll go right over to his office."

It was an important deal, old man Horton was a fussy old party, and Burton knew there was not a minute to be lost, unless he was prepared to see another agency get the line. He stuffed some papers into his overcoat pocket and went out into the elevator. As fast as his feeble legs would move he pushed through the crowds on the boulevard until Clark street was reached. Just as he struck the Clark street walk a crowd of men swept in behind him from down the street and forced him out to the curb. The street was full of tangled trucks and express wagons. A hundred feet away was a big red trolley car, stalled in the muss. Forty policemen came charging into the mob. One of them gave Burton a shove in the chest, driving the last remnant of breath out of his body. He raised his hand to push back. Two policemen seized him by the coat collar and the upper portion of his trousers and threw him into a patrol wagon already partially occupied by six dirty and profane young hoodlums.

Burton was too far gone to do anything but splutter aimlessly, and the men with the wagon had no time to listen even to that. They drove the loaded patrol down to Harrison street and Burton was booked on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Monday morning he was discharged. At present he is convinced that the democratic form of government is an utter failure; that both the strikers and the Chicago City railway company are bands of infamous criminals; that the government of the state of Illinois is a stench; and that organized society is a thing to scoff at.

Incidentally, it may be mentioned that to whisper the words "innocent bystander" within the hearing of Burton is to court sudden and painful death.

H. M. H.

THE ROUND TABLE

The Tribune cannot reprint letters already published in other newspapers.

The Public and the Strike.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—It is not that the public doesn't want to ride in the cars, but that they are afraid to do so. They ride in the cars at the risk of their lives. The public are stoned and beaten if they board a car. Is this liberty? Is it a free country? I do not believe in men working if conditions are not satisfactory. Let them quit. Let them hunt other jobs. But to band together and say: "You must hire the men we tell you to, pay the wages we dictate—in fact, run your business as we say it shall be run, or shut up shop." Then I say this is not a free country.

The mayor is making friends by the thousands, as is also the chief of police. Stand firm, Mr. Railroad Company, the public is with you. L. B.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In view of present occurrences I suggest that every ordinance which may be enacted and every agreement which the street railroad companies now or hereafter applying for a renewal of their franchises or any privileges shall contain a clause making arbitration compulsory on the part of the company in all disputes between it and its employés, either in the usual way or by submission to the state board, a refusal to constitute ipso facto a forfeiture. Such a clause would effectually prevent strikes of the character the public is now suffering from.

HENRY WALDORF FRANCIS.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—The proper thing to do with the street car question in case of strikes of its employés is for the city to seize the roads and set the strikers to running the cars for the public benefit during the settlement of the strike and paying the strikers the wages they previously earned until the strike was settled. Nobody would suffer but the street car companies, and they have been robbing the public long enough. CHARLES ROGERS.

Favors Women's Clubs.

Osage City, Kas., Nov. 14.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Ministers are abusing women's clubs. Let me say a word for them. Fond parents educate their daughters carefully. In a few years they marry, thereby losing their identity and becoming engulfed in a vortex of social life and domestic cares. They forget much of their studies and neglect their music until it has been asked of what good is it to educate our girls.

It is from this class of women, the best educated and most refined of all the earth, that women's clubs have sprung. It is the desire to retain that which they have learned, to improve, and to keep in touch with the progress made in literature, arth, music, and science that is the incentive.

The organizers have not been selfish, but receive into their clubs women who have not been as fortunate as themselves in educational advantages.

Respectability, education, ability to do, and a desire to learn, not wealth or social preferment, is the standard of membership.

There has never been such a leveler of social barriers as women's clubs before in the history of the world, nor no organization so productive of good results.

KANSAS CLUB WOMAN.

Orchestra Needs Good Soloists.

Chicago, Nov. 15.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In looking over the programs of the other large symphony orchestras of the world, including the Boston organization, it is seldom that a concert is ever given without the name of some renowned soloist. It is nothing derogatory to the orchestra in any way. On the contrary, the contrast, the variety to the program insures a greater appreciation of the purely orchestral numbers. The list of soloists that generally appear with the Chicago orchestra invariably contains many names whose appearance should be confined to amateur performances.

Chicago does not want a season of mediocre pianists with an occasional good violinist, but an equal number of great singers and instrumentalists. The supporting public would then appreciate these great concerts all the more and new life and interest would quickly manifest itself. "BUSINESS MAN."

President's Splendid Policy.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I read with pleasure your editorials supporting the president's statesmanship in the Panama matter. The people are with him.

I have been across that desolate isthmus. Its penetration by a canal will rescue it from its present stagnation and be an enduring monument to the fame of Theodore Roosevelt. CHARLES C. P. HOLDEN.

AUTOS HAVE A LANGUAGE: OAK PARK MAN TALKS IT.

E. R. Hibbard Claims a Discovery That Eclipses Studies in the Speech of Dogs, Cats, and Other Quadrupeds.

The alleged discovery of a St. Paul animal trainer that cats have a language of their own and the equally great discovery of an assistant catcher at the Chicago dog pound that dogs have a language and that each breed of dogs speaks a different dialect were cast in the shade yesterday. E. R. Hibbard of Oak Park and Chicago announced that his automobile speaks a language which he believes is spoken by all automobiles. Mr. Hibbard says:

"For many years I have made a study of the languages of animals. I speak cat and dog fluently, understand a little of both bull and bear, and am able to make myself understood by hogs, especially end seat hogs. But recently I have been surprised to find that my automobile is a linguist in comparison with any of these animals. I first noticed that it squaled for oil and grunted for gasoline. Then I got to studying the subject and learned that automobiles really have a language.

"Of course, I have not yet developed my knowledge of the language near to perfection, but, within a few weeks I expect to train that auto to read THE TRIBUNE to me in its own language on my way downtown and to sing a lullaby to me as I near home in the evening."

WILL OF W. G. HIBBARD FILED.

Estate Estimated at $1,853,000 Divided Among the Widow and Children.

The will of William G. Hibbard, who died in October, was filed yesterday. It is dated Aug. 22, 1903, and disposes of an estate said to be worth $1,853,000. To the widow, Lydia B. Hibbard, is given the home at 1701 Prairie avenue. The rest of the estate is divided equally between the widow and the sons and daughters, William G. Hibbard Jr., Frank Van Santvoord Hibbard, Addie Hibbard Gregory, Nellie Brewer Buckingham, Alice Ives Stirling, and Lillian Hibbard Cassidberry. The will states that he has given to charity each year what he considered his duty and pleasure and hopes his heirs will do the same. Mrs. Lydia Hibbard and William G. Hibbard Jr. are named as executors.

DAILY AND PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS.

California and Oregon.

Via Chicago Union Pacific and Northwestern line, in Pullman tourist sleeping cars, in charge of experienced conductors. One way tickets only $33.00 to San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Portland. No change of cars. Choice of routes. Only $6.00 for double berth. Send for free printed matter, giving full particulars. S. A. Hutchison, Mgr., Northwestern-Union Pacific excursions, 212 Clark street. Tel. Cent. 721.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE

Conducted by the School of Domestic Arts and Science of Chicago. . . . .

"For what grander, holier purpose under heaven does a human being need knowledge than for the training of childhood."—Horace Mann.

LESSON NO. 99—Marketing.

MISS BULLARD gave her third lecture in the household economics at the School of Domestic Arts and Science yesterday before a large and interested class of ladies.

On a table were displayed a saddle of mutton, a crown roast of lamb, sirloin beefsteak, mutton, lamb, and pork chops, besides flank steaks and chuck roast.

Miss Bullard explained the difference between the New York, Boston, and Chicago method of cutting beef by means of charts. This brought to light the fact that there is no cook book published illustrating the western method of cutting beef. Miss Bullard advised in buying beef choosing that with cream white fat, as that with yellow fat indicates age or that the animal has been poorly fed. Meat surrounded by fat is economical, as it does not shrink so much in cooking. Meat when tender should spring back at the touch, but Miss Bullard did not advise the ladies to use this test in the shops, as some one must use the meat thus handled.

Many charming interpolations were made in the way that different meats should be prepared, while she explained the best cuts and the amount of nutriment contained therein. She made the point that young meats should be cooked at a high temperature, while old meats need a lower one. In roasting meats she gave two methods:

1. To place the roast on a rack in the roasting pan and roast at a high temperature in the oven, using no water for basting.

2. The second method differed only that a little water was used after the roast had been in the oven half an hour. She advised the use of salt, pepper, and flour during the roasting process, as salt brings the juices to the surface and the flour retains them. She illustrated by means of a chuck roast the manner in which a cheaper cut of meat, with less roasting, would give a greater amount of nutriment than the more expensive porterhouse steak, but that it needed gravies and sauces for all it lacked in flavor. The reason that a large porterhouse steak was the most expensive cut was that 1½ pounds were wasted in cutting it. The flat bone sirloin is the best of its class, but there are only two of these in each animal. Short steaks she recommended as an economy in small families. Club steaks are good, but there are only two of these in each animal. The butcher often obligingly supplies the demand by giving cuts off the end of the rib roast.

Meat should not be eaten too soon after being killed, as the longer it hangs it produces a micro-organism called lact-albumen that softens the fiber of the meat and renders it more palatable. In tough meats the fiber can be broken and the meat made tender by the use of lemon or vinegar, while olive oil may be added to retain the juices. Veal should be eight or ten weeks old before it is killed and not too white, as that indicates that it is too young or that it has been bled.

Miss Bullard finished her lecture with a discussion of the saddle of mutton, decorated with cranberries and parsley, and the crown roast of lamb. The lecture next Tuesday promises much, as the subject should interest dirty Chicago. It will be the "Chemistry of Cleaning."

MRS. H. J. SMITH.

Household Hints.

Woman is the salvation or destruction of the family; she carries its destinies in the folds of her mantle.—Amiel.

The Market Basket and the Orange—

Are certain to meet during the cooler months of the year if they did not meet before, and auspicious the meeting when the cook can manage the orange with novel and delicious dishes.

ORANGE SALAD—Six oranges, fourth pound muscatel raisins, two ounces sugar, four tablespoons brandy.

Peel five oranges, slice without breaking the pulp, arrange on a glass dish, stone the raisins if not already seeded, mix with the sugar and brandy, and mingle them with the oranges, squeeze the juice of the sixth orange over the whole and serve. A little spice may be added to the ingredients if liked, but only in miserly amounts.

ORANGE PUDDING—Six ounces stale sponge cake, six oranges, one pint milk, six eggs, half pound sugar. Crumb the cake, pour over the milk, which should be boiling, rub the rinds of two of the oranges in the sugar, add this, with the juice of the remainder, to the other ingredients, beat up the eggs, stir them in, sweeten to taste, and put the mixture in a baking dish previously lined with puff paste. Bake for rather more than half an hour, turn out of the dish, strew over with sugar, and serve.

ORANGE BEAUTY—Six large oranges, half pound sugar, fourth pint water, half pint cream, two tablespoons liqueur. Put the sugar and water in a saucepan and boil until the sugar becomes brittle, which may be ascertained by taking up a small quantity in a spoon and dipping it in cold water; if the sugar is sufficiently boiled it will easily snap. Peel the oranges, remove as much of the white pith as possible, and divide into nice sized slices, without breaking the thin white skin which surrounds the juicy pulp. Place the orange slices on small skewers (toothpicks will do), dip into the hot sugar, and arrange in layers round a plain mold, which should be well oiled with the purest olive oil. Line the sides of the mold with the oranges and leave the center open for the cream. Let the sugar become firm by cooling, turn the oranges carefully out on a dish, and fill the center with whipped cream, flavored with any kind of liqueur and sweetened with granulated sugar. This is extremely ornamental for the supper table.

The Market Basket and the Apple—

Are usually the best friends and never better friends than now, in November.

English Apple Pudding—Five moderate sized apples, two tablespoons finely chopped suet, three eggs, three tablespoons flour, one pint milk, a little grated nutmeg.

Mix the flour to a smooth batter with the milk, add the eggs, which should be well whisked, and put this batter into a well buttered baking dish. Wipe the apples clean but do not pare them, halve and core them, lay in the batter, rind uppermost, shake the suet on top over it grate a little nutmeg, bake in a moderate oven for half an hour, cover, when served, with powdered sugar. The pudding may also be made with apples pared, sliced, and mixed with the batter.

Apple Snowballs—Two teacups rice, apples, moist sugar, cloves. Boil the rice in milk until three parts done, strain it off, pare and core the apples without dividing them; put a small quantity of sugar and a clove into each apple, put the rice around them, and tie each ball separately in a cloth. Boil until apples are tender, which will be from half to an hour, then remove the cloth and serve.

German Apple Cake—Twelve apples, sugar to taste, rind of small lemon, three eggs, fourth pint cream, fourth pound butter, three ounces sweet almonds, short crust.

Pare, core, and cut the apples into small pieces; put sufficient moist sugar to sweeten them into a bowl, add the lemon peel, which should be finely minced, and the cream; stir all well, whisk the eggs, melt the butter, mix all together, add the sliced apple and stir in well. Line a large round plate with the pastry, place a narrow brim of same round outer edge, and lay apples thickly in the middle; blanch the almonds, cut in long shreds, strew over the top of the apples, bake from half to three-fourths hour, taking care that the almonds do not burn; when done, strew over powdered sugar and serve.

Since City People—

Working in offices too often breathe air that is stale, stagnant, and tainted, it might be thought that released for an hour from a stuffy office, they would welcome the chance of filling their lungs with the comparatively fresh air that is to be obtained in the streets and open spaces.

Some of the fatigue produced by office work is due, of course, to the exhaustion of the eyes and brain, but most of it is due to the poisoning of the nerve centers with foul air, and we are quickly refreshed after we have revitalized our blood with fresh air. But hundreds of young people on emerging from the office make for the nearest café, and settle down in that crowded place with a book or a newspaper, which they seek to digest along with other more or less substantial fare. Now some of these halls of refreshment are ventilated better than others, but the best ventilation in the world will not avail against the concentrated volatile poison of a crowd.

In such an atmosphere many persons elect to spend the whole luncheon hour, much to the deriment of the health, when they might be enjoying the sunshine—a most important factor in the maintenance of health—and the vitalizing fresh air, which is, at least, as important to health as tea and buttered rolls.

Fifteen to twenty minutes is long enough to spend in a refreshment room; the remainder of the hour should be devoted to walking exercise and the recuperative processes which that exercise entails.

Take a little digestible luncheon and much fresh air.

Since the Atmosphere—

Is forty miles deep all round the globe, it is a useless piece of economy to breathe it more than once. And yet many a mother will carefully close all the night nursery windows "for fear of colds," and leave two or three children to sleep in a stifling atmosphere, and see no connection between subsequent colds and throat troubles and the vitiated atmosphere she compels them to breathe every night. Fresh air is one of the best possible aids to health.

Always have separate beds for the chicks if you can anyhow manage it. It is much more healthy for them than sleeping two together. And it is especially bad for a child to sleep with a grown up person.

Weakly children should be out of doors as much as possible during the sunny hours of the day. Sunlight and air are great health giving factors. Good milk and plenty of it is another important point, and plenty of sleep and woolen underclothing are essentials. Children may inherit a delicate constitution from their parents, but a healthy childhood often does much to remedy this. It is unwise to encourage weakly children to walk at an early age. They should be kept back rather than brought forward.

Said the Popular Chaperon—

Who had weathered many a season with successful débutantes under her wing:

You need not wear expensive clothes in order to be smartly gowned. But see to it they are stylish, tasteful, and carefully chosen.

Don't have any loose ends or staring pins. Let your clothes be carefully put on. Have an air of good grooming. Look as though you had used somebody's soap.

Don't be conscious of your dress and gloves and veils and jewels, and expect every one else to admire them.

Don't give way to nerves, emotions, or tears; they ruin good looks. No emotions, no wrinkles, is an old beauty recipe.

Don't think the secret of a woman's beauty lies in the use of cosmetics; it is found in resplendent health and a happy mind.

Don't be jealous of the beauty, youth, and success of others. Jealousy plants ugly lines in the face.

Don't think it enough to be a beauty, in order to approach perfection a woman should try to improve herself morally and intellectually as well as physically.

Imitation Jewels—

Have become so beautiful that no one except the trained expert can detect any difference in it from the copied jewel, and in many cases the difference in price is alarmingly and surprisingly small.

Pearls and diamonds at present receive a great deal of attention from the jewel imitator, for these jewels are fashionable, and a ready market is found among distinguished people for imitation pearls and paste diamonds of all descriptions.

Some women keep their real jewelry locked up in the safe custody of their bankers, for fear of having the articles stolen, and wear imitation gems from prudent motives.

Of course the imitation jewels may be stolen, but in such a case the loss would not be as bad as if the thief took the jewels that, from their family history, possessed something a great deal more valuable even than their mere intrinsic worth.

A big jewel robbery always brings about a boom in the imitation jewel trade.

Nail Biting Children—

Often begin their nail biting habit simply because the nails are not properly attended to. A ragged edge is bitten to make it smooth, and the foundation of the habit is laid. If you notice that one of the little ones is developing it, do something to the nails every day, even if it is only to rub them with your fingers. Manicure them with one of the little sets that can be procured so cheaply nowadays. See that the skin round the base is kept back in its proper place, and carefully file them round the tops every day or two. It is such a bad habit that it is worth taking a little trouble to cure.

School of Domestic Science, 30 State street. Miss Bullard and Miss Connor, directors.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MISS LAURA YOUNG MARRIED TO MR. S. K. MARTIN.

Large Reception Given by Mrs. William A. Vincent to Introduce Her Niece, Miss Catherine Ridgely—Miss Sybil Conway of Oak Park Wedded to Mr. Philip Allen Munro—Mrs. David Bremner and the Misses Bremner Received in the Afternoon.

A brilliant wedding of last evening was that of Miss Laura Young, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Young, to Samuel K. Martin. The Rev. Ernest M. Stires officiated at the service, which was read in Grace church at 8 o'clock. The wedding party comprised Mrs. Byron Hobart, sister of the bride, matron of honor, and Miss Daisy Derby of Lansing, Mich., Miss Natalie Selby of New York, Miss Leila Cruickshank of New York, Miss Lillian Wiley, Miss Pearl Tilden, and Miss Anna Speed, bridemaids.

Edward Benson Jr. of Philadelphia acted as best man and the ushers were Walter Martin, Edward Ford Johnson, David Fulton Conover, S. Cobb Coleman of Chicago, Jack Thompson of Indianapolis, and Keith Donaldson of Philadelphia.

The bride wore an elaborate costume of rose point lace, made with high neck and long sleeves. Her veil was edged with the same lace, and was full length. She carried a white prayer book. Mrs. Byron S. Hobart, the bride's sister, who attended as matron of honor, carried the bridal bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley. Mrs. Hobart's gown was of duchess lace and the maids wore dainty costumes of white crêpe de chine, with pale green ribbons.

A reception followed the ceremony at the family residence at 9 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Martin will take a wedding journey to New York and other eastern cities, returning to Chicago for the holidays. They are contemplating a trip to Europe in January.

The reception held by Mrs. William A. Vincent, 47 Astor street, to introduce her niece, Miss Catherine Cullom Ridgely, was an event of the day. The hours were from 4 until 7 o'clock and several hundred guests greeted the débutante. Mrs. Vincent was assisted in receiving by her mother, Mrs. Charles Ridgely of Springfield. Those who contributed their services through the rooms and at the tables were Mrs. William Waller, Mrs. Solomon Sturges, Mrs. Philip S. Doane, Mrs. Stewart Patterson, Miss Margaret Winterbotham, Miss Catherine Williams, Miss Dorothea Johnson, Miss Lesley Johnson, Miss Marie Halberg, Miss Marjorie King, Miss Genevieve Mott, Miss Marion Key, Miss Harriet Le Grand Smith, Miss Agnes Street, Miss Amy Waller, Miss Hadassah Felton, Miss Ruth Felton, Miss Anna Barker, and Miss Oglesby. Although Miss Ridgely's grandmother, Mrs. Shelby M. Cullom, will introduce her in Washington later in the year, she is enjoying her stay in Chicago so well that it is likely her début in her home city will be postponed until after the holidays.

Miss Sybil Sara Conway, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Stapleton Conway of Oak Park, was married last evening to Mr. Philip Allen Munro. It was an evening wedding, taking place at the First Baptist church in Oak Park, the Rev. Dr. J. W. Conley of Omaha, former pastor of the church, officiating, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Theodore G. Soares. The hour was 8 o'clock, and the ceremony was followed by a reception at the family residence. The bride was attended by two matrons of honor, Mrs. Earle Conway and Mrs. Carle Conway, and the maid of honor was Miss Genevieve Ainslie of Oak Park. Acting as bridemaids were Miss Norton, Miss Henrietta Norton of New York, and Miss Mary Munro of Syracuse, a sister of the groom. Lutrelle Wilson, the bride's cousin, was the flower bearer.

The groom was assisted by Mr. Orlo Blanchard of Syracuse as best man, and the ushers were Mr. Louis Hornberger of Philadelphia, Mr. Eugene Heald of Oak Park, Mr. Eugene Hoy, and Mr. Franc Anderson of Chicago.

Mrs. David Francis Bremner and the Misses Bremner, 5001 Greenwood avenue, were at home yesterday afternoon from 3 until 6 o'clock. They will receive on Fridays, Dec. 4 and 11.

Mrs. Emanuel J. Senn, 298 Schiller street, will give a luncheon on Friday in honor of Miss Florence Chapman and Miss Ethel Kerfoot, the other guests to be Miss Edna Owsley, Miss Margaret Grover, Miss Olga Laroussini of New Orleans, Miss Mamie Heisen, Miss Margaret Taylor, and Miss Florence Cary. The decorations will be in pink.

Mrs. Edward Teall, 522 West Adams street, will give a large tea Saturday afternoon from 3 until 6 o'clock. She will be assisted by her mother, Mrs. James M. Kelsey, and by Mrs. William J. Aiken, Mrs. Fergus Campbell, Mrs. Rollin Tuller, Mrs. Allen Clement, Mrs. J. S. Danks, Mrs. T. M. Prityl, Mrs. Edward N. Camp, Mrs. Thomas M. Cole, and Mrs. Charles Hamlin Smith. In the dining room will be Miss Alice West, Miss Margaret Burrell, Miss Stella Irvine, Miss Caroline Corby, and Miss Edna Simpson.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Miss Ellen Herndon Arthur of this city, daughter of the late president, Chester Alan Arthur, was married today to Charles A. Pinkerton of New York City in St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church by the Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter, bishop of the diocese of New York.

CHRISTIANITY OF TODAY TERMED A "DIRE DISEASE."

President Patton of Princeton Seminary Also Foretells a Great Defection in All Churches in Near Future.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Christianity as it exists today was characterized as a "dire disease" by President Patton of Princeton seminary in an address at the centennial services of the New York Avenue Presbyterian church tonight. He foretold "a great defection," which, he said, would come to all churches in the future. He ridiculed those who, he declared, reduced Christianity to a mere set of morals and lost sight of the individual soul in their efforts to reform society as a whole.

"What I contend," he said, "is that Christianity must be more than ethical to be truly ethical. It has moralized the world not only by preaching precepts, but by speaking as one having authority, detailing dogma, and doctrine. And when you give up this dogma and doctrine you let go the guards against man's selfishness and evil."

RAG TIME IN SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Prof. Penny of Washburn College, Topeka, Kas., Urges Young People to Stay Away.

Emporia, Kas., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Prof. George W. Penny, dean of Washburn Congregational college at Topeka, in a lecture here last evening advised young people not to go to Sunday school, Christian Endeavor, or Epworth league meetings, because ragtime music was sung at them from gospel hymns.

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By TILDEN TILFORD

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

CRISES OF THE CHRIST.

A Strong, Manly Book by the Rev. G. Campbell Morgan.

"THE CRISES OF THE CHRIST," by G. Campbell Morgan, D. D. (Fleming H. Revell company), is a manly and strong book. Dr. Campbell Morgan is a London preacher who has lately become about as well known in America as in his own country. He is a man who puts supreme concentration of purpose into the work of the Christian ministry. If there are clergymen on both sides the sea whose spiritual convictions appear to have become clossed by ideas of evolution and the new passion for "criticism," this is not true of Dr. Morgan. Familiar with present day modes of thought, his own essentially evangelical faith is only all the more simple, direct, and intensive.

His book, "The Crises of the Christ," is not another "life" of Christ, but is rather an effort to show the place of Christ in the world's history and destiny, to set forth mankind's need of him, and the peculiar meaning of the several crises in his career—as the birth, the baptism, the temptation, the transfiguration, the crucifixion, the resurrection, and the ascension. In short, the author's aim has been to present Christ as the divine answer to human need today, and exactly the same everywhere.

While Dr. Morgan would not be called brilliant or original, he has taken a great thesis and has wrought it out in his own way, with freshness, insight, deep sympathy, and uncommon intellectual power.

Especially striking is the treatment of the Temptation. It is in the best sense of the term realistic, explaining what must have really taken place—the inner conflict and the victory. Dr. Morgan would evidently agree with Milton in identifying "Paradise Regained" with the result of the temptation.

There are certain elements of style in Campbell Morgan's presentation of his thought which give to it a legitimate place in the literature of the day.

HYMNS AND HYMN TUNES.

A Good Book on the Subject by the Rev. David Breed.

The Rev. David Breed, the author of "THE HISTORY AND USE OF HYMNS AND HYMN TUNES" (Fleming H. Revell company), formerly a well known Presbyterian preacher in Chicago, is now professor in the Western Theological seminary, Allegheny City. If a competent instructor cannot find a suitable text book let him make one. That is the way Prof. Breed has done. And he has produced a distinctly useful book. It is not exhaustive; most who read or may have occasion to refer to it will wish it had been more comprehensive. But, for an elementary study of the subject, it is a book of high merit.

What the author has especially aimed to do is to cultivate an enlightened, discriminating, and just appreciation of hymns and tunes, to perceive which are the best, and why they are so. For that excellent purpose this book is particularly well suited.

It is easy and cheap enough to say that many hymns that gain a certain temporary vogue are poor things, but, taken all in all, in all the ages, but most especially in these later times, no small part of the finest creations of the literary spirit is to be found in the hymn, which, as nothing else does, uplifts the heart and hopes and wakens the spiritual imagination of millions of people in all lands. A good book for its purpose.

A SEQUENCE IN HEARTS.

Mary Moss' "A SEQUENCE IN HEARTS" (J. P. Lippincott company) is a cleverly written and thoroughly interesting story of the present day. There is danger, however, of confusion in the mind of the reader because of the large number of characters brought into the story. There are many romances and a great shifting of lovers, and the reader's mind must be constantly on the alert in order to grasp fully the varying situations.

Miss Moss portrays character well, and it is for this purpose apparently that she has brought together so large an array of people. There are many misunderstandings in this story of love, but all works out well and logically, though perhaps not entirely to the satisfaction of the reader. Jane Dunham and Romola West are the most attractive characters in "A Sequence of Hearts," the one a veritable tomboy and the other sharply satirical.

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WHEAT IN BETTER DEMAND

LOCAL MARKET FOLLOWS SHARP ADVANCE NORTHWEST.

Light Receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth Compared with Last Week—Fears of Further Falling Off and Improved Milling Demand Start Prices Up—Corn Easy Early on the Cold Weather, but Rallies — Oats Strong and Provisions Steady.

The northwestern grain man seemingly took alarm yesterday at the prospect of a falling off in receipts suggested by a marked decline in the receipts for the day compared with the corresponding day last week of about 40 per cent. There was a disinclination in this market to join in the mental disturbance because the receipts were practically the same as a year ago, but the northwest markets were strong from the start, and kept getting stronger until at the close Minneapolis was 1¼c higher for the day and Duluth 1½c higher.

What early uncertainty there was in local speculative circles as to the propriety of following the northwest strength was conclusively set at rest by energetic buying by the two leading cash interests, Armour and Peavey, who bought December until it was ½c over May, instead of at a discount of ⅝c, where it started, and then bought the May. Under this leadership the market displayed more strength than it has shown at any time on the recent decline, and there were sharp net advances at the close, which was almost at top prices of the day of 1⅝c in December and 1c in May. The two deliveries closed on practically even terms at 77⅝-⅞c, the May a shade the firmer.

Opening prices were ¼c lower than the previous close, the effect of continued clear weather in the northwest, of many English markets following the decline here of the day before, and of reiterated bearish estimates of the Argentine crop. But the market acted from the start as though the present domestic situation more than any prospect of foreign competition was to be the important factor. Minneapolis and Duluth had 763 cars, compared with 1,858 a week ago and 760 a year ago. Minneapolis advices declared the cash demand good and flour sales large, while both Duluth and Minneapolis predicted a falling off in movement within a short time.

Armour Cargo Rebought.

Duluth advices were of a much better shipping demand from the east and of difficulty in finding cargoes to fill it. One of the cargoes bought by Armour to come to this market, 100,000 bu, was resold for shipment east, and this evidence of an improved demand had a marked influence on local speculative temper. Other domestic markets were strong, St. Louis up 1c, recovering most of its decline of the day before, and there was a continued demand here from that market for No. 2 red, with sales of 15,000 bu at 3½c over December. This premium seemed small, however, in comparison with prices paid by millers for small lots; an aggregate of 15,000 bu sold at 5½c over December in store. The cash situation apparently was the chief influence in the December advance. The local sample market was stronger, except for low grade hard winters and springs, and Milwaukee reported No. 1 northern bringing 81c there and 85c up the state from country millers.

Southwestern receipts were heavier than last year, and primary points had 1,400,000 bu, compared with 1,232,000 last year. Clearances were 241,000 bu, and export sales at the seaboard 200,000 bu. Bradstreet's reported an increase of 3,113,000 bu in world's stocks, compared with an increase of 7,406,000 bu the preceding week and one of 4,740,000 bu a year ago.

The Argentine advices were of an estimated exportable surplus of 12,000,000 bu from one southern belt and a crop 40 per cent larger than LAST year's, with the harvest under way from another. Liverpool futures were ¼d to ⅝d lower. Besides the buying by Armour and Peavey there was a demand for December at the start from shippers and on the advance from shorts, and for May by the northwest and commission houses generally. Wrenn, Daggett, McReynolds, Gifford, Lindman, and Cudahy brokers. The selling was scattered, Milmine a leader.

Corn a Little Higher.

The first impulse of the corn market was downward, the cold wave and lack of precipitation convincing the local trade that lower prices were in order. There was an opening break of ¼@⅜c, December going to a discount, selling at 41c and May at 41⅛c, with some stop loss selling brought out. But there was a disposition to cover by some of the leading shorts, and the strength in wheat was the only added influence needed to start the market up, prices rallying ⅝c, and closing at ⅜@½c net gains of ⅛@¼c for December and ⅝c for May, the two deliveries practically on a level. The upturn was helped by the light estimate for today, 120 cars. There were 338 inspected in, and primary receipts were smaller than last year, 470,000 bu, compared with 538,000 bu. The effect of the cold weather was shown in the better quality of new corn, which advanced 1c in the sample market, while old corn was steady to ⅛c lower. There was a sharp demand for yellow corn for shipment and a moderate business done, 80,000 bu. Clearances were 270,000 bu and export sales 72,000 bu. Stocks east of the Rockies decreased 444,000 bu. Liverpool futures were ⅜d to ½d lower and spot ¾d lower. There was selling of December early by Wells and Bartlett, but buying of May on the break by Wells, Friedman, Updike, Wrenn, Lohrke, and McReynolds. Offerings were light except at 41⅝c for May, the top quotation, where commission houses seemed to have a good deal of selling to do. Contract stocks increased 203,000 bu, to 931,000 bu.

Oats in Better Demand.

Oats followed corn, a trifle lower early, but rallying sharply on covering by shorts and some demand for long account, making net gains of ½c to ⅝c. Cash prices were unchanged, and there was a moderate shipping demand, sales of 70,000 bu, including 60,000 bu standard at ⅝c over December in store. Receipts continue light, and St. Louis reported a falling off in movement there. Stocks east of the Rockies increased 604,000 bu. There were 271 cars here and 125 estimated for today. Clearances were 20,000 bu. There was buying by Bartlett, Wagner, Pringle, Updike, and Rumsey. The selling was led by Wells.

Little Change in Provisions.

Provisions were a shade easier at the opening on larger receipts of hogs at the stockyards than looked for and a decline of 5c in prices. Offerings were light, however, except for the selling of a line of May pork by Schwarz, and on buying of ribs, supposed to be for Armour account, and of the list by commission houses on the strength in grains, there was a moderate rally. Most of the advance was lost, however, on late reports from the yards increasing the early figures on hog receipts. Closing prices were steady to 5c higher. Late reports made receipts at the yards 36,000, or 10,000 over the estimate, and 34,000 are estimated for today. Western points reported 78,000, to 84,000 last year. Liverpool prices were weak, 6d@1s lower. Shipments were liberal and a trifle larger than last year.

Rye Market Holds Firm.

Rye was firmer, with prices ½c higher. No. 2 in store nominally 52½c; fresh arrivals on board quotable 54@55c. Receipts were 13 cars, 4 cars withdrawn from private warehouses, and no export clearances from the seaboard.

Demand was good for feeding or mixing barley, with but few cars on the market. Only the best screenings were wanted, no demand for poor. Choice, clear screenings sold at 40c, poor offered down to 28c. Low grade feed or mixing sold at 36½@37½c, mainly at 37c. Bright heavy clean nominally 55@56c, possibly above. Receipts were 118 cars, with only 2 cars graded above No. 4.

In seeds there was a good strong feeling, the spark making an advance. In timothy the quantities were steady and market firm. There was a good inquiry for both cash and futures. November and December nominally $2.65; January, $2.00 bid and $2.10 asked; March nominally about $2.10; country lots $2.00 to $2.25 for poor to fancy.

Some good quality clover was offered at and brought $8.00@8.25. For good the market was without change and steady. Country seed, common to choice was quotable $8.00@10.85. Contract grade, November and December, nominally $10.50.

In flaxseed firmness prevailed, there being an advance of 1c in all grades except No. 1 northwestern or No. 1 from the northwest. There were no cash offerings in the market and sellers for future account were scarce. The local movement was restricted, only 2 cars being received and none taken out. Minneapolis had 57 cars, Duluth 268 cars. No. 1 northwestern was salable at $1.00; No. 1, 94c bid; rejected quotable 87@94c, according to quality.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Range—			Closed Yes- terday.	Closed Nov. 15, 1902.
	Nov. 17.	High.	Low.		
Dec ...	76¾-¾	77⅞	76¼-½	77¼-⅜	73¾
May ...	76⅛	77⅞-78	76⅝	77⅞-⅝	75⅝
July ...	73¼	74	73¼	74	73⅝

CORN.

Nov ...	....	....	....	....	57⅜
Dec ...	41⅜-¼	41⅝	41	41⅜	57⅛
May ...	41½-⅝	41¾	41¼	41⅝	42½
July ...	41¼	41⅜	41	41⅛	41⅞

OATS.

Nov ...	33½	....	....	33⅝-¾	27½
Dec ...	32⅝-⅜	32⅞	32⅝	32¾	31⅝
May ...	34½	34⅝	34⅜	34⅞	....
July ...	32¾	....	....	33	....

MESS PORK.

Jan ...	11.47½	11.57½	11.47½	11.47½	15.25
May ...	14.47½	11.67½	11.45	11.60	14.40

LARD.

Dec ...	6.72½	....	....	....	9.77½
Jan ...	6.67½	6.72½	6.65	6.70	9.12½
May ...	6.65	6.67½	6.62½	6.65	8.67½

SHORT RIBS.

Jan ...	6.07½	6.15	6.10	6.10	7.95
May ...	6.17½	6.25	6.17½	6.20	7.72½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 Spring wheat.	No. 3 and better.	No. 3.	No. 4 grade.	Total.
Winter wheat.	2	....	101	69	172
Spring wheat.	3	....	18	33	54
Colo. wheat...	....	....	....	1	1
Corn ...	23	....	187	123	333
Oats	1	3	107	160	271
Rye	6	....	5	2	13
Barley	....	....	2	114	116
Totals	40	3	421	501	965

Inspected out: Wheat, 3,000 bu new No. 2 red, 1,300 bu No. 2 red, 1,000 bu new No. 1 northern spring, 1,000 bu No. 1 northern spring. Corn, 67,000 bu No. 3 oats, 130,000 standard, 700 bu No. 2 white. Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Wheat, 4 cars No. 2 hard, 7 cars No. 2 red, 5 cars No. 3 red, 16 cars and 15,500 bu No. 1 northern spring, 29 cars No. 4 northern spring; Corn, 1 car and 51,000 bu No. 2 yellow, 4 cars and 194,500 bu No. 3 yellow, 2 cars No. 5, 11,000 bu No. 2. Oats, 11 cars and 10,500 bu standard, 12 cars No. 3 white, 2 cars No. 4 white, 4 cars and 600 bu No. 2, 5 cars No. 3, 1 car No. 2 white clipped. Rye, 4 cars No. 2.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—About steady. Hard spring patent [favorite brands], $5.00; hard patent [in wood], $4.20@4.40; straight [export bags], $3.80@3.90; clear [export bags], $2.90@3.40; winter patent [in wood], $4.10@4.20; straight, $3.80@3.90; clear, $3.30@3.50; hard winter, $3.65@3.80; clear, $3.00@3.30; white rye, bris, $2.80@3.00; sacks, $2.65@2.75; dark, 10c discount; 1,300 sacks to go to the continent.

BRAN—Demand good, supply light. Stacks on track, $16.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Demand good, offerings light. Prices were about 1c higher for choice and steady for poor. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 15,000 bu; No. 2 red, 5½c over December; 15,000 bu No. 2 red, 5¾c over December. Free on board: No grade hard, 65@68c; No. 4 red, 75c; No. 2 hard, 71@74½c. Billed through: No. 4 hard, at river, 66@68c; No. 3 hard, at river, 71½@75c.

SPRING WHEAT—Good demand for choice hard, poor quality slow sales. Sales free on board: No grade, 66c; No. 4, 61@74c; No. 3, 72@76c; hard, 75@79½c; No. 2 white, 77c. Billed through: No. 4, at river, 65@71½c; No. 3, at river, 71½@76c; No. 3 white, 72c.

CORN—Advance of ¼@¾c for the day. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 39@39½c; No. 4, 38@43c; No. 3, 41¾@42½c; No. 2 yellow, 43½@43¾c; No. 3 yellow, 45½@45c; No. 3 white, 41¾@42c. Billed through: No grade, 39@37c; No. 4, 37@40½c; No. 3, 40@43½c; No. 2 yellow, 41¾@43c; No. 3 yellow, 41½c; No. 2 white, 41@41¼c. In store and to go: 60,000 bu No. 3, on p. t.; 20,000 bu No. 2 yellow, on p. t.

OATS—Prices advanced ¾@¾c and closed at the top. Sales in store and to go: 15,000 bu standard on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 30¼@32c; No. 4, 31½c; No. 4 white, 32@35½c; No. 3, 31½@32¾c; No. 3 white, 34¼@35c; No. 2, 35c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 32@34½c; No. 3, 32¾c; No. 3 white, 33@36c; No. 2, 34c. At the river: No grade, 28@29½c; No. 4, 31c; No. 4 white, 32@32½c; No. 3, 31@32c; No. 3 white, 32@35c.

RYE—Little doing, but feeling firmer and prices ½c higher. Sales free on board: No. 2, poor, 46c; No. 4, 52c.

PROVISIONS—Trading moderate, feeling unsettled. Cash lots mess pork, $11.37½@11.50; lard, $6.92½@6.95; ribs, $7.12½@7.75, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Demand light; prices steady. Ash pork brls, $1.12½@1.15; oak, $1.20@1.22½; lard tcs, $1.47½@1.50.

WHISKY—Steady. Basis finished good, $1.25.

HAY—Demand light and market quiet. Receipts, 679 tons; shipments, 34 tons. Sales on track: Not graded timothy, $8.00@11.50; not graded prairie, Nebraska, $9.00@10.50. Free on board and switched —Not graded timothy, $9.00; not graded prairie, Nebraska, $9.50.

STRAW—Rye straw, $8.00@9.50; wheat straw, $6.00@6.50; oat straw, $6.00@6.50. Sales on track: Tangled rye, $8.50.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Wheat—Receipts, 64,350 bu; exports, 49,512 bu; spot firm; No. 2 red, 86c, elevator; No. 2 red, 86½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 88c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, nominal, f. o. b. afloat; May, 81⅝@82¼c; closed 82¼c; July, 78⅝@79¼c; closed 79½c; December, 85¼@86c; closed 86c.

Corn—Receipts, 15,750 bu; exports, 265,481 bu; spot firm; No. 2, 50c elevator and 49½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 50½c; No. 2 white, 49¾c; May, 47@47¼c; closed 47⅛c; December, 48 5-16@48¾c; closed 48⅞c.

Oats—Receipts, 92,000 bu; exports, 2,985 bu; spot firmer; No. 2, 40¼c; standard white, 41¼c; No. 3, 39½c; No. 3 white, 42½c; No. 2 white, 41½c; track western white, 41@45c.

Cottonseed oil—Easier; prime yellow, 33½c.

Sugar—Raw nominal; fair refining, 3¼c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3⅝c; molasses sugar, 3c; refined quiet; crushed, 5.50c; powdered, 4.80c; granulated, 4.70c.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 11.30c; middling gulf, 11.55c; sales, none. Futures closed firm; November, 11.04c; December, 11.12c; January, 11.14c; February, 11.15c; March, 11.19c; April, 11.18c; May, 11.20c; June, 11.21c; July, 11.19c; August, 10.92c.

Western Grain Market.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 17.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, nominal; track, 86¼@87¼c; December, 86¼c; May, 80¾@80⅝c; No. 3 hard, 77¼@79c. Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 40½c; track, 41¾@42½c; December, 39½c; May, 39¾c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 cash, 36c; track, 37@37½c; May, 36c; No. 2 white, 39½c. Lead—$4.22½. Spelter—$5.00.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 17.—Close: Wheat—December, 67¼c; May, 71⅝c. Cash: No. 2 hard, 71¼@72½c; No. 3, 67@70c; No. 4, 60@63½c; rejected, 58@59c; No. 2 red, 80@81c; No. 3, 75@78c. Corn—December, 36¼@36½c; May, 36¼@36¾c. Cash: No. 2 mixed, 37c; No. 2 white, 37½c; No. 3, 37c.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 17.—Close: Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 hard, 80½c; No. 1 northern, 79¾c; No. 2 northern, 76¼c. On track: No. 1 northern, 78¾c; No. 2 northern, 77½c; No. 3 spring, 74½c; December, 76¾c; May, 78¼c. Receipts—Wheat, 442,107 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 437,353 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 17.—Wheat—December, 79¼c; May, 79½c; July, 79¾@78¾c. Cash: No. 1 northern, 79¼@81c; No. 1, to arrive, 80@81c. Bran, in bulk, $18.25.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 17.—Clover seed—Closed: Cash, $6.47½; December, $6.50; January, $6.55; February, $6.60; March, $6.65; prime timothy, $1.85; prime alsike, $6.60.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 17.—Wheat—Firmer; No. 1 northern, 81c; No. 2 northern, 79@79½c; May, 77¾c. Corn—No. 3, 46c; May 41⅝@41¾c.

PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 17.—Corn—Steady to lower; new No. 4, 37c; No. 3, 41¾c; No. 4, 39½c. Whisky —On the basis of $1.23 for finished goods.

In Foreign Produce Market.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 17.—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2 red western, winter, 6s 2d; futures steady; December, 6s 4½d; March, 6s 5¼d; June, 6s 2¼d. Corn—Spot, easy; American mixed, 3s 10½d; futures, steady; November, 3s 11¼d; December, 3s 10½d. Cotton—Spot, moderate business done; prices 14 points lower. Futures opened easier and closed easy.

IN MISSOURI BUY YOUR DRINKS.

Supreme Court Holds Law Prohibiting Giving Away Liquor in Local Option Counties Constitutional.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 17.—The Supreme court today held that the statute prohibiting the giving away of liquor in local option counties is constitutional, and fined Boney Handler and Joel Smith for giving drinks to Charles Smith in the town of Phelps.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., Nov. 17.—Credit balances, $1.17. Certificates closed $1.20 bid. Sales, 5,000 brls at $1.20. Shipments, 68,286 brls; average 68,286; runs, 27,900 brls, average 67,808. Shipments, Lima, 69,358 brls, average 69,218; runs, Lima, 10,-788 brls; average 85,184.

BANKS ON THE INCREASE.

GREAT GROWTH SHOWN BY REPORT OF CONTROLLER.

Middle Western and Southern States Make Best Exhibits in Way of New Financial Institutions, Requirements of the East Being Already Well Supplied — Expected Poor Showing to Be Made by Steel Corporation—Other Financial News.

The October report of the controller of the currency makes an interesting showing in the way of illustrating the recent remarkable activity in the extension of the national bank system.

During that month there were organized fifty-seven national banks, forty-eight of which, or all but nine, were set up in the southern, middle western, or western sections. Total capital of the new banks is set down at $2,500,000. All but $255,000 of this represents capital of the banks in the sections just named. Eastern organization of new banks was at a low ebb. Probably eastern requirements in this line have been pretty well filled. But evidently there is a strong notion among people able to go into the banking business that the south and west are anything but fully equipped with banking facilities.

Due to Development of Country.

Undeterred by changing conditions in the financial district, but encouraged by the development of the country's vast resources and the promise of greater development, national banks have been organized numbering 1,762 for the whole country. Only 417 of these were outside of the great western and southern area, a striking exhibit and no less striking testimony to the facts and features already set forth. Distribution by groups is as follows:

	No.	Capital.
New England states	12	$ 2,300,000
Eastern states	291	27,214,000
Southern states	421	22,208,000
Middle states	547	51,666,000
Western states	190	12,383,000
Pacific states	70	5,520,000
Islands (Hawaii and Porto Rico)	3	625,000
United States	1,765	$104,468,000

Of the 421 new southern banks with $22,-208,000 capital, as many as 103 are found in Texas with a capital of $8,053,000, but what is more noteworthy is the Oklahoma record of eighty banks with $2,445,000 capital, and that of Indian territory with seventy-five banks and $2,370,000 capital, out of the total of 380 for the western states with a capital of $12,395,000. The middle states as a whole, however, carry the palm both as to banks and capital, the strong bid made by the development of that section having been responded to by the organization of 547 banks with a capital of $51,666,000.

Increase in Railway Liabilities.

"Returns to the forthcoming issue of 'Poor's Manual,' says the New York Journal of Commerce, "show that in the years 1901 and 1902 there was an increase in the capital liabilities of United States railroads of no less than $971,000,000. To find a parallel for any such figures one must turn back to 1887 and 1888, when in two years about $1,150,000,000 was added to railway capitalization. In 1882 and 1883 there was also an increase of well over $1,000,000,000 in new stocks and bonds. Of the increase in the first period over $900,000,000 was in the form of funded debt; in 1887 and 1888 the increase in bond issues was $730,000,000, while in 1901 and 1902 the extension of interest bearing debt was $710,000,000. It is quite a gloomy recollection that the tremendous issues of capital in the two early periods were followed, respectively, by the panic of 1884 and by the depression in the early '90s.

"In the first instance there is perhaps no justification for too closely establishing any law of cause and effect, but there will be few to doubt that the tremendous increase in fixed liabilities of railroads in 1887 and 1888 was one of the leading causes which contributed to the railway receiverships of 1893. The early '90s found the railroads, as now, clamoring for additional real capital. There is one thing to be said about the new issues of securities now being created, and that is that they represent to a far greater percentage than those of recent years an actual increase in property or cash assets."

Bad Quarter for Steel.

It was Wall street gossip yesterday that net earnings of the United States Steel corporation for the quarter ending Dec. 31 next will be in the neighborhood of $24,100,000. Should these figures be approximately correct it will be a decrease of $7,885,000 from the corresponding quarter last year and a decrease of nearly $6,000,000 compared with the last quarter in 1901. Earnings for the poorest previous quarter in the history of the corporation were $960,000 larger than for the present quarter.

Should the estimate, which the New York crowd are inclined to think is approximately correct, be verified by actual figures, it will be shown that the steel corporation could have paid 2 per cent on the common stock and still have left $2,423,000 undivided profits for the quarter.

Two denials were made yesterday of statements recently in circulation regarding the affairs of this concern. One was that a change was contemplated soon from a holding to an operating company. The story has recently been afloat that an additional cash subscription of 25 per cent, or $5,000,000, had been called. This rumor was also denied by an official of the company.

Exports on the Increase.

A statement of United States imports and exports for the month of October and for the ten months ending with that period has been prepared by O. P. Austin, chief of the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor. The statement for the month shows an excess of merchandise exports to the value of $78,439,054, and for the ten months an excess to the value of $308,-964,053. In October imports of gold were $5,-015,656 and of silver $2,733,555. Gold exports were $352,177 and silver exports $3,145,-532, an excess of gold imports of $4,663,479 and an excess of silver exports of $411,977. For the ten months gold imports were $36,-658,326, as against exports of $41,859,028. Silver imports were $19,334,924, as compared with exports of $28,053,967.

Financial Small Talk.

Local interests close to the People's Gas company are talking with more or less enthusiasm regarding the earnings of that corporation. Receipts are claimed to have shown a steady increase since the coal strike last summer, which had the effect of enormously increasing the sale of gas. Consumption is said to be now even larger than it was then, and the coming winter months are expected to bring them still further gains.

Early next month the directors of the Knickerbocker Ice company are expected to meet and consider the subject of the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. If declared, this will probably be payable early in January. Officials of the company say that, while figures will not be made public until the end of the fiscal year, when issued they will make a highly satisfactory showing.

There will be a meeting of directors of the American Shipbuilding company in Cleveland today, and it is a question if present dividends on common stock will survive the gathering, although the company is said to have enough work on hand to make the present fiscal year's showing a fairly good one.

So far about 60 per cent of Lake Street Elevated stock has been deposited with the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, subject to exchange for new securities under the company's reorganization plan.

Wabash prospects appear to be picking up. In the fiscal year ending last June it earned $2,008,756. From that time to Nov. 7 the earnings have increased $1,167,000. A similar ratio of increase to the end of this year would result in earnings of $25,000,000. Friends of the company contend that from Jan. 1 the system will begin to earn $26,000,-000 a year.

New York bankers are encouraged over the money market outlook, and believe the Saturday bank statement will show a net increase in cash.

The Standard Oil company yesterday declared a quarterly dividend of 12 per cent.

On the Local Exchange.

Talk of a dividend on American Can preferred along in December or January, and prospectively 2½ per cent quarterly made that stock a more than ordinarily active speculative proposition on the local exchange yesterday, and put prices up 1 point at the close. There was a total of 500 shares traded in; the outside price being 30¼. Should the dividend be declared as expected, it will be the second. Earnings of the company are said to warrant such a course, despite the partial failure of the canning season

There was an unusually large arbitrage business done, selling here and buying in New York. During the last two weeks several thousand shares of this stock have been traded in, and present market is nearly 5 points above the level to which it sank during the recent bear raid. Insiders are said to be marking up the price. The local market yesterday ranged about ¼ over the New York price, 30 being bid there and the stock offered at 30⅝.

While the general local stock list was fairly firm in sympathy with a better feeling on the New York exchange, the bond list was more or less inclined to weakness. A feature was the decline of 5 points in Pneumatic Tool 5s, which sold at 45.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	500	30½	30	30½
Do pfd	580	80½	79½	79½
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	54	52	51	52
Chicago Union Traction	100	5¼	5¼	5¼
Diamond Match	90	129½	129	129½
Lake Street Elevated	90	8	8	8
Metropolitan Elevated	57	18	18	18
National Biscuit pfd	10	97	97	97
Quaker Oats pfd	20	118	118	118
Swift & Co	82	102	101¾	101¾
United Boxboard pfd	15	20¾	20¾	20¾
U. S. Steel	20	11	11	11
West Chicago	5	50	50	50

BONDS.

$10000 C. P. Tool 5s. 45 | $1000 Met El gold 4s 90
$000 L. El ins 5s.. 29

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were closing quotations on the New York curb for the securities named:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	30½	30¾
Do pfd	80½	80¾
Bay State Gas	13	14
British Columbia Copper	2¾	2⅞
Con. Ry., Light and Ref	3⅞	3
Electric Boat	21	23
Do pfd	45	50
Electric Vehicle	6	7
Do pfd	8	10
Havana Tobacco	19	21¼
Do pfd	32	36
Int. Mercantile Marine, com	4	4¼
Do pfd	17½	18
Manhattan Transit	1¾	1¾
Montreal and Boston	¾	⅞
N. Y. El. Veh. Trans	42	46
Northern Securities	87	89¼
Otis Elevator	26	27
Do pfd	70	80
Royal Baking Powder pfd	98	99½
Seaboard Air Line	14	14¼
Do pfd	24	25
Standard Oil	670	675
St. Louis Transit	13¾	14
Do pfd	88	90
Am. Lt. & Trac. com	40	50
Do pfd	80	86

Railway Earnings.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL.

	Earnings.	Increase.
Second week November	$ 116,500	$ 24,598
From July 1	2,083,391	88,213

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

September, gross	3,971,047	747,030
Operating expenses	2,640,125	545,350
Net	1,321,922	201,676
From Jan. 1—		
Gross	31,716,010	4,889,415
Operating expenses	21,542,791	3,074,842
Net	10,173,219	1,814,573
Total net	2,496,722	*627,063
Charges	1,440,000	295,000
Balance	1,056,722	*1,922,008

*Decrease.

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures:

SELLING.

Cables	484⅝
Checks, London	483⅝
Checks, Paris	5.21 1-16
Checks, Berlin	94⅝

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers'	479¾
60 days, documentary	480⅜
8 days, Hamburg	94⅝
8 days, Antwerp	5.22½
60 days, France	5.22
60 days, Holland	39 11-16
8 days, Holland	39 15-16

Clearances in Chicago yesterday were $31,487,000 and a week ago $29,924,964. New York exchange sold yesetrday in Chicago at par before clearances and par bid after.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Prices Slow to Steady on Cattle and Show Declines on Hogs and Sheep.

The receipts of live stock yesterday were more than had been coming of late on Tuesdays. Final estimates stood at 10,000 cattle, 33,000 hogs, and 20,000 sheep. The markets were slow to steady on cattle, 10c lower on hogs, and sharply lower on sheep. Based on the three road car report, the estimates for today favor 25,000 hogs and 15,000 cattle.

Following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures:

Receipts—

	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Tuesday, Nov. 10	4,798	687	29,455	24,282
Wednesday, Nov. 11	11,126	925	37,451	25,287
Thursday, Nov. 12	7,877	715	20,974	18,706
Friday, Nov. 13	2,186	172	21,280	15,363
Saturday, Nov. 14	1,861	172	13,403	2,000
Monday, Nov. 16	84,553	1,116	41,791	51,874
Tuesday, Nov. 17	10,000	1,000	23,000	20,000
This week	44,653	2,115	64,791	71,874
Last week	28,631	1,420	61,537	54,948
Last year	24,154	1,276	67,679	46,287
Official last week	56,866	3,340	144,045	199,031
Official year ago	77,821	4,314	175,907	141,494
Shipments—				
Week ago	3,878	31	4,542	9,955
Monday	4,389	9	5,931	2,640
Yesterday	4,000	50	6,000	10,000
This week	8,389	59	11,931	12,604
Last week	8,363	100	10,343	14,204
Last year	7,154	100	9,565	9,700
Official last week	22,854	340	28,027	37,717
Official year ago	24,244	339	11,085	58,052

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year to date, with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1903	3,016,434	6,098,561	2,541,883	24,531	202,090
1902	2,541,883	6,070,331	2,827,398	24,304	227,296
Inc	475,720	187,036	227	24,794	
Dec	541,380				

TUESDAY'S HOG PURCHASES.

Armour	7,500	S. & S.	1,800
Anglo-Am	6,200	Butchers	2,000
Boyd & L	2,000	Shippers	5,000
Continental	1,000		
Hammond	1,000	Total	51,100
Morris	1,800	Left	8,500
Swift	6,000		

Cattle.

In a general way the cattle market is in bad shape. The country persists in forcing heavy receipts on the market, beef houses are heavily loaded with refrigerator meats, and with the poultry and butter houses do not like further crowding their storage capacity at a time when the beef demand is greatly curtailed by the consumption of poultry. It follows that these big receipts have a demoralizing tendency, and prices are the lowest they have been this year, in fact, the lowest in five years, and the market is a drag at the prices.

Many good fat heavy beeves still in the pens arrived on Monday, and sellers have been unable to get anything like satisfactory bids. Choice 1,000 lb cattle sold yesterday as low as $4.90, and good grades sold down to $4.50. The best demand is for the cheaper and medium priced grades of steers. An outlet was found for these kinds, while many of the best steers went without bids. The market for native butcher stock ruled steady at Monday's late prices, and no change was noted in the prices for cattle to go back to the country. Quotations:

Good to prime steers	$5 00@5 50
Poor to medium	3 50@4 90
Stockers and feeders	2 50@4 00
Cows	2 00@3 50
Heifers	2 00@4 75
Canners	1 00@2 25
Bulls	2 00@3 75
Calves	3 00@7 25
Texas steers	3 00@3 60
Western steers	3 90@4 15

Hogs.

In the hog trade reports on receipts again were erratic, first bulletins posting 28,000. This number was increased from time to time in the forenoon until the final estimate was 33,000. The market opened slow and 10c lower than the average prices of Monday, and became active at these prices in the middle hours of the forenoon. When it was discovered that the receipts would so largely exceed the early estimate, the market took a stumping turn and closed 10c to 15c lower than the market of Monday. There is no question that the weather is favorable to an active hog trade, and these erratic reports on receipts do no good to the selling end of the trade. Top hogs sold at $4.90, and the bulk went at $4.60 to $4.75. There is a sharp narrowing down in the range of prices for all grades. Quotations:

Mixed and butchers	$4 60@4 90
Good to choice heavy	4 65@4 85
Rough heavy	4 30@4 65
Light	4 45@4 80
Bulk of sales	4 55@4 75

Sheep.

As a result of Monday's enormous run of sheep the market has become demoralized, and prices on practically every grade of offerings were 50c to 60c lower than at the close of last week. Top lambs sold at $5.25, against $5.60 on Monday and $5.85 at the close of last week. The best feature of the trade was an outlet for the supply at this big decline. Quotations:

Good to choice wethers	$3 90@4 75
Fair to choice mixed	3 75@3 90
Western sheep	3 75@4 25
Native lambs	3 75@5 25
Fed western lambs	3 75@5 00

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 14,000 natives, 100 Texans; calves, 1,400 natives, 50 Texans; corn fed and western grass fed cattle steady to weak; western canning cows active and steady; stockers and feeders slow. Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; market 5@15c lower; top, $4.85; bulk of sales, $4.40@4.80. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; market active and steady; native lambs, $3.10@5.00.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Beeves—Receipts, 275, all consigned direct; no sales reported; cables quoted American steers at 10@10½c per lb, dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8½@9½c per lb; reported exports for today, 880 beeves, 1,600 sheep, 4,400 qrs of beef. Calves—Receipts, 77. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 14,495; both sheep and lambs about steady. Hogs—Receipts, 1,647.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000; market steady and lower. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000; market 5@10c lower. Sheep—Receipts, 10,000; market steady.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The dry goods market has been characterized by considerable

Elevated Railroad Company
of Reorganization.

ith the Security Holders' Agree-
, 1903, the Committee has for-
mits the following Plan for the
The Lake Street Elevated Rail-

is to be formed, having the fol-
ion, to-wit:

Bonds.....$5,000,000
.....$3,300,000
.....$6,000,00

ue of First Mortgage Bonds will
3,300,000 to $5,000,000, to which
will be limited, the reduction to
effected by the cancellation of
onds now held as collateral to
pany.
Stock will be five per cent (5%)
referred Stock, entitled to receive
idends at a rate not to exceed
per annum before the payment
the Common Stock, but shall
any dividends in excess of five
num.
shall be of the par value of one
each.
AGE BONDHOLDERS. The
he First Mortgage Bonds assent-
will have their bonds stamped.
ssue has been reduced and inte-
and that such bonds are made
and accrued interest to date

HOLDERS. The present out-
$1,121,000 of Income Bonds will
issue of $1,000,000 by the com-
ent of said Income Bonds con-
pany. Each depositing Income
e entitled to receive new Pre-
, equal to eighty per cent of
onds deposited.
. Each depositing stock-
e payment of Two Dollars per
e of stock deposited, and not
itled to receive four-tenths
new Common Stock and four-
of a share of new Preferred
e used for fractional amounts.
t of the demand of the North-
ilroad Company against The
Railroad Company,
October 1, 1903,) to $770,694.38,
will issue and deliver to the
vated Railroad Company its
to the par or face value of
January 1, 1906, and to draw
, two per centum per annum
1904, to maturity.
of The Lake Street Elevated
who have not as yet deposited
ith the Committee, must de-
der the Plan on or before De-

who have already deposited
th the Committee will be con-
ent to and approving the said
Security Holders shall, within
days from the time of the
ion to such Security Holders,
in writing, addressed to the

ian in detail may be obtained
e of the Committee or from the

ities with Illinois Trust
& Depositary.
e effect to the Plan as soon
Security Holders are re-
t to the Plan and to deposit
without delay.

H. N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Chairman.
DAVID R. FORGAN,
J. LOEB A. RAUCH,
COBY E. ROBINSON,
THOMAS TEM LETOK,
Secretary,
Chicago.

Protective Committee heart-
nderses the above Plan of Re-
e Lake Street Elevated Rail-
nd recommends and requests
ers will without delay assent
their Certificates of Stock
e Illinois Trust and Savings

EDWARD A. DICKER,
W. H. COLVIN,
CHAS. F. GREY,
M. IRVEN H. DONNELLEY,
ALFRED KOHN,
CORY E. ROBINSON,
JOHN G. SHEDD,
CHARLES T. PAGE,
JAMES BOLTON.

Holders' Protective Committee
and endorses the above Plan of
The Lake Street Elevated Rail-
recommends and requests that
ders will without delay assent
their Income Bonds thereunder
rust and Savings Bank.

EDWARD A. DICKER,
JAMES BOLTON,
GEO. H. BEAFFORD,
M. C. McDONALD.

DIT COMPANY
NEW YORK.
ew York Life Building.
Mutual Life Building.
Arcade Building.

nd examinations
nts. Appraisals
buildings and
y.
T. Acting President.
Vice Presidents.
NE, Vice Pres. & Gen. Manager.
Western Manager.

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N & BRYAN
S, PROVISIONS, GRAIN,
OF TRADE, CHICAGO.
DWAY, NEW YORK.
Trade, N.Y. Stock Exchange.
Exchange, N.O. Cotton Exchange.

on 1st mortgage on Chicago
or choice suburban real
state. Correspondence or
interviews with borrowers
or lenders solicited.

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A SALLE-ST.

LLINS & SONS
DS FOR INVESTMENT
alle Street, Chicago.
VER. SAN FRANCISCO

MANUFACTURING CLOTH-
rial to be furnished by the
epartment. Chief Quarter-
Office, Ill., November 10, 1903.
triplicate, will be received at
ock noon Monday, December 7,
ivers at Chicago,
overcoats, olive drab service
rvice breeches and olive drab
ing to standards
Government reserves right to
or all proposals or any part
given in favor of domestic
facture, conditions of quality
in the price of foreign
ce in the duty thereon) being
and blanks for proposals will
tion. Envelopes containing
should be marked "Proposals
ly Proposals for Manufacture
" addressed to Lieut. Col.
Quartermaster.

VEGETABLES—OFFICE
Chicago, Ill., Oct. 19, 1903.
ill be received here until 12 m.
on opened by each postmaster
ies for furnishing and de-
ities of Fresh Potatoes and
ts Department as may be re-
dy and Wayne, Mich., Fort
rt Thomas, Ky., Columbus
umbus Barracks, and Depot
ing and months commencing
ation furnished on application
r proposals should be indorsed
al proposals to be opened
be addressed to commissary
ed, that for Canton, Ohio, to
bus Barracks, Ohio. F. P.
ant-7.

HORSES AND MULES.
OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPPLY OFFICER,
Chicago, Ill., Nov. 14, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 m. on Monday, December 28, 1903, and then opened, for furnishing, during the year 1904, at Chicago, Ill., and such other points as may be designated, the number of serviceable American horses and mules required for the use of the Quartermaster's Department, United States Army, during the year 1904. Preference will be given to articles of domestic production and manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the case of foreign production the duty thereon) being equal. Information and blanks for proposals will be furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Horses and Mules," and addressed to Lieut. Col. Charles G. Sawtelle, Quartermaster.

STOCKS SHOW STRENGTH.

PRACTICALLY ALL ACTIVE SECURITIES MAKE GAINS.

Low Priced Railroads Brought Out by Investments — Demand Considered Indication That Powers Are Preparing to Carry Out Plans Which Have Been Interrupted by Recent Declines — Steel and Pennsylvania Again Attacked.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Up to the closing half hour of business on the stock exchange today the day's stock market was one of quiet, sustained strength. Practically all the active securities advanced in price slowly and steadily about a point. Extreme strength was shown by certain low priced railroad shares such as Kansas City Southern preferred and Toledo St. Louis Southwestern. The price of Alton stocks again rose sharply. In the industrial list Realty preferred, Consolidated Gas, and American Sugar Refining were notably strong.

Most market observers consider that activity in issues, like some of those today, often is a danger signal when it occurs at the end of a prolonged advance market. It is usually under those circumstances an indication that speculation is becoming rampant. Under such conditions as now prevail, however, the buying of low priced stocks is proof that money lending interests have found it possible to relax to some degree their former rigorous scrutiny of collateral offered, and various powers conceive the way clear to the execution of plans which long have been necessarily dormant.

Quotations of most if not all the local street railway stocks touched higher figures today than have been previously recorded for them at any time during the recent upward movement.

The shipments of funds south today for moving the cotton crop were a little larger than recently has been the case, but on the other hand New York exchange at Chicago sank to par, and $1,500,000 more gold was engaged for London export on this side. Today's developments in domestic and foreign exchange indicate that both gold imports and shipments of funds from this center are nearing an end.

The drive of the market in the final dealings focused, of course, upon Pennsylvania and United States Steel shares. No new arguments were brought forward to justify an attack. So far from the idea spreading that Wall street is selling these securities any way in the nature of real liquidation, the bogus nature of a large portion of the transactions in the two stocks named is becoming daily more and more evident.

Close: Money on call firm, 4¼@6 per cent; closing bid, 6%, offered at 5; time loans easier, 60 days, 5¼@6 per cent; 90 days and 6 months, 5¼@5½; prime mercantile paper, 6. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86@4.85 for demand and at 480@480.15 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, 481 and 484½; commercial bills, 479¾@479½. Bar silver, 58¾c; Mexican dollars, 46c. Government bonds easier; railroad bonds steady.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing—Nov. 17.	Closing—Nov. 16.
Amn. Agricul.	13,700	119¾	118¾	119¼	116¾
Do pfd.	50	119¾	119¾	119½	.....
Am. Locomo. pfd.	100	75	75	75	75
Am. Smelting	43	87¾	87	87	87¼
Do pfd.	1,000	87¾	87	87	.....
Amn. Smelt	100	100	100	100	.....
Amn. Steel Hoop	100	35	35	35	.....
Am. Linseed pfd.	100	27	27	27	.....
Am. Car Foundry.	1,100	19	19	19	19
Do pfd.	100	90¾	90	90¾	90
Amn. Ice	3,800	7¾	6¾	7	.....
Do pfd.	2,600	25¾	24½	25	24
Amalgamated	100	67	66¾	67	.....
Atchison	13,700	84¾	83¾	83¾	83¾
Do pfd.	300	89½	88½	88¼	89
Atlan. Coast Line	12,300	138½	138	138	138
Balt. Ohio.	23,300	90½	88¾	89	88¼
Brunswick	200	5½	5½	5½	.....
Balto. & Ohio.	13,000	74¾	73½	73¾	73½
Do pfd.	300	87¾	87	87¾	87½
C. & A.	400	164	164	164	.....
Do pfd.	200	203¼	203	203	.....
Chi. & Alton	1,300	32¼	30¾	32	31¼
Do pfd.	300	70	70	70	70
C., R. I. & P.	13,800	136¾	135¼	135¾	135¾
Do pfd.	100	170	170	170	.....
Chi. Term. pfd.	200	17½	17½	17½	.....
Chi. Gt. West.	1,100	24¾	24¼	24¼	24½
Chi. Ind. & Lou.	100	100½	100½	100½	101
Canadian Pac.	2,000	118¾	118	118	117¾
Colo. Gas (N. Y.)	1,100	117¾	114¾	117¼	116
Colo. & Southern.	3,000	12¾	12¼	12¾	11¾
Do 1st pfd.	600	63	62	62	.....
Do 2d pfd.	700	50	49½	50	.....
Con. Fuel & I.	200	29	27½	29	28
C. & H. C. & I.	100	10	10	10	8¾
Corn Products	100	27	27	27	22½
Do pfd.	100	77	77	74	.....
Del. & Hud.	200	173½	172¾	173¼	173
Den. & Rio G.	200	23¾	23¼	23¾	23½
Do pfd.	100	67	67	67	.....
Del. & Lack.	300	9	8¾	9	.....
Detroit Southern	500	16	15½	16	15½
Do 1st pfd.	100	40½	40½	40½	.....
Do 2d pfd.	400	22	22	22	21¾
Erie	10,600	27	26¾	26¾	26¾
Do 1st pfd.	1,200	50¾	49¾	50¼	50
Do 2d pfd.	3,700	40	47¾	48¾	47¾
Gen. Electric	200	150	150	150	148½
Hocking Valley	200	70¼	69¾	69¾	70¼
Illinois Central	400	129½	128¾	128¾	128
Int. Paper	700	21	19	20¾	.....
Do pfd.	400	85	85	85	.....
Int. Metal	500	10¾	10¼	10¾	10
Do pfd.	100	48½	47	48½	46½
Int. Pump	2,400	31	30¼	30¾	.....
Iowa Central	4,100	101¾	100¾	101	100
Do pfd.	100	50	50	50	.....
Jeff. & W.	100	24	24	24	20½
Kan. Securities	3,900	84¾	83½	83½	84¾
Kan. City Southern	5,900	140½	139½	139¾	140¾
Do pfd.	200	163	163	163	163
Lake Erie & W.	100	37½	37	37	36½
Do pfd.	2,400	91	91	91	91
Lake Shore	6,300	42¾	41½	41¾	41¾
L. & N.	300	132	132	132	.....
Do pfd.	400	30½	30	30½	.....
Long Island	1,500	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
Louisville & Nash.	100	124	124	124	124
Manhattan	100	148	148	148	.....
Metropolitan	100	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¾
Mexican Central	2,700	21¾	21¼	21¼	21¾
Minn. & St. L.	200	97	97	97	97
Do pfd.	200	97	97	97	.....
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	1,000	127¾	126¾	127¾	127
Do pfd.	100	140	140	140	.....
Missouri Pac.	6,200	89¾	88¾	88¾	88¾
Nat. R. R. of Mex.	100	33	33	33	32
Do 2d pfd.	100	36	36	36	.....
Nat. Lead	200	11¼	11¼	11¼	11
N. Y. Central	4,500	117¾	116¾	116¾	116¾
Norfolk & W.	1,100	54¾	54¼	54¾	54¼
Do adj. & W.	1,900	20¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
North Am. Co.	300	124¾	124	124¼	123¾
Nat. Enamel	12	47	47	47	.....
Nat. R. R. of M. 2d	300	196	195¾	196	.....
Pac. & Eastern	100	19	19	19	.....
People's Gas	2,100	94	93¼	93¾	93¾
Penna. R. R.	107,400	124¾	123¾	124¼	123¾
Pressed Steel Car.	100	45	45	45	45
P. C. C. & St. L.	10	96½	96½	96½	97¼
Pullman	16,100	239	238	238	238
Do 2d pfd.	100	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾
Ry. Steel Spr. pfd.	200	76¾	75½	76¼	75
Ry. & Steel.	400	50	49¾	50	.....
Rock Island	4,100	23½	22¾	23¼	22¾
Do pfd.	100	56	56	56	56
Southern Ry.	300	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¼
Do pfd.	300	73½	73½	73½	72½
St. L. & S. W.	6,300	42¾	41½	41¾	41¾
Do pfd.	300	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	300	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
Sloss	100	74	74	74	74
Ry. & Light.	100	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼
Do pfd.	200	23	22¾	22¾	22¾
Tenn. C. & Iron.	2,200	27¼	26¾	27¼	26¾
Tex. & Pac.	100	21	19¾	19¾	20
Third Ave.	2,800	32	30½	30¾	31
Twin City	1,000	88¾	88¼	88¾	88¼
Union Pacific	20,400	71½	70¾	70¾	70¾
Do pfd.	500	86	86	86	85¾
U. S. Leather	2,700	11¾	11¼	11¼	11¼
Do pfd.	700	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
U. S. Rubber	1,200	36¾	34	36¼	34
Do 1st pfd.	10,800	111¾	110¾	111¾	110¾
Do 2d pfd.	46,200	52	50¾	50¾	51¾
U. S. Steel.	100	38¾	38¾	38¾	.....
Do pfd. new	100	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾
Va. I. C. & C. pfd.	200	44¼	42¾	41¾	41¾
Do 2d pfd.	100	22¼	22¼	22¼	21
Wabash	1,100	19¾	19	19	19
Do pfd.	1,900	38¾	37¾	38¼	37¾
Wis. Central	200	16¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
Do pfd.	300	34¼	34¼	34¼	.....
West. Union	200	84	84	84	84
Westinghouse	200	.....	.....	.....	137

Total stock sales, 530,100 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	219	United States	100
American	134	Wells Fargo	195

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. reg. 2s, reg.	106¼	U. S. old 4s, reg.	113¼
U. S. ref. 2s, coup.	106¾	U. S. old 4s, coup.	113½
U. S. 3s, reg.	107½	U. S. old 5s, reg.	110¾
U. S. 3s, coup.	107¾	U. S. old 5s, coup.	110¾
U. S. new 4s, reg.	134¼	U. S. 5s, reg.	101¼
U. S. new 4s, coup.	134¼	U. S. 5s, coup.	101¼

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS

—10 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

Atch gen 4s	100	$7000 do ext 5s	103½
Atch adj stamped	96¾	$5000 Mo P fr 5s	105¾
Do gold	100	16	15½
D., M. & N. 1st 4s	100	10	10½
Dist. Sec. Corps	400	22	22
Do adj.	10,600	27	26¾
Do 1st pfd.	1,200	56¾	56¼
Do 2d pfd.	3,700	49	47¾
Gen. Elec. 5s	200	150	150
Hocking Valley	200	70¼	69¾
Illinois Central	400	129½	128¾
Int. Metal pf.	700	21	19½
Int. Paper	400	85	85
Int. Steel 5s	500	10¾	10¾
Int. Pump 5s	1,000	48½	47
Do pfd.	2,400	31	30¼
Louis. & Nash.	4,100	101¾	100¾
Do gen. 6s	100	50	50
Met. St. Ry.	100	24	24
Met. Securities	3,900	84¾	83½
Mex. Central 4s	5,900	140½	139½
Mex. Nat. 4s	100	96	96
Minn. & St. L.	200	97	97
M., St. P. & S. S. M. con. 4s	1,000	127¾	126¾
Do 4s int. bds.	2,000	96¾	96¾
Mo. Pac. 4s	163	89¾	89¾
Nat. R. R. of Mex. 4½s	100	96¾	96¾
Nat. R. R. of Mex. 2d	100	33	32
N. Y. Central 6s	4,500	117¾	116¾
Nor. & W. con. 4s	1,900	87¾	87¼
Nor. Pac. 4s	300	124¾	124
Nor. Pac. 3s	12	74	74
Or. Short Line 5s	1,000	113¾	112¾
Reading gen. 4s	300	94¾	94¼
Do 4s reg.	2,000	94¾	94¼
Rock Island 4s	100	87¾	87¾
St. L. & S. F. gen. 6s	100	113¾	113¾
St. L. & S. W. 1st 4s	1,000	89¾	89¾
St. L. & S. F. 2d 4s	100	74	74
St. L. Div. 4s	100	93¾	93¾
Sloss 6s	100	103¾	103¾
Southern Ry. 5s	4,000	117¾	117¼
Do con. 5s	1,000	103¾	103¾
Tenn. C. & I. 6s	1,000	107¾	107¾
Texas & Pac. 5s	1,000	119¾	119¾
Third Ave. 4s	1,000	100	100
Union Pac. 4s	1,000	103¾	103¾
U. S. Steel 5s	1,000	101¾	101¾
Va. I. C. & C. 5s	1,000	103¾	103¾
Wabash 1st 5s	1,000	118¾	118¾
Do deb. B.	1,000	74¾	74¾
Wis. Central 4s	1,000	89¾	89¾

2000 do call 1r 5s..111 | 10000 W U ref 4½s.101¼
6000 M K-T 4s.97⅝@98 | 3000 WS gld 4s reg.107
11000 do 2d.....94¾
Total sales of bonds, par value, $2,321,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—Business picked up a little in the local market today. There was some arbitrage trading in sugar and steel issues and American Telephone, which were steady and moderately active. Call loans, 5@5½ per cent; time loans, collateral, 5@6 per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent; clearing house loans, 5 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	1,306	38	38¾	38	38
Arcadian	100	87¾	87¾	87¾	87½
Amn. Tel.	1,355	122¾	126¾	125	125½
Atchison	740	63¾	64¼	63¾	63¾
Amn. Sugar	3,045	117¾	119¾	117¾	117¾
Do pfd.	21	119½	119¾	119¾	119¾
Agl. Chem.	200	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Do pfd.	100	68	68	68	68
Amn. Zinc	100	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
Copper Range	2,470	43¾	44¼	43¾	43¾
Calumet	200	430	430	430	425
Cons. Mercur	200	60	60	60	60
Centennial	55	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Chicago Junction	100	12½	12½	12½	12½
Daly West	585	33¾	34	31½	33½
Dominion Steel	200	9	9	9¼	9
Dominion Coal	220	74¾	76	74¼	75¾
Franklin	50	3	3	3	3
Granby	50	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Georgia Electric	65	26	26	26	26
Mass. Mining	75	35½	36	35½	36
Mohawk	100	62¾	62¾	62¼	62¾
Montana & Boston	100	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Mass. Electric pfd.	4	77	77	77	77
Mergenthaler	6	182	182	182	182
Massachusetts Gas.	167	33¾	34	33¾	33¾
Do pfd.	545	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾
New Idria	10	10	10	10	10
New Eng. Tel.	10	122	122	122	122
Osceola	50	56¼	56¼	55¾	55
Old Dominion	50	9	9	9	9
Parrot	100	18	18	18	18
Pullman	10	214	215	214	215
Shannon	74	8½	8½	8½	8½
Swift & Co.	200	101¾	102	101¾	102
Un. Shoe Machinery	1,200	44¾	44¾	43¾	44¼
Do pfd.	124	23¾	23¾	23¼	23½
Utah	200	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
U. S. Mining	245	96¾	97	96¾	97
Un. Fruit	100	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
U. S. Cal & Oil	250	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
Union Pacific	442	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Do pfd.	5	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
Winona	25	6	6	6	6
Wolverine	25	66	66	66	66
Western Tel. pfd.	11	79	79	79	79

BONDS.

$1000 Atch 4s	99¾	$1000 K C Ft S—M 6s	114¾
2000 Amn Tel 4s	94¼	1000 K M & Bir.	83
2000 Ark Val Ext 4s	94¾	2000 L & N Un 4s	93¾
1000 C—Q New 4s	93¾	2000 West Tel 5s	98¾
5000 Chic Jct 4s	87¾		

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Supplies of money were more abundant in the market today and rates were easier. Discounts were steadier on a better supply of bills, a strong American demand for gold, and renewed talk of a rise in the Bank of England's rate of discount on Thursday next. Business on the stock exchange was quiet and uninteresting and the movements were mixed. Consols hardened a fraction. Home rails were depressed on rumors of the impending issues of new capital. Americans opened steady and slightly above parity.

Closing stocks:

Cons. for money	88 3-16	N. Y. Central	120⅝
Do for acct.	88 5-16	Nor. & Western	56¾
Anaconda	2¼	Do pfd.	88
Atchison	80⅝	Ont. & Western	29¾
Do pfd.	92½	Pennsylvania	58½
Balto. & Ohio	76¼	Rand Mines	5⅝
Can. Pacific	125¼	Reading	20½
Ches. & Ohio	29½	Do 1st pfd.	30
Chi. Gt. West	15¾	Do 2d pfd.	29
C., M. & St. P.	141	So. Railway	18¾
De Beers	20¼	Do pfd.	73½
Den. & Rio G.	18¾	So. Pacific	42¾
Do pfd.	67	Union Pacific	73¾
Erie	27¾	Do pfd.	88
Do 1st pfd.	49¾	U. S. Steel	11⅝
Do 2d pfd.	40½	Do pfd.	83½
Illinois Central	133	Wabash	19
Louis. & Nash.	103¼	Do pfd.	34
Mex. Cent.	10⅝		

Totals	61,336		115,408

Bar silver steady, 27¼d per oz. Money, 3@3½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4 1-16@4¼ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 4@4¼ per cent.

BERLIN, Nov. 17.—Stocks on the bourse continued strong today, under the influence of the consolidation of the Dresdener bank and the Schaffhausen Bankverein. Favorable reports regarding the steel syndicate negotiations raised the price of iron shares.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

Cash in hand increased 21,580,000 marks.
Treasury notes increased 400,000 marks.
Other securities increased 6,940,000 marks.
Notes in circulation decreased 21,500,000 marks.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Business on the bourse today opened hesitatingly and there was little activity during the day. At the close the market was heavy. The private rate of discount was 2 15-16 per cent.

OBJECT TO MERGER APPEAL.

Northern Securities Company Ask U. S. Supreme Court to Dismiss Minnesota's Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 17.—Counsel for the Northern Securities company today filed a motion in the United States Supreme court to dismiss the appeal of the state of Minnesota from the decision of the United States Circuit court of the district of Minnesota, in the case of that state against the securities company. The motion is made upon the ground that no question of constitutional construction is involved in the case.

Catarrh of nose or throat immediately relieved and ultimately cured by use of "Dure Fornalin." (Elmer & Amend).

NEWS OF THE INSURANCE WORLD.

ENJOINS COLLECTION OF TAXES.

Judge Holdom Holds Reviewers' Interpretation of the Law Constitutes Fraudulent Valuation.

Judge Holdom granted an injunction yesterday that will be of interest to every fire insurance company doing business in Chicago. It restrained County Treasurer Hanberg from collecting or attempting to collect the taxes levied on the National of Hartford for the last year, on the ground that they are so excessive as to constitute a fraudulent assessment. As all the companies were assessed on the same basis this year they probably will follow the example of Fred S. James & Co., who brought this action for the National.

The companies are now being taxed under the old law, the 2 per cent tax law of 1899 having been declared unconstitutional. The tax is levied upon "net receipts," which the companies construe to be the premiums, less losses and expenses. The board of review acting upon an opinion that the deduction of losses was improper, levied the tax on a small reduction from the amount left after deducting expenses.

The National, through George P. Merrick and Gordon A. Ramsay, set up that its premiums for the taxation year ending April 30, 1903, were $167,240, and that it paid out $103,137 in losses, and $60,206 in office expenses and commissions to agents, etc., leaving $3,896 as net receipts to be taxed under the law. This amount was returned, but the board of review set it aside and imposed an assessment of $88,000. The difference is held to be so grossly excessive as to constitute a fraudulent assessment.

The Chicago Life Underwriters' association celebrated its fifteenth anniversary last night at Kinsley's. Vice President Fred B. Mason presided and addresses were delivered by J. W. Janney, the first president, on "Fifteen Years of Association Work," and by C. M. Cartwright, editor of the Western Underwriter, on "Fifteen Years of Life Insurance." Dr. S. L. Fuller recalled the early days of insurance in the west and George C. Sikes spoke on "Franchises and Municipal Ownership." A birthday cake with fifteen candles was on the speakers' table, and Thanksgiving viands made up the bill of fare. In accordance with its custom, the association took up a collection for charity.

For some time efforts have been made to get together the companies writing fidelity bonds in some sort of an organization, the object being to check the demoralization in rates and obtain some stable basis of operations. Representatives of all but two of the companies met yesterday in the rooms of the Chicago Underwriters' association and went over the situation. E. W. McKinney of the Title Guaranty and Trust company acted as secretary. An adjournment was taken for a week, when a permanent organization may be effected.

On Jan. 1 the local agency of Parker & Aleshire and the brokerage business of H. M. Gardiner will be consolidated as Parker, Aleshire & Gardiner. The new firm will represent as sole agents and managers for Cook county the National union, German-American, and Monongahela insurance companies of Pittsburg.

The period allowed for appeal in the cases of the Illinois insurance department against a number of the unauthorized fire insurance companies has expired without the appeal being taken, and the state is preparing to ask for permanent injunctions against them.

Rate conditions are reported as much unsettled in several western states, notably Iowa and Kansas. The situation in Oklahoma, which had been a sore spot for a time, was much improved by the throwing off of rates on the preferred business, which brought a number of the rate cutting agents into line.

The North American union of this city has established a woman's department, which will be run with separate councils but a joint management. Certificates will be issued in amounts of $500 and $1,000.

Insurance losses have been so numerous and heavy at Beaumont, Tex., that the chamber of commerce has appointed a committee to devise a plan of improvements in the fire protection, to offset a threatened increase in insurance rates. The insurable value of the town is $13,000,000, not including the oil properties. The committee reports that an expenditure of $22,500 would put the city in the first class as regards fire protection, and would reduce the annual premiums $37,500.

UNDERWRITERS IN LOUISVILLE.

Kentucky and Tennessee Board Meets for Annual Session—Chicago Man's Address the Feature.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the Kentucky and Tennessee Board of Fire Underwriters was begun today. The feature of the day was an address by Albert Blauvelt of Chicago, manager of the Western Factory Insurance association, on "Improved Risks." The election of officers will be held tomorrow. Vice President Charlton Rogers of Louisville probably will be advanced to the presidency and W. C. Nelson reëlected secretary.

President A. H. McAtee in his annual address said the year had been comparatively peaceful, the board working in harmony with the governing committee. Referring to the failure of the union and nonunion companies in Kentucky and Tennessee to get together for the framing of rules for mutual benefit, Mr. McAtee reiterated his belief that this can be done and recommends another attempt. He said the reduction of 50 per cent in whisky rates should result in the business going to the local agents instead of outside underwriters.

Secretary Nelson in his report says the board made about 50 per cent more individual ratings than during the previous year, though fewer towns rated. The expense of the board was $18,730.57 for the year. The report showed that thirty-seven towns in Kentucky had been inspected and rated during the year, with sixteen in Tennessee, the aggregate number of risks rated being 37,168. Five towns were rated under the new Dean schedules, and the remainder under the union mercantile schedules, the use of the old K. and T. schedules having been abandoned. During the year 328 electrical inspections were made, mostly in the large towns, the maps of forty-nine towns were corrected, and new maps were made for nineteen towns.

The executive committee met this afternoon and will report tomorrow. It is stated authoritatively there will be no change of rates. No change in tariffs at present is contemplated, three separate mercantile schedules having been applied to various towns during the last year.

MAY ATTACH LIFE SURPLUSES.

Wisconsin Supreme Court Sustains Garnishment of Money Due Insured—Effect Far Reaching.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—A decision by the Supreme court is of farreaching importance and will make possible in future the garnishment of surpluses on life insurance policies at the time they arrive at tontine maturity. The decision is rendered in the case of Ellison & Sons of Philadelphia against A. W. Straw of Milwaukee. Straw had an insurance policy for $15,000, written by the Northwestern Mutual Life. Ellison & Sons had a claim against Straw for about $5,000.

In 1900 the time arrived when Straw could elect whether he would accept the surplus on his policy, which then amounted to nearly $4,000. Ellison & Sons began suit against him and garnisheed the amount of the surplus, although the policy was written in favor of his wife.

Judge Williams decided that the surpluses on life insurance policies are property subject to garnishment, for the reason that it is possible to realise on them when they arrive at tontine maturity. The Supreme court has affirmed the ruling.

That an agent may recover for premiums on insurance under certain conditions, even when the policies are void at the time of issuance, was held by the Supreme court in the case of John E. De Wolf vs. N. Washington, the decision being by Justice Dod

HARD UP; BLAME HANBERG

SCHOOL TRUSTEES SAY TREASURER WITHHOLDS CASH.

Charge That He Leaves Board Without Funds So Banks Will Pay Him Interest — Committee to Examine Books and Take Steps to Get the Money—Salary of Board's Attorney Reduced—Architect Mundie to Retire on Dec. 9.

County Treasurer John J. Hanberg was charged yesterday by the finance committee of the board of education with withholding school taxes for the purpose of personally benefiting from the interest on the moneys. President Harris, Chairman Rowland, and Attorney Maher were constituted a committee to call on Treasurer Hanberg, examine his books for the purpose of ascertaining how much school money is in his possession, and then demand the reason for the withholding of it.

"There is no reason," declared President Harris, "why we should have to call on the county treasurer every month and beg for our money. Why can't we force him to give it up as soon as it is collected? Why can't we make him keep his preelection promise and live up to the platform on which he was elected and in which he promised not to take the interest accruing from public moneys?"

"The county treasurer gets 2 or 3 per cent on this money, and gives it up only when he has to," said Trustee Shields.

Only $153,000 on Hand.

Chairman Rowland of the finance committee declared that $1,120,000 should have been collected, but that only $153,000 had been turned over to the city treasurer for the immediate use of the school board.

"The pay roll for the present month is $302,000," he announced, "and we have only $153,000 with which to meet this obligation. This means that we are $439,000 short, simply because the county treasurer has not forwarded us the money."

The pay roll for the month was divided by Chairman Rowland as follows:

Engineers, janitors, and bath attendants	$ 45,000
Supply and repair department	5,000
Teachers	220,000
Evening schools	22,000

The committee appointed to wait on Treasurer Hanberg was instructed to start necessary proceedings to obtain the money.

Salary of Attorney Reduced.

The salary of the school board's attorney was cut from $5,000, the amount received by Attorney Maher's predecessor, D. W. McMahon, to $4,000, after a stubborn fight had been made by the friends of Mr. Maher.

When the question of fixing the salary for Attorney Maher was brought up Trustee Chvatal moved that Mr. Maher be granted an annual compensation of $5,000. Trustee Hartung seconded the motion. Trustee Shields amended the motion, fixing the sum at $4,000.

"Mr. Maher is a new man in the office," urged Trustee Shields, "and a record for ten years back shows that no attorney on first entering the office has received more than $3,600 a year."

A tie vote resulted on both the amendment and the original motion. Trustee Kuflewski, who was responsible for the deadlock, explained that he had voted to make a tie "just for fun—to see the trustees' brains work."

After arguing the question for nearly an hour Trustee Hartung moved reconsideration, and President Harris immediately made a motion to fix the salary at $4,000. The motion carried by a vote of 5 to 1, Dr. Chvatal voting in the negative. Trustee Kuflewski tried to pass, but was forced to vote.

Mundie to Leave on Dec. 9.

Architect Mundie announced that he has definitely decided to resign his post on Dec. 9. It was predicted in THE TRIBUNE on Sunday that he would take this action. Architect Mundie declares that his resignation has nothing whatever to do with the discharge of Supt. Magrady of the repair department. Friends of Supt. Magrady are making preparations to secure his reinstatement at the next meeting of the school board.

CITY RAILWAY MUST SETTLE.

Its Conductor Beat a Passenger and $1,000 Judgment Is Affirmed by Appellate Court.

In an opinion delivered by Judge Stein yesterday the branch Appellate court affirmed the judgment of the Circuit court awarding $1,000 damages to Andrew Rosenberger, who sued the Chicago City railway company on account of two assaults committed on him by a car conductor.

On May 24, 1900, Rosenberger boarded a car going south in State street. Trouble arose between him and the conductor, with the result that Rosenberger's nose was made to bleed and his clothing was disarranged. Rosenberger went to the barns at Sixty-first street to make a complaint and found the conductor there making a written report of the trouble. A second altercation took place, in which one of Rosenberger's ribs was broken.

"The proof was conflicting," says Judge Stein, "and the jury solved the conflict in the light of long and clear instructions given for appellant."

An order reversing the judgment of the Superior court in the suit of Charles F. Craver against the Acme Harvester company to recover the purchase price of certain trade and good will was entered. Craver sought to recover on an implied contract to pay him for the good will of the New York firm, John Dunn, Son & Co., whose trade he claimed to have transferred to the defendant. The trade was principally in South America. The lower court found for Craver and this is reversed.

The court affirmed the judgment of the Superior court awarding $3,000 to Mrs. Eugenie B. Pels in a suit against the Royal Arcanum. The latter issued a benefit certificate payable to Mrs. Pels on the death of her husband. He died of poison, self-administered. The reviewing court finds that he was insane.

Holding that the damages assessed were adequate, the court affirmed the judgment awarding $500 to the Chicago Title and Trust company, executor of Parker R. Mason, as damages on the dissolution of an injunction obtained in September, 1854, by the town of Lake View.

Harworth Guilty of Manslaughter.

Joseph Harworth, who has been on trial for wife murder, was found guilty of manslaughter by a jury in Judge Clifford's court yesterday. He will be sentenced later. Harworth's defense was insanity, after he had tried to prove that the fatal pistol shot had been fired by accident. The crime was committed last July at 200 Blackhawk street.

A telegram received from New York, dated Nov. 17, reads as follows: The most noteworthy event that has happened for some time in the lower part of New York City occurred today, when the statues which were recently placed on the front of the Chamber of Commerce building were unveiled. Liberty street was crowded with stately equipages belonging to the controllers of high finance in the metropolis of the new world. They were not the hansom cabs of the curb brokers, nor the smart coupés of the captains of industry, but were the solid, substantial broughams and landaus of wealthy New York citizens, with an occasional automobile of the more solid and dignified type, the sort of carriage that is most often seen in this neighborhood, which is the home of some of the oldest and largest financial institutions in the country.

Just below the Chamber of Commerce building on the next corner is the building of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, in which for many years was the home of the Chamber of Commerce. A large part of the fourth floor of the Mutual Life building was occupied by the Chamber of Commerce, which has helped with that company to make this locality a center of conservative wealth and investment.

The statues upon the Chamber of Commerce building, which are of heroic size and noble aspect, represent De Witt Clinton, Alexander Hamilton, and John Jay, while over the doorway upon the arch are figures of Mercury and Commerce.

Addresses appropriate to the occasion were made by Gov. Odell, Chief Judge Alton B. Parker of the Court of Appeals, and the Hon. Charles S. Fairchild.

W. C. T. U. BEGINS WAR ON THE MORMON CHURCH.

National Convention Denounces Senator Reed Smoot as a Disloyal Citizen of the United States.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 17.—[Special.]—The national convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union today formulated resolutions declaring that Reed Smoot, United States senator from Utah, is not a loyal citizen of the republic and demanding his exclusion from the senate.

The resolutions mark the beginning of the union's campaign against the Mormon church. A delegation will visit Washington to make a personal appeal to senators for the exclusion of Reed Smoot.

New Officers Elected.

The union elected national officers today as follows:

President—Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens, Portland, Me.

Corresponding secretary—Mrs. Susan M. D. Fry, Evanston, Ill.

Recording secretary—Mrs. Clara C. Hoffman, Kansas City, Mo.

Treasurer—Mrs. Helen Morton Barker, Evanston, Ill.

Mrs. Clara Parrish Wright, Paris, Ill., was elected branch secretary of the young woman's branch, and Mrs. Helen G. Rice, Roxbury, Mass., of the Loyal Temperance legion. The president named Miss Anna A. Gordon of Evanston, Ill., as vice president at large.

Features of the Resolutions.

Practically the entire afternoon was taken up with an earnest debate on the resolutions. Briefly summarized, the resolutions are as follows:

The liquor traffic is denounced as morally wrong and all forms of regulation are opposed.

An equal code of morals for women and men is demanded and regulation of vice condemned.

St. Louis officials are urged to make special efforts to suppress the social evil during the exposition.

Equal suffrage is demanded in every state in the union.

War on Mormon Church.

The resolution denouncing polygamy and the Mormon church is as follows:

We believe that polygamy is both taught and practiced in the United States, and that there is abundant proof to substantiate the claim that Utah has broken faith with the United States in this matter. We ask congress to provide for an amendment to the constitution of the United States forever prohibiting polygamy. We also believe that an apostle of the Mormon hierarchy cannot be a loyal citizen of this republic because of his vows to another organization separate and distinct from the United States of America and not subordinate to it, but claiming superiority over it. We therefore ask that Mr. Reed Smoot be excluded from the United States senate, on the ground that his highest allegiance is given to a government other than that of the United States.

Another resolution asks for the prohibition of the sale of opium in the Philippine Islands.

UNITED STATES BUYS LAND FOR A TURNING BASIN.

Takes Title to Property at Ashland Avenue and the South Branch—Transfer to Otto Young Put on Record.

For the purpose of building the proposed turning basin in the south branch of the Chicago river the United States has acquired title to four parcels of land. One piece is situated 120 feet east of Ashland avenue, southwest front. It is triangular and runs back to the west fork of the branch. This piece was bought from John H. P. Dodge for $3,376.

George W. Webster and others sold two pieces, one an irregular shaped piece 50x51 and the other a triangular piece, 119x80, at Levee street and the river, the price of the two pieces being $3,275.

The other purchase was from H. McC. Allen, 63 feet northwest of Levee street, for $1,515.

The Michigan avenue purchases of Otto Young are being recorded daily. Last week deeds for property to Otto Young aggregated $790,000, and yesterday another was recorded for $150,000.

Abner C. Harding has transferred two parcels of property to the Chicago Real Estate Loan and Trust company by quit claim for $1 in each case. One property is at 155-57 Washington street, 40½x102 feet, with a board of review valuation of $203,400. The other is in Forest avenue, 250 feet north of Thirty-fifth street, east front, 90x264, with 132 feet on Prairie avenue.

Ornithologists Elect New President.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 17.—At today's session of the annual convention of the American Ornithologists' union Charles B. Cory of Boston was elected president. Dr. Samuel W. Woodhouse of Philadelphia, the oldest living ornithologist in America, was elected corresponding fellow of the union.

Bride Tries to Save Sister, Both Drown.

Minot, N. D., Nov. 17.—Mrs. Frank Downing, a bride, jumped into the Mouse river today to rescue her young sister, who had broken through the ice. Both were carried under and drowned.

Test by Taste

and you'll take

Hunter Whiskey

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JUST PURE BEEF

LIEBIG COMPANY'S Extract of Beef

Genuine with blue signature: Liebig

DERM-ASEPTIC CURES CHAPPED HANDS IN ONE NIGHT.

Mandel Brothers

Telephone Private Exchange 10.

An extensive showing of sumptuous evening coats

WHEN Miladi goes forth in festal array she may go as the American princess should—enveloped in sumptuous, delicately colored wraps, rich with lace and embroidery, snowy and lustrous within. Second floor—State street.

Our stock of elegant evening coats has been selected with great care to meet all of Fashion's requirements. A number of the most luxurious models are exclusive here, having been created specially for us. Others are copied from French models. They are long and loose, of satiny broadcloth or zibeline, in ivory, black, pale blue, light green, biscuit or champagne color. All are lined with white satin or brocade and elaborately trimmed with cut-out work, silk braids, medallions, silk Persian or Irish guipure.

$35—tan, black or white coats, elaborately trimmed with cut-out work and white silk braid, gold bullet buttons.

$50—biscuit or black coats, collar of broadtail, trimming of stitched satin and fancy silk braids.

$65—tan, black, pale blue or green coats, trimmed with silk braid in tab effect, with brocade lining.

$75—ivory zibeline coats, fancy sleeves, deep lace frills, large pointed cape with wide Irish guipure insertion and edging.

$100—biscuit, white, champagne or black coats, heavily trimmed in white silk Persian and medallions, deep pointed cape, fancy sleeves with full lace frills.

Hat prices have been almost halved

Third floor—Wabash avenue.

WE have gone through our stock and cut prices ruthlessly—right and left we have blue-penciled the price tags. Here's the result: Large picture hats in silk beaver, velvet or panne—black as well as pale tints of blue, rose, violet and cream, trimmed with heavy plumes, tips and exquisite flowers—$35 hats bearing a price tag marked $20

Turbans, plateaus, flare shapes, in dark and light shades, trimmed with tips, breasts, velvet and ribbon, cut down from $25 to $15.

Toques, turbans, dress hats, in dark shades and light, some all white, trimmed in fancy feathers and flowers—marked down from $20 to $10.

Stylish ready-to-wear turbans, toques and flat hats, a complete assortment, in draped cloth, velvet or chenille, trimmed with wings, pompons, velvet and ornaments, at 6.00.

Ready-to-wear hats, same styles as above, but made up in less expensive materials, at 3.95.

We carry a most complete line of ostrich plumes, coque and ostrich pompons, aigrettes and fancy tufts. Our showing of flowers and fruits is unexcelled.

Bench-made shoes for women

Third floor—State street.

FOR the woman who must have custom-made shoes to conform exactly to the lines of the foot, there is nothing that answers her purpose better than Mandel's bench-made shoes. Made as they are with the utmost care, of high-grade leather, and on strictly up-to-date lasts, satisfaction is the natural result. They retain their shape and comfort-giving qualities until the last day they are worn.

Prices of the better grades range from $5 to 9.50

The custom-made shoes for which you've been paying $9 to $15 are made no better, wear no better and satisfy no better. The one and only difference is the difference of price. We should like to prove this to you, as we have done to a great many others. Once a wearer of Mandel's bench-made shoes, always a wearer.

We also have a great many styles in the $3 and 3.50 grades, which are worth fully $4 and $5.

Trefousse gloves, 1.15

First floor—State street.

THIS is a rare opportunity for Christmas shoppers to buy the best gloves below the usual price. These gloves were made by Trefousse & Co. for one of their largest customers in France.

Through some misunderstanding they made double the quantity ordered.

We secured the surplus at a big reduction, and now give you the benefit. Regular 1.50 Trefousse suede gloves—all you want of them—tan, mode and gray—at 1.15.

Women's silk golf gloves in gray, white, and black, 1.50 qualities at only 1.00.

75c women's all-wool golf gloves, 50c.

Winter underwear

First floor—State street.

UNDERWEAR that will compare favorably on every point of consideration with the best on the market. A line of women's equestrian tights in heavy and medium weight wool and merino—ankle and knee lengths—open and closed seats—values up to $1.50—to close at 75c.

Women's merino union suits — "Elliott" make — regularly 1.75 — sale price, 1.00.

Women's merino union suits—"Oncita" make—heavy weight—also "Elliott" make—good value at 2.25—1.25.

Men's heavy weight underwear in natural wool and camel's hair, extra qual.—garment, $1.

Children's extra heavy weight pantalettes—fast black ribbed cotton, worth to $1, 50c, 35c

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Quality, Excellence and Comfort in FURS

This extraordinary combination of all advantages makes our garments, large and small, highly desirable, not only from the view point of durability and comfort, but to a high degree—elegance as well.

The best in furs is always most economical, and our patrons may feel secure in that we sell only the genuine article—not trash born of lively imagination.

Coats and Jackets

All our own make.

Genuine Alaska Seal (London dye) $300.00 up.
Persian Lamb (Leipzig dye) .... $125.00 up.
Moire Persian Lamb ..... $250.00 up.
Natural Hudson Bay Otter .. $150.00 up.

Boas, Stoles, Ties, Scarfs.

An endless variety in

Russian Crown Sable. Royal Ermine.
Hudson Bay Sable. Dainty Chinchilla.
Genuine Halifax Mink.
Sable Fox, Isabella Fox, Black Marten and Squirrel.
Muffs in all Furs and Styles.

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Free Trips TO St. Louis World's Fair

Any boy or girl, man or woman can go and take a guest with them to St. Louis—Ten Days at the Fair and return, all expenses paid. The circular in package of "Life," the new cereal, will tell you all about it. 10c at all Grocers. If your grocer hasn't got "LIFE" send his name and address to

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We guarantee that our prices are the lowest in America.

Come to our store and get posted on Oriental Rug values before spending a penny elsewhere. No one need be without a few of these exquisite Oriental floor coverings, and at prices that are astonishingly low. One hundred bales to select from. We have secured some wonderful bargains and will give our customers the benefit of the purchase.

	Price.
Anatolian Rugs	1.65
Oriental Ladie Rugs	1.85
Persian Rugs, 3 feet 10 in. long	3.75
Persian Rugs, 4 feet long	4.25
Peraghan Rugs, 4 feet long	5.25
Hamidan Rugs, 4 feet 6 in. long	6.25
Kanak Rugs, 4 feet 6 in. long	6.75
Mossoul Rugs, 6 feet 6 in. long	13.75
Kurd Rugs, 7 feet long	16.25

And 5,000 other pieces to select from.

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which in five years time established its fame wherever civilized man wears shoes. Can be identified in all shoes by this label—

Ideal Leather makes heavy shoes soft, light shoes strong. Made in kid, calf, goat, colt, or cow hide. Write for book "How to buy shoes."

Wolff Process Leather Co., Philadelphia.

Jaeger Underwear

Nature clothes all her animals in *living animal fibre* for their protection—never in linen or cotton. Human beings clothed in vegetable fibre are clothed *unnaturally* and will *suffer the consequences.* Linen and cotton underwear are *inseparable companions of pneumonia.* Dr. Jaeger's underwear is made of *pure living wool,* and the wearers of it are clothed *naturally* and *are safe.*

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